The New-York Times.

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THE GREAT RAID.

Official Statement of Gen. Stoneman.

Immense Captures of Rebel Property.

EXTENSIVE DAMAGE TO RAILROADS.

The Great Salt Works in Ruins.

Complete Dispersion of Breckinridge's Forces.

Twenty-four Officers and Eight Hundred and Forty-five Men Captured.

East Tennessee Again Free from the Enemy.

Nashville, Friday, Dec. 30.

Major-Gen. Stoneman, who arrived in the city last night, from his great raid in East Tennessee and West Virginia, furnishes the following account of his expedition:

The force consisted of Gen. Burbridge's troops and Gen. Gillem's East Tennessee troops, all under command of Major-Gen. Stoneman. They left Knoxville on the 18th. The movement was unknown to the rebels, who were not discovered until after three days marching. At Kingsport Gen. Jones' command was attacked, consisting of about five hundred of Morgan's old command. These forces were killed, scattered or captured. Next the rebel forces of Vaughan were discovered at Papertown, near Bristol, trying to effect a junction with Breckinridge at Saltville. Our forces pursued him to Marion, where an engagement occurred, resulting in the loss to the rebels of all their force and artillery, except about 200 men, who retreated toward Lynchburgh, Va. Breckinridge's command had followed Gen. Stoneman with the forces of Galtner, Crosby and Withers, and the balance of Duke's command, who had been on the frontier of Kentucky, waiting to coöperate with the cavalry.

Gen. Stoneman attacked the force at Marion and drove them over the mountains into North Carolina. His command then attacked the salt works, which were defended by about 700 men, who were either captured or dispersed. The loss by this raid to the rebels is immense.

All the railroad bridges from New River to the Tennessee line are destroyed. Thirteen trains with locomotives, several trains and extra cars without engines, were captured and destroyed. All the depots of supplies in Southwestern Virginia, depots, foundries, mills, factories, storehouses, wagon and ambulance trains and turnpike bridges, were destroyed. In addition, we captured twenty-five hundred rounds of artillery ammunition, 2,000 pack saddles and a large amount of harness, and a great quantity of small arms, 2,000 horses and 1,000 mules. Among the captures were also two rebel editors and four secession printing presses. The latter were sent to Parson Brownlow as a Christmas gift. Severe loss to the rebels was the destruction of the salt works at Saltville and the lead works at Leadville; both were rendered valueless. Our losses were very small, not exceeding 200 killed, wounded and missing. Among the killed was Col. Boyle, of the Eleventh Kentucky Cavalry. Our captured rebel prisoners amount to 24 officers and 845 men.

East Tennessee is now free from any body of rebels, and Kentucky is not infested by Confederates. Gen. Stoneman had possession of the rebel telegraph line and held it for eighteen hours, during which time he discovered all their plans and movements.

GEN. THOMAS' ARMY.

Nashville, Friday, Dec. 30.

The first train through from Chattanooga arrived here this evening. Railroad communication will be regularly kept up.

Gen. Thomas' headquarters were at Pulaski last night. Our advance were closely following Hood, who, it is believed, is trying to cross the Tennessee River. Gens. Granger and Steedman are on his right flank, and the gunboats are shelling his pontoons, which he has as yet been unable to cross upon.

The water in the river is ten feet deep and falling slowly.

We have had a steady rain all the evening.

Philadelphia Reports about Hood—Very Important, if True—But Probably Not True.

Philadelphia, Friday, Dec. 30.

The *Bulletin*, of this city, has the following special dispatch:

"Nashville, Thursday, Dec. 29.

"The statement that Hood had crossed the river is probably untrue.

"The very latest news from the front is that yesterday, while Thomas was pressing Hood on the river bank, he was trying to lay his pontoons, but could not make any progress, as our gunboats were shelling his working parties.

"Steadman reached Decatur on the 24th with a large force, and was also threatening Hood.

"There is a rumor this morning that Thomas had attacked, routed and captured most of Hood's fragmentary army, but it needs confirmation."

Sad Domestic Tragedy.

Family Poisoned—A Mother Administers Rat Poison to her Children, and Poisons Herself.—On Thursday night Mrs. Elizabeth Dusenberry, of No. 5 Goerck-street, gave her children a large quantity of Parsons' rat poison, and, putting them to bed, watched them until near morning, awaiting the result; and then, feeling assured that her children slept the sleep of death, she took a large dose of the poison, and prepared to die. Mr. Dusenberry, who is a night watchman, reached his abode in the morning, and went to his couch without suspicion of the tragedy which had been enacted in his house; nor was he awakened until about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when his son, George H., aged 4 years, expired. Then the dreadful truth revealed itself to the father, and assistance was at once summoned. Intelligence of the poisoning having reached the Thirteenth Precinct Police, Officer Leach was sent to learn the particulars, and, if necessary, to make arrests; but on entering the house he met the mother, and she freely confessed her crime. He, therefore, took only her into custody, and immediately reported to Sergt. Smith, at the Police Station. Police Surgeon Blivin was sent to attend the children, and he, after making an investigation, expressed the opinion that the children's systems had become fatally impregnated with poison, and that death must ensue within a few hours.

The names and ages of the children who were poisoned, are; Margaret, aged 9 years; Mary J., 7 years; and George H., 4 years. The youngest child, James, aged 2 years, rejected the poison when it was offered him, and is therefore unharmed. Mrs. Dusenbury, who lies in a very critical condition at the Thirteenth Precinct Station-house, appeared sane and not despondent, last night, and, when interrogated, said that, having had difficulties with her husband, she had tired of life; that she purchased the poison with the design of destroying herself and family; that she mixed it in water and thus administered it to her unsuspecting children, and finally, that she wished to die. Mrs. D. is a native of Ireland, aged 35 years. Mr. Dusenberry and Dr. Blivin remained with the children last night.

WILMINGTON.

Further Particulars of the Late Bombardment of Fort Fisher.

From Our Own Correspondent.

U. S. S. Santiago de Cuba, Hampton Roads,
Tuesday, Dec. 27, 1864.

The main feature of the naval attack on the Wilmington defences I have already forwarded to the Times, but perhaps a few particulars connected with the event which were not embodied in my previous dispatches, will not be found uninteresting. The fleet sailed from Hampton Roads fully prepared to engage in the work assigned it, and, unlike many similar expeditions, it arrived at the rendezvous without the loss of a vessel. On the morning of the 23d, when the signal was made from the flagship *Malvern* for the vessels to leave the outer rendezvous and run in toward the shore, it was my fortune to be on board a vessel that was in the advance of one of the columns, thus giving me an opportunity of witnessing the entire movement, and as the various ships came into divisional line and followed each other in the direction of the shore, I fancied the spectacle to be the most perfect and splendid of the kind that I had ever beheld. The fleet on this occasion numbered over fifty vessels, and was formed in two columns. The flagship took a leading position in the advance of both columns. Each ship displayed her colors, in addition to which, signal flags were hoisted from time to time, thus enhancing the interest and beauty of the scene. At 2 P. M., the fleet dropped anchor 16 miles from Fort Fisher, and eleven from Masonboro Inlet. I wondered as I observed among the number some four or five ex-blockade-runners, if they would be recognized by their old friends on the day of the battle. Possibly they were recognized, also the steamers that captured them, for in line of battle the captor and captured lay very near each other. Many of the ships whose machinery and boilers are above the water, had chain armor fixed on their sides before leaving Hampton Roads. It will be remembered a like precaution was observed on the *Kearsarge* at the time of her engagement with the *Alabama*.

The morning of the 20th found the fleet still lying at anchor sixteen miles from Fort Fisher. The day opened with a clear atmosphere which enabled me for the first time since leaving the Roads to get a glimpse of the shore to the left of Masonboro Inlet. It was only a glimpse, however, for I could distinguish nothing but a low, dark line against the horizon, above which little knots of trees would here and there rear themselves. "Black smoke" was also visible on that morning, but it was in the wrong direction to be followed by us. It rose above Cape Fear River and indicated that probably during the night a blockade-runner had succeeded in passing through the inlet. I watched the smoke as it rolled upward in clouds and advanced up the river toward Wilmington and thought to myself, Ah! my fine fellows, you do well make the best of your time, for it is indeed rapidly drawing to a close. For a lengthy period the rebels have plied a small steamer between Wilmington and Fort Fisher. The steamer has often been seen by our inner blockaders and more than one shot has been fired at it, but I believe it was never seriously damaged.

Whatever opinion may have been entertained as to the facility with which the enemy has been able to inform himself of our movements, it is very clear that the squadron anchored within sight of land, gave him an intimation at heart that we had some design on Wilmington. We cared little, however, for the information the rebels might glean of our general plan, so long as the details were hidden from them. For weeks and months they had been hard at work in the fortifications, especially the Zeke's Island Battery.

At midnight, on the 19th, we could distinctly hear the report of heavy guns proceeding from the direction of Fort Fisher. It was the impression on board the steamer that one of our cruisers had ventured too near the shore and was fired upon by a rebel battery. Possibly it was a chase, and the firing originated with a blockader. Previous to the 20th the weather for most of the time was just suited for the intended attack on Wilmington. The atmosphere was very mild, and the sea maintained a glassy smoothness. In the Winter season of the year it is seldom the weather holds good beyond two or three days at a time on the North Carolina coast. It was a wish universally expressed that circumstances had warranted the attack on Saturday, the 17th. On that day the elements were peculiarly favorable for the accomplishment of our purpose. While lying at anchor, all hands on board the *Santiago de Cuba* amused themselves with fishing. It happened that we lay directly over a bank, and the moment the lead reached the bottom a fish was sure to nibble the bait. It was common to haul up three fishes on one line, and large fishes at that. In two hour's time enough fishes were taken to fill every bucket and tub on board the ship. Our friends at home who devote a whole day to angling and pride themselves on catching a dozen or so of perch would stare their eyes out to witness such a wholesale capture of the fining tribe. We not only flung on the deck, black, hog, drum and other fish, but once and a while an unwelcome chap in the shape of a young shark. On the 20th the entire fleet were made jubilant at the news received of the capture of Savannah. The intelligence was telegraphed from the *Malvern* by means of flag signals. While on the subject of signals it will perhaps be instruction to many to know that the system of communication between ships is so perfect that a vessel experiences no difficulty in receiving an order or message, even if she is miles away from the vessel giving the signals. At night colored lights are used in the place of flags. This is decidedly a remarkable and valuable invention, and the parties who originated and perfected the code, are entitled to something more substantial than thanks. I have noticed that the rebels use rockets and flash fires when communicating with blockade-runners at night. In the daytime they display signal flags like ourselves.

On the night of the 18th the great gunpowder explosion was looked for. All the vessels on the inner blockade were ordered to leave their station at dark and proceed seaward twelve miles. None of the fleet with the expedition were permitted to anchor nearer than twelve miles from Fort Fisher. This order was issued to protect the vessels from injury from the explosion. It was thought the event would come off sometime between 9 and 10 P. M. With that anticipation I took a position on the forward deck, at the first hour mentioned, and anxiously awaited the explosion; but judge of my disappointment when 10, 11 and 12 o'clock came and went, and yet nothing from the direction of Fort Fisher, save the dull, heavy report of a cannon. The moon was now high up in the heavens, and as the projected operations could not be successfully executed without the aid of darkness, I felt convinced that the whole affair had been postponed till another night. Such proved to be the case, and on the following morning, I noticed the *Louisiana* anchored about one mile from our starboard bow—the same position she occupied on the previous night. Near her were the *New Ironsides*, and the monitors *Canmicas* and *Mahopac*, the latter having been repaired of the few injuries discovered on her passage down from Hampton Roads.

On the night of the 20th, it being apparent that nothing could be effected in the way of naval operations, for at least two or three days, in consequence of the high wind and rough sea, it was determined that the *Santiago de Cuba* should proceed to sea on another cruise for blockade-runners. We weighed anchor at 6 o'clock, and, under a good head of steam, pushed out in a southeasterly direction. The night was intensely dark, and, during the early part, just suited for outward blockade-running, but, as it advanced toward morning, the weather became too rough to expect anything in the shape of a prize to venture out of harbor. Possibly two or three vessels may have left Cape Fear on that night, but, in that case, the chances are ten to one that they all put back again. On the 21st, at noon, we found ourselves in latitude 31° 50' and longitude 77° 30', in the midst of as good a gale of wind as I ever care to experience. The idea of sighting a blockade-runner at such a time was preposterous. It was as much as a staunch, heavy, sea-built ship could do to face the storm; and what would have been left of a light steamer, after going through as much, might have been gathered in a hand-basket. All the day, and nearly all the following night, the ship was kept head to the sea, with the wind and current constantly opposing her. Instead of making the least progress the ship was driven astern at the rate of two knots an hour. Toward midnight, the wind veered round to the southwest, and finally to the westward, thus giving us a chance to point the steamer to the north'ard, and make for the squadron. We were out sixty-six hours, and in that time did not see black smoke, a smoke-stack, nor a piece of sail the size of a pocket handkerchief. It is not usually the ill-fortune of the *Santiago de Cuba* to go on a cruise without at least sighting something in the shape of a vessel that looks suspicious, but on the occasion in question she was deprived of that privilege completely and effectually.

On the 24th the fleet moved up toward the shore on the rebel batteries in splendid order. In my dispatch of yesterday, I gave a brief summary of an order issued by Admiral Porter, relative to the plan of the attack. I now send other pertinent orders.

North Atlantic Squadron,
Flag-Ship Malvern, Dec. 20, 1864.

General Order No. 73.—In going to work on the rebel batteries, neither line will advance until the signal is made to the leading ship (*Minnesota*,) to go into action, when the vessels of that line will take the positions assigned them on the plan.

The signal will then be made to the leading vessel of the other lines, as they may be wanted.

The *Ironsides* and monitors have been directed not to anchor until signaled to do so, as it is proven by examination, that there is better water than is marked on the chart, and they can go into the fight with more advantage by keeping under way.

I would impress upon all commanding officers of the large vessels not to be more than one length apart, or there will be no room for them to get into action.

A short distance to the eastward of Fort Fisher is the "Half Moon Battery," (so called,) which may open on the ships while going in. If this battery is not silenced by the *Ironsides* and monitors, the three (3) sternmost vessels will open on it and silence it. The "Half Moon Battery" has lately been erected, and has one (1) quite heavy gun mounted.

Ten (10) shell or schrapnell will be the best kind of projectile to use, and when the range is obtained, a rapid fire should be kept up.

It is not desirable that the leading ships should fire on the above-mentioned battery, (unless it be a few guns to cover themselves,) for fear of causing too much smoke, and preventing them from seeing their way in.

DAVID D. PORTER,
Rear-Admiral, Commanding North
Atlantic Squadron.

North Atlantic Squadron,
Flagship Malvern, Dec. 22, 1864.

Special Order No. 4.—Each vessel will have a good kedge with a stout hawser hanging over the stem, ready to drop as they go in, to keep them from swinging, and keep the guns bearing in the right direction. Each kedge should be let go when abreast of the cutwater of the vessel already anchored.

DAVID D. PORTER,
Rear-Admiral, Commanding North
Atlantic Squadron.

The vessels actually engaged in the fight, and the number of guns they carry, will be found in the following list:

Malvern, 14; New Ironsides, 20; Canonicus, 2; Monadnock, 4; Saugus, 2; Mahopac, 2; Nyack, 7; Unadilla, 7; Huron, 4; Pequot, 11; Pontoosac, 10; Juniata, 9; Powhatan, 21; Brooklyn, 26; Susquehannah, 16; Wabash, 48; Tuscarora, 10; Colorado, 52; Mohican, 7; Minnesota, 52; Seneca, 4; Shenandoah, 10; Ticonderoga, 20; Mackinaw, 10; Maumee, 5; Yantic, 5; Kansas, 8; Vanderbilt, 15; Iasco, 10; Quaker City, 7; Montgomery, 6; Monticello, 7; Rhode Island, 12; Maratanza, 6; Sassacus, 10; Chippewa, 4; Osceola, 10; Tacony, 10; Santiago de Cuba, 11; Fort Jackson, 7; Buckingham, 5; Britannia, 4; Lillian, 4; Tristam Shandy, 4; Brignonia, 5; Nansemond, 4; Emma, 8; Banshee, 5; Keystone State, 13; Gettysburgh, 5; Aeolus, 4; Moccasin, 4; A. D. Vance, 4; Cherokee, 6; Wilderness, 4; Houquan, 4; Aries, 7.

Thus, it will be seen, that the total number of vessels actually in line of battle was 57, mounting, all told, 591 guns. Taking into consideration that some of the ships were held in reserve, and that those which were in the advanced line of battle could bring to bear on the enemy's works only about one-half of their batteries, the number of guns at work may be set down as not far from 350. In the two days' fight 20,000 rounds of ammunition were expended. The fleet performed its part nobly, and it is to be regretted that those who had the command of the land forces did not exhibit a better spirit in coöperating. In the first place, 7,000 men was too small a number for such an enterprise; 20,000 would have insured the capture of Fort Fisher had they been properly handled. The prisoners captured state that on Saturday only 300 rebels were in Fisher, but on that night they were reinforced by 1,000, and on Sunday night by 4,000 others sent from Lee's army.

Too much dependence was placed on the probable disastrous results to the enemy of the gunpowder explosion. It was believed by those who planned the matter that every gun in the vicinity of Cape Fear would be dismounted by the concussion. I believe the navy had nothing to do with originating the scheme. At any rate it was a foolish and expensive experiment, which produced no good and brought much evil. While the fight was progressing, Admiral Porter kept the little dispatch boat continually on the move to different portions of the lines, and the *Malvern* herself was equally busy in visiting the various ships engaged. If one of the ships fell out of line or failed to come up to time, she was shure to get a word from the Admiral. Said the Commander of one vessels who had left the line of battle, and was passing the *Malvern*, "My 100-pounder has exploded." "Then why in h—l don't you go back and use your other guns?" was the rejoinder. On another occasion a vessel had edged off too far from the regular line, when the Commanding officer received a card dispatch from the *Malvern*, informing him that if he desired, the Admiral would show him the way into action. "Where are you going now?" was shouted from the flagship to a gunboat which was steaming out of danger. "To repair a damage in my side," was the reply. "Go back to your place, or I will send you and your boat to the bottom," was the order given in return. Those who are acquainted with the prompt, energetic manner in which Admiral Porter dispatches business, will readily perceive that orders given in the midst of a hot engagement were not studied, but suited to the emergency.

After the transports had taken their sudden departure from the scene of action, Admiral Porter declared that he would take Fort Fisher with the navy alone. He is sanguine that the work can be taken if he only goes to work in the right manner. The problem is yet to be solved.

WHIT.

City Notes.—The Farragut Fund is completed, and the subscription books are closed. The sum collected exceeds $50,000, and it has been invested in 7-30 bonds. All the contributors are invited to meet the Admiral at the Collector's Office, Custom-house, at 11 A. M., to-day, where the presentation will take place....A discourse will be delivered to-morrow evening by Rev. E. P. Rogers, D. D., at his church, Fifth-avenue, corner of Twenty-first-street, by request of the Young Men's Christian Association, on "The Relation of Religion to Law and Lawyers," in which special reference will be made to the late Mr. Noyes. ....At a meeting of the New-York Teachers' Association, held Saturday evening at the hall of the Board of Education, a plan was submitted for the establishment of a Teacher's Aid Fund, the object of which is to relieve necessitous teachers, and the widows and orphans of teachers. The final consideration of the matter was postponed until the next regular meeting of the association, which will be held in February. ....The ice on Central Park Lake and Fifth-avenue Pond was in good condition yesterday, and was crowded by skaters.

1864.

Chronological Record of the Military, Naval and Political Events of the Year.

A Year of Great Events, Great Battles, Great Triumphs and Great Results.

JANUARY.

1.—Discovery in New-York of a portion of the machinery, consisting of a geometrical lathe and a large number of dies and plates, used by a contractor with the Confederate States in making Confederate bonds and Treasury Notes. Arrest of the contractor, and seizure of about $6,000,000 in Confederate bonds and $1,000,000 in Confederate Treasury Notes....Emancipation jubilee of the colored inhabitants of Norfolk, Va., and vicinity, on the anniversary of the issuing of the President's Proclamation of Freedom. ....The State officers of New-York, elected in November, sworn in at Albany....Departure of a cavalry reconnoissance to Front Royal, Va.

2.—Seizure of more machinery used by the contractors with the rebels in making Confederate bonds and Treasury Notes....The Police Commissioners of New-York, who had been removed from office by Gov. Seymour, on Dec. 31, replied to the Governor's communication, declining to relinquish their offices until they had been accorded a trial on the charges preferred against them.

3.—Death of Archbishop Hughes....Three hundred of our troops at Jonesville, Va., attacked by an overwhelming force of rebels. After a desperate resistance, our forces surrendered, losing thirty killed, thirty wounded, one gun, and two small howitzers.

4.—Inauguration of C. Godfrey Gunther, Mayor of New-York....Return to the Army of the Potomac of the cavalry reconnoissance sent on the 1st to Front Royal, Va.

6.—Skirmish at Newtown, West Virginia.

7.—Obsequies of Archbishop Hughes....Arrest of A. M. Palmer, Private Secretary of Collector Barney, for complicity in shipping goods to the rebels. He was sent to Fort Lafayette....Death of Judge Caleb B. Smith, late Secretary of the Interior.

8.—Our garrison at Petersburgh, West Virginia, surrounded by the rebels....Chase and destruction of the Anglo-rebel steamer *Dare*.

10—A heavy fight occurred near Strawberry Plains, East Tennessee. The rebels repulsed with heavy loss....A battalion of Maryland cavalry attacked by the rebel guerrilla Mosby, in Loudon County, Va.

12.—An expedition left Point Lookout on a raid through Westmoreland, Northumberland and Richmond Counties, Va. The force succeeded in destroying a large amount of property.

14.—Our pickets at Three Mile Station, Va., attacked by rebel cavalry....Return to Point Lookout of a force of Union troops from a raid in Virginia....The rebels under Gen. Vance made a raid toward Tenisville, Tenn., and captured a train of 23 wagons. He was promptly pursued by Col. Palmer, who recaptured the wagons and took an ambulance loaded with medicines, 150 saddle-horses, and 100 stand of arms. Gen. Vance, together with his Adjutant-General and Inspector-General, was captured....The rebel steamer *Mayflower* captured in Sarasote Pass, Fla.

19.—An unsuccessful attempt was made to burn Jeff. Davis' house at Richmond.

21.—Extensive conflagration of hospital buildings at Camp Winder, near Richmond.

23.—Two Mississippi regiments attempted to fight their way out of the rebel lines, for the purpose of taking the oath of allegiance to the United States.

24.—Gen. Butler issued an order forbidding the passage through our lines of white women and children from the South.

26.—Senator Bayard, of Delaware, announced his determination to resign his office, and delivered his valedictory....Athens, Ala., taken by the rebels.... Gen. Palmer sent an expedition into Jones and Ouslow Counties, N. C., which succeeded in destroying large quantities of stores.

28.—The resolution in the Senate, to expel Senator Davis withdrawn....Gen. Palmer made a reconnoissance to Tunnel Hill, Ga. The rebels retreated in the night.

29.—Three brigades of a cavalry corps, about 1,600 strong, skirmished with the rebels under Gen. Jones on the Virginia road, 13 miles from Cumberland Gap. The skirmishing lasted three hours. Our forces held their position until dark, though they were attacked by a superior force, when they withdrew to their camps, three miles in the rear.

30.—A supply train captured by the rebels near Petersburgh, West Virginia. The garrison of Petersburgh, West Virginia, evacuated the place in the night....The engagement with the rebels endeavoring to retake Cumberland Gap, continued.

31.—An expedition went up the James River to Smithfield to destroy provisions, &c., of the rebels. ....Engagement at Smithfield, Va....Final repulse of the rebels endeavoring to retake Cumberland Gap.

FEBRUARY.

1.—Advance of the rebels in Western Virginia. Burlington occupied by them....Fighting in the New Creek, Va. valley....Engagement at Smithfield, Va., continued....Our outposts at Bachelor's Creek driven in by a strong force of rebels threatening Newbern, N. C....The President ordered that a draft for 500,000 men, to serve for three years or during the war, be made on the 10th day of March, for military service of the United States, crediting and deducting therefrom so many as may have been enlisted or drafted into the service prior to the first day of March, and not heretofore credited....Our outposts at Bachelor's Creek driven in by a strong force of rebels threatening Newbern, N. C. ....Engagement at Smithfield, Va., continued.

2.—A portion of our forces encountered a large force of rebels in Mechanicsburgh Gap, near Romney, West Va. We succeeded in forcing the rebels to retreat....A guard posted at Patterson's Creek bridge, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, attacked by rebel cavalry. The rebels fired the bridge, which was not consumed. The rebels were driven back from the railroad at all points....A vessel which had run into Charleston Harbor was destroyed by shot from our vessels.

3.—Gen. Sherman's expedition left Vicksburgh, Miss....The rebels threatening Newbern, N. C., retired to Kingston, and Newbern was relieved from danger of attack....An expedition left Newport for White Oak River on a reconnoissance.

4.—Col. Mulligan drove the rebels from Morefield, West Va., after six hours' hard fighting....The expedition to White Oak River came on a body of rebel cavalry about five miles from Young's Cross Roads, capturing the entire party....Skirmishing of Gen. Sherman's forces near Champion Hill.

5.—A formidable expedition left Port Royal, S. C., under command of Gen. Seymour, for Jacksonville, Fla....Gen. Sherman entered Jackson, Miss., the rebels offering but little resistance....Engagement between Gen. Sherman's forces and the rebels at Bear Creek, near Clinton, Miss.

6.—The expedition sent out by Gen. Butler with the object of liberating our troops held as prisoners at Richmond, made a demonstration at Bottom's Bridge and drove in the rebel pickets. Great excitement in Richmond....A portion of the Army of the Potomac engaged.

7.—The portion of the Army of the Potomac which had been sent out on a reconnoissance, returned to its old quarters....The rebels driven across the Rapidan....Great excitement in Richmond in expectation of the approach of Gen. Butler's force....An expedition sent from Knoxville, Tenn., returned, having surprised a body of rebels, killed and wounded 215, taken 50 prisoners, and dispersed the remainder of the band.

8.—A band of rebel guerrillas crossed from Missouri into Kansas, near Aubrey....The Florida expedition reached Jacksonville, Fla.

9.—The rebel Mosby appeared with 300 men on the old Bull Run battle-field.

11.—Gen. W. L. Smith's cavalry expedition started in the direction of Colliersville, Tenn.

12—Passage of the Enrollment Bill by the House of Representatives.

13.—The entire line of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad evacuated by our forces.

14.—Meridian evacuated by the rebels....Guerrilla attack at Tecumseh Landing, Miss.

16.—The Governor of Alabama issued a proclamation to the citizens of Mobile, informing them that the city was about to be attacked, and exhorting non-combatants to leave....Gen. Sherman's expedition reached Meridian.

18.—Gen. Seymour left Jacksonville, Fla., and established a depot of supplies at Baldwin....Gen. Smith's Union expedition reached Okolona, 75 miles south of Corinth, Miss.

19.—Gen. Seymour's forces advanced to Barber's Station, a distance of 12 miles.

20.—Skirmish with Mosby's cavalry at Piedmont Station, Va....Battle of Olustee, Fla. Our troops under Gen. Seymour met 15,000 rebels, 55 miles beyond Jacksonville. The battle was desperately fought during three hours, and at sunset our forces retired, overpowered, to Sanderson.

21.—A force of troops left Hilton Head and proceeded up the Savannah River....Heavy fighting at Pontotoc, Miss.

22.—Gen. Palmer's forces occupied Ringgold, Ga... ..The expedition up the Savannah River withdrew ....Loss of the steamer *Bohemian* off Cape Elizabeth....Opening of the great Sanitary Fair in Brooklyn....Call of the Republican National Committee, appointing June 17, as the day for the convention to meet at Baltimore.

23.—Bombardment of Fort Powell, Mobile Bay, by our mortars....Desperate charge on the rear-guard of Gen. Smith's cavalry force....Skirmish near Tunnel Hill, Ga. In the afternoon a contest for its possession commenced.

24.—Engagement at Tunnel Hill, Ga....Passage by the Senate of a bill authorizing the appointment of a Lieutenant-General.

25.—Gen. Kilpatrick's forces commenced moving on an expedition to Richmond....Skirmish at Bean Station....Our army in front of Dalton, Ga. Tunnel Hill carried by our forces after considerable fighting....Rebel raid on Maysville, Ky.

26.—Gen. Smith's expedition arrived in the vicinity of Memphis, Tenn.

27.—General movement of Kilpatrick's forces on the expedition toward Richmond. They left camp near Culpepper Court-house and encamped eight miles south of the Rapidan.

28.—Gen. Kilpatrick's forces made demonstrations in front of the rebel works at Mine Run. Gen. Custer started on a reconnoissance toward Gordonsville, in coöperation with Gen. Kilpatrick....Arrival of Gen. Sherman at Vicksburgh, Miss., on his return from his great raid through Mississippi.

29.—At 3 o'clock A. M., Gen. Kilpatrick's forces took up their line of march along the road to Spottsylvania Court-house, Va., en route for the junction of the Virginia Central and the Richmond and Fredericksburgh Railroad. The command arrived at Spottsylvania Court-house. Col. Dahlgren's command attacked. Great destruction of bridges, railroad track, &c., &c. Kilpatrick reached and destroyed a portion of the Richmond and Fredericksburgh Railroad. His forces left Frederickshall for Richmond....Gen. Butler ordered to send out a force to meet Kilpatrick.

MARCH.

1.—Kilpatrick's expedition reached the outer fortifications of Richmond early in the morning; carried the outer li ne of works, but was repulsed from the next....Kilpatrick's and Butler's forces met in the night....Arrival of Gen. Sherman and his Staff in New-Orleans....Return of Gen. Custer's cavalry expedition to Culpepper....Election in Louisiana.

2.—Uniting of Kilpatrick's and Butler's forces.... Provost-Marshal-General Fry ordered the draft to take place on the 10th inst. in all sub-districts which had not filled their quotas on the 1st inst.

3.—Gen. Kilpatrick arrived within the lines of Butler's army.

4.—Gen. Custer made a reconnoissance to Ely's Ford on the Rapidan....Sherman's army reached Vicksburgh, returning from their raid through Mississippi....Inauguration of Gov. Hahn, of Louisiana ....Death of Thos. Starr King.

5.—Secretary Chase, in a letter to Hon. Jas. C. Hull, of Ohio, withdrew his name as a Presidential candidate.

8.—Special election in New-York State, resulting in allowing soldiers to vote—Election in New-Hampshire....Gen. Grant visited Washington.

9.—Formal presentation of the Lieutenant-General's commission to Gen. Grant by the President....A skirmish took place near Suffolk, Va., in which colored troops were engaged....An expedition from Yorktown, Va., to the vicinity of Kings and Queens Court-house met and dispersed a body of rebels.

10.—Gen. Grant arrived at the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac....Pilatka, Fla., occupied by our troops....An expedition left Vicksburgh, Miss., for Fort De Russey, La....Emancipation Report adopted by the Virginia Constitutional Convention at Alexandria.

11.—Fight with guerrillas on the Atchafalaya River, La.

13.—A portion of our fleet arrived before Alexandria, La., and demanded its surrender, which was complied with.

14.—Fort de Russey, on the Red River, La., attacked and captured by Union forces under Gen. Smith.

15.—Official order issued, promulgating the President's call for 200,000 more troops and ordering a draft for any deficiency, on the 15th of April....Gov. Seymour signed the Police Bill and the Commissioners were sworn in.

16.—Rebel guerrillas attacked a train from Nashville, near Estelle Springs, Tenn....The rebels shelled from a camp, near Bennett's Ferry, on the Cumberland....Rebel attack on our forces at Skull Creek, near Hilton Head, frustrated.

17.—Rebel night raid on Magnolia, Fla.

19.—Attempt of a body of rebels to land near Port Royal Ferry, S. C.

20.—Rebel attack on Jenkins' Island and Spanish Wells, Hilton Head, S. C., frustrated.

21.—Engagement near Teachoes, La....The rebels defeated at Nachitoches, on the Red River, La.

22.—Gen. Thayer, with an army of 5,500 men, left Fort Smith, Arkansas, to coöperate with Gen. Steele's army.

23.—Gen. Steele's army left Little Rock, Arkansas. ....Order reorganizing the Army of the Potomac.

24.—Surrender of the Union garrison at Union City, East Tennessee, after repulsing the rebels, 2,000 strong, three times.

25.—Attack on Paducah, Ky., by the rebels. The city partially fired....Death of Hon. Owen Lovejoy.

26.—President Lincoln issued a proclamation defining the Amnesty Proclamation. Gen. Franklin's forces reached Alexandria, La.

28.—The advance of Gen. Banks' army left Alexandria, La....Copperhead riot at Charleston, Ill.... Battle on Cane River, La., thirty-five miles above Alexandria. The rebels defeated.

29.—A rebel force crossed the Cumberland River at Eddyville.

30.—Engagement in Arkansas with 1,200 rebels, who were routed and pursued ten miles.

31.—An expedition to Mount Elba and Longview, Ark., returned to Pine Bluff, having destroyed a large amount of rebel property.

APRIL.

1.—Gen. Grant visited Fort Monroe....Fight near Snyder's Bluff, on the Yazoo.

2.—Fight between Grierson's and the rebel Forrest's cavalry, near Summerville, Tenn.

4.—Fight at Roseville, Ark....Gunboat expedition up the Chickahominy....Gen. Grant returned to Washington....Opening of the great Sanitary Fair in New-York.

5.—Fight between gunboats and guerrillas at Hickman, Ky....Gen. Grant left Washington for the Army of the Potomac.

7.—Brisk fighting in Louisiana.

8.—The Senate passed a resolution to submit to the Legislatures of the States an amendment of the Constitution, abolishing slavery....Battle near Mansfield, La. The rebel Gen. Taylor attacked. Our army, unexpectedly, came on the rebels in full force. Our troops were entrapped, surrounded and flanked. They fell back, but their retreat was impeded by wagons, and the retreat became a rout.

9.—Battle of Pleasant Hill, La.—A severe battle, our troops falling back in the night....The rebels attempted to blow up the United States steam frigate *Minnesota* before light in the morning.

10.—Death of Hon. W. S. Thayer, Consul-General to Egypt.

11.—Gen. Banks' army all reached Grand Ecore, La....The rebels repulsed in an attack on Roseville, Ark.

12.—Massacre of Negro Soldiers at Fort Pillow, Tenn. The rebels drove in our pickets just before sunrise. In the afternoon, a flag of truce was sent by the rebels, with a demand to surrender in twenty minutes. This being refused, the rebels rushed from positions treacherously gained, and carried the fort, after which they slaughtered, indiscriminately, men and women, white and black.

13.—Rebel Gen. Buford appeared before Columbus, Ky., and demanded its unconditional surrender, threatening, in case of refusal, to give no quarter to negro soldiers. The enemy retired without an attack....A portion of Banks' army attacked near Blair's Landing, La. The rebels repulsed with slaughter.

14.—The surrender of Paducah, Ky., again demanded by the rebels....Skirmish and defeat of the rebels in Kentucky.

15.—Gen. Mosby's force suddenly appeared near Bristow Station, Ga.

16.—Gen. Thayer's force from Fort Smith, Ark., joined the main army at Prairie d'Anne.

17.—Bread riot by females in Savannah, Ga....The rebels in force assaulted Plymouth, N. C., but were repulsed with considerable loss.

18.—A rebel ram came to within a few miles of Plymouth, N. C., and attacked our fleet, sinking the *Smithfield* and another gunboat....The rebels attempted to blow up the frigate *Wabash*, blockading Charleston, N. C.

19.—Fort Wessels, Plymouth, N. C., evacuated by our troops.

20.—Gen. Steele's army entered Camden, Ark.... The rebels stormed Fort Williams, Plymouth, N. C., carrying it, and capturing Gen. Wessels and 2,500 men. Massacre of negro troops....Plymouth surrendered to the rebels.

21.—Successful expedition to Hasonborough, N. C.

22—The rebels captured the gunboat *Petrel* on the Zazoo River....Our troops left Nachitoches and Grand Ecore for Alexandria, by land.

23. Sharp fight on Cane River, La., near Cheterville....Brisk engagement near Camden, Ark.—The rebels were several times repulsed, but carried the day.

24.—The rebels made an impetuous charge on the rear of Banks' army in Louisiana. They were repulsed, but made another charge, and, after a two hours' battle, were driven back at all points.

25.—A train of 240 wagons, of Gen. Steele's army, captured by the rebels while on its way to Pine Bluff, Ark....Gen. Banks' army reached Alexandria on its retreat.

26.—Gen. Steele left Camden for Little Rock, Ark. ....The rebels in strong force attacked our gunboats in Louisiana.

28.—Little Washington, N. C., evacuated by our troops.

30.—The President approved a joint resolution raising duties on imports 50 per cent....Gen. Steele's army in Arkansas crossed the Saline River, after a fight with the rebels.

MAY.

1.—Death of Commodore W. D. Porter....A cavalry expedition returned to Vienna, Virginia, after having an encounter with Mosby's guerrillas, and after destroying Madison Court-house, Virginia.... Gen. Steele's army forty miles from Little Rock, Arkansas. His cavalry reached that city.

2.—Advance of the Army of the Potomac commenced.....Gen. Meade issued an order regarding soldiers who claimed that their time of enlistment had expired, announcing the penalty of mutiny as instant death.....West Point, Virginia, occupied by our forces. Gen. Sturgis' cavalry encountered a band of the rebel Forrest's men near Bolivar, Tennessee, and after a severe fight defeated them.

3.—The crossing of the Ravidan of the Army of the Potomac effected, without opposition, at Culpepper, Germania and Ely's fords....The Secretary of the Navy sentenced Admiral Wilkes to be reprimanded and suspended for three years for insubordination, &c.

4. The crossing of the Rapidan by the Army of the Potomac continued....Gen. Meade issued an address to the Army of the Potomac on the commencement of their march. Gen. Warren's headquarters at the Wilderness...A fleet of transports on Hampton Roads commenced embarking troops.....Rebel raid into Princeton, Kentucky.

5.—Battle of the Wilderness Commenced.—A day of terrific fighting on most difficult ground in the Wilderness, near Chancellorsville, Va. Night closed in without any definite result. Gen. Hays killed.... Gen. Butler's army passed Fortress Monroe in transports on their way up the James River....Gen. Kautz forced the Blackwater, burnt the railroad bridge at Stony Creek, cutting Beauregard's forces in two....Naval engagement between the rebel ram *Albermarle* and our fleet near the mouth of the Roanoke River....Skirmish at Thoroughfare Gap, Va. Burnside's cavalry attacked the enemy on their passage through the Gap.

6.—Battle of the Wilderness Continued.—Another day of terrible fighting, resulting in the falling back of Lee's army. Gen. Wadsworth killed. The rebel Gen. Longstreet wounded. Our wounded, who had been removed to Fredericksburgh, fired on by citizens....Gen. Butler's forces effected a successful landing without resistance.

7.—Gen. Grant's Army in Pursuit of Lee.—Having marched fifteen miles in the night of the 6th, it was, in the morning, in position at Todd's Tavern...Battle near Petersburgh, Va., between Gen. Butler's army and the rebels....Gen. Sherman reported that Gen. Thomas had occupied Tunnel Hill, Ga., and that the rebels had taken position at Buzzards' Roost Pass, north of Dalton, Ga.

8.—Gen. Hancock's corps passed through Spottsylvania Court-house at daylight, and at noon our headquarters were twenty miles south of the battle-field of the 6th....Battle of Spottsylvania Court-house, Va., Commenced. The armies near Spottsylvania Court-House, engaged from 8 to 12 M., at which time our forces gained the point for which they contended. At 6 P. M., two fresh divisions were thrown in, and after a severe engagement of an hour and a-half, the rebel position was carried and their first line of breastworks occupied...General engagement at Mill Creek Gap, Ga...Our troops held possession of Fredericksburgh, Va.

9.—Battle of Spottsylvania Court-House, Va., Continued.—Lee's army made a stand, but no general engagement occurred in the morning. Maj.-Gen. Sedgwick killed. The fight in the evening was brought on by Hancock, who crossed the River Po, and established himself on the south bank. President Lincoln issued a proclamation, announcing that enough was known respecting the success of Grant's army to claim especial gratitude to God, and recommending that all patriots unite in thanksgiving and prayer. Gen. Butler reported that his army had landed at Bermuda Landing, and was in a strong position. His forces defeated a portion of Beauregard's army under Gen. Hill. The fight commenced at noon and continued till night. The rebels driven back three miles....The railroad between Richmond and Petersburgh in our possession....Night attack on Gen. Butler's lines. The rebels repulsed...Gen. Sheridan marched around the rebel right flank, and reached the North Anna River in safety in the evening. In the night he destroyed a great quantity of rebel stores, &c.

10.—Battle of Spottsylvania Court-house continued. A general advance of our army ordered at 5 A. M. A tremendous conflict ensued. In the afternoon an attack was made on the rebel batteries. After the assault had continued some time it was found that the rebel batteries could not be carried without great loss, and the effort for the time was abandoned. The battle ceased about 9 P. M., and was one of the most terrible and bloody of the war....Gen. Sheridan reported that he had turned the rebel right, reached their rear, and destroyed from eight to ten miles of railroad, and other property....Gen. Sheridan crossed the South Anna River....Gen. Averill's force fought a battle near Wytheville, Va....Secretary Stanton reported that Gen. McPherson was within seven miles of Resaca, Ga....Gen. Sherman in front of Buzzard Roost Gap, Ga.

11.—The armies under Grant and Lee engaged with varied success until 11 A. M., when our line was somewhat advanced. Gen. Lee proposed a cessation of hostilities for 48 hours, to bury the dead, which Gen. Grant refused. Gen. Grant reported to the War Department, that after six days' fighting the result was much in our favor, declaring that he intended "to fight it out on this line if it took all Summer"....After three days of skirmishing we drove the rebels back to Rocky Ridge and Buzzard Roost Mountain, Ga....Gen. Sheridan captured Ashland Station, destroying a large amount of stores. He attacked Gen. Stewart at Yellow Tavern, near Richmond, and penetrated the first and second lines of the rebel defences.

12.—The battle between Grant's and Lee's army renewed five miles below Spottsylvania Court-house, Va. Gen. Hancock opened the battle and made a brilliant assault on A. P. Hill's division, which he routed. Gen. Grant reported that the day closed leaving between 3,000 and 4,000 prisoners in our hands for the day's work, including two general officers and over thirty pieces of artillery. This day's battle was a decided Union success. In the night Lee abandoned his position.....Gen. Sheridan's army encamped at Walnut Grove and Gaine's Mills....Gen. Butler's army engaged.

13.—Gen. Butler's Army advanced toward Petersburgh, Va.—Skirmishing with the rebels in the afternoon....Gen. Meade issued a congratulatory address to his army. The rebels in his front fell back early in the morning, our troops following....Gen. Sheridan's forces encamped at Bottom's Bridge....Gen. Sherman's army in line of battle in Sugar Valley.

14.—Gen. "Baldy" Smith carried the first line of rebel works at Petersburgh, Va. The rebels attacked the Fifth Corps, Army of the Potomac, but were finally driven back with severe loss, after a furious cannonade. Our forces then charged the rebel lines....Gen. Sherman's forces actively engaged. Gen. Hooker's corps attacked by the rebel Gen. Hood's division. The rebels repulsed. General battle, which lasted till midnight, each party holding its respective position.

15.—Battle of Resaca, Ga. An all-day battle, in which we were successful. The rebels forced to evacuate Resaca. Gen. Johnston retreated from our front in the night....Gen. Sigel fought a battle at Newmarket, Va. The rebels successful. Our forces fell back to Strasburgh, Va... Gen. Banks' gunboats arrived at Fort de Russey, La.

16.—The rebel army encamped around Spottsylvania Court-house, Va....The rebels in force attacked Gen. "Baldy" Smith's lines, and forced them back with considerable loss....Gen. Butler's force attacked by troops from Petersburgh. Furious fighting. The rebels made a desperate onslaught in a fog, but were repulsed....Resaca, Ga., occupied by Gen. Sherman.

17.—Gen. Kautz reached City Point, Va., returning from his raid on the Danville Railroad....Gen. Sherman's army at Colburn, Ga....Gen. Banks' forces reached Semmesport, La.

18.—Heavy engagement between the armies in Virginia. Gen. Hancock charged the enemy and carried the first line of rebel intrenchments....Gen. Sherman reached Adairsville, Ga., where he was engaged in skirmishes....Secretary Stanton announced that a draft would be ordered to take place July 1.... A pretended proclamation of the President, calling for 400,000 men, and announcing the Spring campaign closed, published in the *Journal of Commerce* and the *World*—The two papers suppressed...Gen. A. J. Smith's army had a spirited engagement.

19.—Gen. Ewell attempted to turn Grant's right, but was repulsed....Gen. Sherman advanced on the enemy, who retreated—Kingston, Ga., reached—Gen. Sherman pushed a column as far as Cassville, Ga.

20.—Gen. Butler's forces engaged....Gen. Grant commenced a new flank movement....Gen. Hunter placed in command of the Department of West Virginia....Arrest of Howard, the forger of the bogus proclamation.

21.—Gen. Hancock's forces entered Bowling Green, Va. Milford reached by our troops.

22.—Rome, Ga., Occupied by Gen. Sherman without opposition.

23.—Gen. Grant's army moved to the North Anna, closely following Lee's army. The rebels attacked, but were repulsed.

24.—Gen. Grant's army at Mount Carmel Church, Va. Our army engaged, and 1,000 prisoners taken. Gen. Butler's position at Wilson's Wharf attacked, but the rebels repulsed. Gen. Sherman resumed his march from Kingston, Ga.

25.—Battle of Dallas, Ga., Commenced—A sharp a bloody fight between Hooker's corps of Sherman's army and Hood's rebel division. Our army gained two miles and a favorable position. A reconnoissance up the Ashepoo River, Department of the South.

26.—Battle of Dallas, Ga., continued. Our army withdrawn to the north side of the North Anna River, Va., in the night, and moved toward Hanovertown. Secretary Stanton reported that the rebels held a strong position between the North and South Anna Rivers. Gen. J. G. Foster assumed command of the Department of the South.

27.—Gen. Grant's army all in motion. The Battle of Dallas, Ga., continued. Severe fighting on Sherman's left. Sherman's headquarters at Dallas. ....Gen. Sheridan took possession of Hanover Ferry and Hanoverton, Va.

28.—Battle of Dallas, Ga., concluded. The rebels suffered severely, leaving 2,000 dead and wounded in our hands. Gen. McPherson's corps drove back the rebels with great loss....Two divisions of Gen. Grant's army had a severe engagement.

29.—The rebels made a night attack on Shermmn, but were repulsed.....Gen. "Baldy" Smith's command arrived at Fortress Monroe from Bermuda Hundreds on its way to join Gen. Grant.

30.—The rebels attacked the left wing of Grant's army but were easily repulsed with considerable slaughter. Gen. Hancock's division attacked the rebels and drove them from their intrenched skirmish line. At midnight, the rebels attacked Hancock, but were repulsed. Gen. Warren's corps engaged, near Bethesda Church, Va. Gen. Grant reported that his army had successfully crossed the Pamunkey River....The rebels repulsed in an attack on Gen. Butler's line. Gen. Smith's corps occupied White House, Va.....Heavy skirmishing with Sherman's army.

31.—The rebels attacked Gen. Sherman's army, but were repulsed after a three hours' fight. Our left reached the railroad near Marietta, Ga.....A hard fight near Hanover Court-house, Va.....Battle between Sheridan's and Fitz-Hugh Lee's cavalry at Cold Harbor, Va. The rebels defeated, and Sheridan retained possession of the place.....Another artillery attack on Butler's forces....Nomination of John C. Fremont and John Cochrane for President and Vice-President, by the Cleveland Convention.

JUNE.

1.—Battle of Cold Harbor, Va.—Our corps at Cold Harbor attacked the rebels at 5 P. M., and carried the enemy's works on the right. The rebels attacked the corps not engaged in the assault, but were repulsed....Burnside's advance a mile and a half from Mechanicsville, Va....Gen. McPherson's corps of Sherman's army moved to the front of the rebels at New Hope Church. The rebels shelled our hospitals....Gen. Butler's left wing attacked. Spirited fight resulting in a rebel repulse....Steamer *Pocahontas* sunk at sea by collision, and 40 lives lost.

2.—Gen. Schofield's and Hooker's corps of Sherman's army pushed forward toward Marietta, Ga.... Our cavalry took possession of Allatoona Pass, Ga.

3.—Battle of the Chicahominy.—A short but terrible battle. Gen. Grant assaulted the rebels at 4:30 A. M., driving them from their intrenchments at all points, but without gaining any decisive advantage. At 7 P. M. the rebels attacked. The battle lasted with great fury half an hour, at the expiration of which the rebels were repulsed. The blockader *Water Witch* captured by the rebels in Warsaw Sound.

4.—Gen. Sherman thirteen miles from Marietta, Ga. The rebels, discovering our forces moving around their right flank, abandoned their position. Considerable skirmishing.

5.—The rebels attacked our forces after dark, near Coal Harbor, in a fog, but were disastrously repulsed. ....Battle of Piedmont, West Virginia. Our forces under Gen. Hunter came on the rebels in force at Piedmont, 15 miles north of Staunton, Va., and after a brief and spirited fight, whipped them....The rebels before Sherman evacuated their position.

6.—An assault at midnight on Burnside's corps repulsed....Gen. Sherman's army moved toward Marietta, Ga.....Gen. Hunter pursued the rebels through Staunton, West Virginia.

7.—Gen. Sheridan crossed the Pamunkey....Engagement between our forts and the rebel batteries on Sullivan and James Islands, S. C....Assembling of the National Union Convention at Baltimore.

8.—Nomination of Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson by the Union Convention for President and Vice President of the United States....Capture of Mount Stirling, Ky., by the rebel John Morgan. Morgan entered Paris, Ky....Burning of the steamer *Berkshire* on the Hudson.

9.—Gen. Sherman's cavalry developed the position of the enemy in a line along the hills from Kenesaw to Lost Mountain....Sheridan's cavalry started on a raid....Morgan's guerrillas whipped at Mt. Stirling, Ky....President Lincoln informally accepted a renomination.

10.—Lexington, Ky., entered by Morgan's forces—attack on Cynthiana, Ky., commenced....Gen. Sturgis' expedition defeated by the rebels at Guntown, south of Corinth, Miss....Gen. Hunter's army advanced from Staunton, Va....Gen. Kautz charged the rebel works at Petersburgh and carried them, penetrating to near the town, but, supporters not coming up, withdrew.

11.—Cynthiana, Ky., captured by the rebel Gen. John Morgan, after a pretty severe fight. Gen. Burbridge attacked and totally defeated the rebels.... The movement of Grant's army to the south side of Richmond commenced....Gen. Smith's corps marched to White House and embarked for Bermuda Hundreds. The other corps crossed the Chickahominy.... Gen. Sheridan's forces had an obstinate engagement at Trevilian Station near Richmond—they drove the rebels from successive lines of earthworks....Gen. Hunter's army reached Lexington, Va.

12.—Gov. Letcher's house burned by Hunter's troops.

13.—Gen. Sheridan destroyed the railroad from Trevilion Station to Lorraine Court-house, near Richmond.

14.—Very heavy skirmishing between Sherman's army and the rebels; the position of our army changed in the night.

15.—Gen. Smith assaulted and carried the principal line of the enemy before Petersburgh....Gen. Foster reported that five general officers of the United States had been placed under fire at Charleston, S. C., by the rebels, asking an equal number of rebel officers to place under fire in retaliation....Gen. Sherman's army engaged all day in skirmishing.

16.—Cannonading along the whole of Sherman's line.—The greater portion of both armies were engaged before noon. The rebels compelled to evacuate a splendid position near the base of Lost Mountain....Heavy firing at night, between Grant's and Lee's armies....Gen. Hunter's army entered Liberty ....The Cummings' Point, S. C., (Union) batteries shelled by rebel batteries.

17.—The Ninth Corps carried two more redoubts at Petersburgh, Va....Gen. Hunter's forces engaged at Quaker Church, Va.

18.—Severe battle near Lynchburgh, Va.—Our forces charged, were repulsed, and charged again. Finding the enemy's position too strong, and numbers too great, our forces commenced falling back. Our forces advanced close to Petersburgh, Va.... The rebels before Gen. Sherman gave way at night, abandoning their works in front of Kenesaw Mt.

19.—Great Naval Battle Between the Alabama and Kearsarge, off the Harbor of Cherbourg, France. The *Alabama* sunk and Capt. Semmes saved by an English yacht.

20.—The rebels made seven distinct assaults on Sherman's lines in a desperate attempt to take the position at Kenesaw Mountain, which they had lost the day before....A rebel force attacked our troops at White House, Va., but were repulsed....Gen. Sheridan's advance arrived at White House, Va.

21.—The rebels made a fierce attack on Gen. Hunter's rear....Skirmishing near White House, Va.... Manœuvring of Grant's army—Lively skirmishing. Our advance interrupted....A cavalry expedition under Gen. Wilson, left Bermuda Hundreds.

22.—The Second Corps attacked near the Weldon Railroad. A severe engagement. The rebels forced back in a charge by the Sixth Corps. Our forces not successful in the day's battle....Gen. Wilson's cavalry crossed the Weldon Railroad at Ream's Station, and commenced destroying the track and other property there....Severe engagement in Sherman's advance. A victory won by his army....Arrest of Isaac Henderson, Navy Agent at New-York.

23.—At daylight an advance of our whole line near the track of the Petersburgh and Weldon Railroad, was ordered....A part of our cavalry reached the junction of the Lynchburgh and Danville Railroad, and destroyed the track....The rebels assaulted Gens. Schofield's and Hooker's Corps of Sherman's army. Our advance pressed forward. Night attack on the rebel works at Kenesaw Mountain, Ga.

24.—Batteries of the Eighteenth, Fifth and Second Corps opened on Petersburgh, Va. Gen. Burnside's Corps attacked. The attack a failure. Our lines advanced half a mile. Terrible artillery attack on the right flank of the Army of the Potomac....Gen. Pillow demanded the surrender of Lafayette, which was refused and the rebels repulsed....Severe skirmishing before Kenesaw Mountain, Ga.

25.—An attack on Burnside's line at 11 P. M. Pretty severe engagement between our cavalry and the rebels at the Chickahominy River. Raid on Sherman's rear by 2,000 rebels....Destruction of railroad by Wilson's cavalry continued at Drake's Station....Engagement at Roanoke Station.

27.—Battle of Kenesaw Mountain, Ga. An unsuccessful attack made by our forces on the rebels. Gen. McPherson's corps attacked the rebels at the southwest end of Kenesaw Mountain. Gen. Thomas also attacked further south. Firing along the whole line. Neither attack succeeded. Formal acceptance of a renomination by President Lincoln.

30.—Hon. Salmon P. Chase resigned his position as Secretary of the Treasury. President Lincoln sent to the Senate the nomination of David Tod, of Ohio, as Secretary of the Treasury....Gen. Kautz's division of Wilson's cavalry force re-entered our lines, returning from their great raid.

JULY.

1.—Gov. Tod having declined the appointment as Secretary of the Treasury, his nomination was withdrawn, and that of Wm. Pitt Fessenden substituted. ....An expedition left Hilton Head, S. C., in the direction of North Edisto River....The southern end of James Island, S. C., occupied by our forces.

2.—The expedition from Hilton Head disembarked at Seabrook Island....An unsuccessful attempt to take the rebel Fort Johnson on the north end of James Island.

3.—Our army entered Marietta, Ga....A rebel force appeared near Martinsburgh, Va....A part of the expedition from Hilton Head repulsed....The rebels overtaken by Sherman, two miles south of Marietta, Ga.

4.—The rebels took possession of Bolivar City, half a mile from Harper's Ferry, on their advance into Maryland, where they were attacked. Gen. Sigel arrived at Sandy Hook. Gen. Mulligan evacuated Bolivar Heights....The rebels made a raid on Point of Rocks, Md....Naval operations in Stono River.

5.—The President issued a proclamation declaring martial law in Kentucky and suspending the action of the writ of habeas corpus....Secretary Fessenden sworn in....An expedition started from Lagrange, Tenn., in pursuit of the rebel Forrest.

6.—Secretary Welles addressed a dispatch to Capt. Winslow, of the *Kearsarge*, in recognition of his services in the destruction of the pirate *Alabama*.

7.—Our forces ordered to evacuate Harper's Ferry by Gen. Sigel. Rebel raiders near Frederick, Md. The rebels checked at Monocacy Bridge....Proclamation issued by President Lincoln appointing the first Thursday in August as a Fast Day.

8.—Harper's Ferry reoccupied by our forces.... The rebel pirate *Florida*, on our coast, captured the bark *Golconda*....Capture of Platte City, Mo., by guerrillas.

9.—Battle at Monocacy, Md., lasting from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Our forces overpowered and forced to retreat in disorder....Proclamation issued by President Lincoln giving his views on reconstruction and his reasons for not signing a bill passed by Congress providing for the same....The *Florida* continued her depredations on our coast....Our forces on John's Island, S. C., twice repelled a rebel assault....Gen. Sherman reached the Chattahoochee....Gov. Brown, of Georgia, ordered all the militia of the State into active service.

10.—A portion of the rebels encamped at Rockville, Md....A Union cavalry expedition left Decatur.

11.—The rebels near Washington, D. C. Capture by the rebels of a railroad train at Magnolia Station, between Philadelphia and Baltimore. The rebels captured Maj.-Gen. Franklin, who was on the train. Burning of Gunpowder Bridge by the rebels.... Mayor Gunther protested against sending the militia from New-York City, in response to a call from the President.

12.—Engagement near Fort Stevens, one of the Defences of Washington. The rebels driven off.... Gov. Seymour issued a general order, directing the Commanders of regiments of the National Guards to hold themselves in readiness for immediate service....Gov. Parker, of New-Jersey, issued a proclamation calling on the people of his State to organize for 30 days' service.

13.—Battle at Tapaluci, Tenn.

14.—Arrival of Maj.-Gen. Franklin in Baltimore, having escaped from the rebel raiders.

15.—Engagement with the rebel Forrest in Tennessee.

16.—A rebel force captured the Federal stockade at Brownsboro, on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

17.—Gen. Sherman's command moved forward to within five miles of Atlanta, Ga. His advance crossed the Chattahoochie River....Gen. Jos. E. Johnston turned over the command of the rebel army at Atlanta to Gen. J. B. Hood....Severe fight near Grand Gulf....Indian raid on our post at Fort Larned.

18.—Gen. J. B. Hood assumed command of the rebel army at Atlanta, Ga....Decatur, Ga., occupied by our forces....President Lincoln issued an order for a draft of 500,000 men to take place immediately after Sept. 5, the term of service to be one year, volunteers to be credited till Sept. 5....Horace Greeley reached Niagara Falls to hold a conference with some self-constituted Confederate Commissioners in Canada. The President sent his famous "To whom it may concern" dispatch....Fights at Snicker's Gap....Attack by Indians on a train near Fort Larned.

19.—Our forces reached Peachtree Creek, four miles north of Atlanta, Ga. They were attacked by Hood's troops.

20.—The rebels assaulted Sherman's army three times—each time being repulsed. Our army was engaged all day and drove the rebels steady on into their intrenchments....Gen. Smith's forces reached La Grange, Tenn....Gen. "Baldy" Smith took leave of his command before Petersburgh, Va., and Gen. Martindale assumed command....Gen. Averill attacked and defeated the rebel Early in front of Winchester, Va.

21.—The rebel lines contracted close to Atlanta.... Skirmishing on the James River.

22.—Great Battle Before Atlanta—The rebels assaulted our lines near Atlanta with great fury seven times, and were as often repulsed after a terrible struggle. Our loss was 3,521; the rebel loss estimated at 10,000. Gen. McPherson was killed.... Skirmishing in front of Burnside's corps of the Army of the Potomac.

23.—Burial of the dead before Atlanta....Atlanta shelled....Heavy fighting in the Shenandoah Valley.

24.—The cavalry expedition which left Decatur July 10, arrived at Marietta, Ga., having been completely successful in a raid on the Montgomery and West Point Railroad....Fighting in the Shenandoah Valley.

25.—The rebels again occupied Martinsburgh, Va....A reconnoissance of our forces near Helena, Ark.

26.—Battle near Helena, Ark.—Our forces at first were unsuccessful, but afterward repulsed the enemy and charged through their lines....Engagement at Point of Rocks, Md....The rebels made an attempt to flank Gen. Butler's position....Gen. Thomas issued a congratulatory address to his army ....Gen. Stoneman dispatched a cavalry force to destroy the Macon and Western Railroad. They succeeded in destroying 18 miles of track, and in inflicting other damage....Our gunboats went on an expedition up Grand Lake, La., and destroyed a number of rebel flatboats.

27.—Our army attacked while crossing James River—A spirited engagement, in which the rebels were driven back. Our troops attacked and carried their position....Gen. O. O. Howard assumed command of the Department and Army of the Tennessee, lately commanded by Gen. McPherson ...Our cavalry, under Gens. Stoneman and McCook, started on a raid on the communications of the rebel army in Georgia.

28.—The Siege of Atlanta commenced—The Fifteenth Corps of Sherman's army assaulted the rebels in force and defeated them. The rebel army under Hood was repeatedly hurled against Sherman's army, but as often rolled back and cut to pieces. The rebels suffered severely without gaining any advantage....An expedition sent into North Carolina.... Gen. Hooker relieved of his command at his own request....Our gunboats in Louisiana destroyed a large amount of rebel lumber and two saw-mills.

29.—The rebels crossed the Potomac on their raid into Maryland and Pennsylvania....Our cavalry occupied Fayetteville, Ga.—They cut the Atlanta and Macon Railroad....Fights with the rebels near Morganzia, La.

30.—Explosion of an Immense Mine by our Troops in Front of Burnside's Position before Petersburgh. Its explosion was the signal for the discharge of every piece of artillery on our line from the Appomatox to the extreme left. After the discharge of the artillery our army advanced and assaulted the rebel works, but after a desperate attempt to carry them was repulsed....The Rebels entered Chambersburgh, Penn., where the rebel Commander demanded $500,000 under threat of burning the city. His demand not being complied with, the city was burned. ....Our cavalry cut off, 40 miles from Atlanta ... Gen. Sherman's celebrated letter on the recruiting of negroes in rebel States.

31.—Gen. Stoneman and part of his command captured by the rebels....The rebels occupied Frederick, Md.

AUGUST.

2.—Gen. Banks issued an order enlisting all able-bodied colored men between 18 and 40 years of age.

3.—Return to Norfolk, Va., of a cavalry expedition sent into North Carolina, July 28, after having visited five counties and captured considerable property.... Gov. Seymour addressed Secretary Stanton, complaining of an excessive quota for New-York City.

4.—Fast Day....A Government transport fired on by rebel batteries on the James River....Exchange of the Union and rebel officers under fire at Charleston, S. C....Gen. Kelly repulsed the rebels at New-Creek, Md. The fight continued until after dark, the rebels retiring in the night.

5.—Great Battle at the Entrance of Mobile Bay. Fort Gaines opened on our fleet at about 7 A. M., the monitor *Tecumseh* having opened the attack a short time before. The rebel ram *Tennessee* captured after one of the fiercest naval battles on record. In the night the rebels evacuated and blew up Fort Powell. The monitor *Tecumseh* was blown up by a rebel torpedo....Explosion of a rebel mine near Petersburgh, Va.; but little damage done. A Terrific Fight in front of Petersburgh, lasting from 5:30 to 7:30 P. M. It commenced by a charge of the enemy, which was repulsed with slaughter....Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, issued a proclamation, announcing that the rebel army had again crossed the Potomac, and occupied Hagerstown, Md.

6.—Commodore Farragut shelled Fort Gaines, Mobile Harbor. He issued a congratulatory order to his command....Battle of Atlanta. The rebels made a demonstration on the Sixteenth Corps, and were heavily punished, and driven back....Indian massacre near Beaver Creek.

7.—Bombardment of Fort Gaines Continued. The rebels proposed to surrender....Gen. Averill overtook the rebels near Moorefield, in the Shenandoah Valley, and attacked them with great success, routing the rebels, capturing their artillery, a large number of prisoners, horses and arms.

8.—Surrender of Fort Gaines to Commodore Farragut.....Gen. Sheridan assigned to the command of the troops in the Shenandoah Valley....Steamboat *Vanderbilt* sunk in the Hudson.

9.—Terrible explosion of a boat loaded with ammunition at City Point, Va....Heavy shelling of Atlanta.

10.—Gen. Sheridan's army skirmishing near Winchester, Va. Sharp fight near Martinsburgh.... Steamer *Empress* fired into by rebel batteries on the banks of the Mississippi....Sharp skirmish near Abbeyville, Miss.

11.—The *Tallahassee* scuttled the schooner *S. A. Boyce*, burnt the pilot-boat *James Funk*, brig *Carrie Estelle*, bark *Bay State*, brig *A Richards*, and bonded the schooner *Carrol* for $10,000; burnt the pilot-boat *Wm Bell* and the schooner *Atlantic*....Secretary Stanton replied to Gov. Seymour, alleging that his claim of an excessive enrollment in New-York was not well founded.

12.—The *Tallahassee* bonded the bark *Suliote*, burnt the schooner *Spokelane* and ship *Adriatic*, scuttled the brig *Billow*, bonded for $30,000 the schooner *Robert E Pecker*....Attack of guerrillas on the gunboat *Reliance*, in Northumberland County, Va.

13.—Gen. Grant threw a powerful force, under Gen. Hancock, across the river at Deep Bottom. Hancock took position 10 miles from Richmond. Gen. Birney assaulted the rebel works in his front....Gen. Burnside relieved....Guerrillas attacked Selma, Ky....Gen. Smith attacked the rebels at Hurricane Creek, Miss., and defeated them....The *Tallahassee* scuttled the bark *Glavomore*, and burned the schooner *Lamot Dupont*.

14.—Fighting near Richmond....The rebel Gen. Wheeler demanded the surrender of Dalton, Ga. which was refused. The rebels entered the town, but were kept at bay by the garrison....The *Tallahassee* scuttled the ship *James Littlefield*.

15.—Fighting near Richmond....Our garrison at Dalton, Ga., was reinforced, and the rebels driven off in confusion....The *Tallahassee* scuttled schooners *M. A. Howe*, *Howard*, *Floral Wreath*, *Restless*, *Etta Caroline*, and bonded schooner *S. K. Harris*.

16.—Fighting on the north bank of the James. The engagement resulted favorably, though not decisively, for us. The enemy somewhat driven back from their position....Cavalry fight between a division of Sheridan's army and the rebels, near Front Royal, Va....Fight near Chattanooga....The *Tallahassee* scuttled the bark *P. C. Alexander*, and burned the schooners *Leopold*, *Pearl*, *Sarah Louisa* and *Magnolia*.

17.—The *Tallahassee* scuttled the schooner *North American*, and bonded the brig *Neva* for $17,500.

18.—A Furious Attack on Burnside's Corps, near Petersburgh, which was repulsed with great loss to the rebels....Gen. Warren moved his corps across the Weldon Railroad, in doing which he was engaged in considerable fighting....The *Tallahassee* arrived at Halifax after having burned the schooners *Josiah Acorn*, *Diadem*, *Sea Flower* and brig *Roan*.

19.—The Rebels Drove in Warren's Pickets and forced back two Divisions of our Army. A heavy fight took place, resulting in reëstablishing our lines and capturing many prisoners. Our troops were surprised, but recovered their lost ground.

20.—The *Tallahassee* sailed from Halifax.....Surg.-Gen. Hammond dismissed from the service and disqualified from holding office.

21.—The Rebels made three desperate charges on our Lines on the Weldon Railroad, but were repulsed with heavy loss....Brisk engagement near Charlestown, Va. The rebels charged on our lines, and after a sharp struggle our skirmishers gave way....Attack on Memphis, Tenn. The city entered by rebel cavalry.

22.—Cannonade of our Works near Petersburgh. The rebels charged, but finding themselves in a trap, retreated in confusion. The rebels disappeared from our front on the Weldon Railroad....Return of Kilpatrick to Sherman's lines from a successful raid.

23.—Gen. Warren advanced his line one mile toward Petersburgh....Fort Morgan, Mobile Bay, Surrendered Unconditionally. By its surrender we captured 200 prisoners, 60 pieces of artillery and a large quantity of *material*.

24.—Skirmish on Sheridan's left.....Reconnoissance of Gen. Crook's command in the Shenandoah Valley.

25.—Severe Battle on the Weldon Railroad, near Ream's Station. A desperate attempt of the rebels to retake the road. Hancock's corps was several times attacked, the enemy being each time repulsed. At 5.30 P. M. a combined attack on his centre and left was repulsed after one of the most desperate battles of the war, the enemy withdrawing, leaving their dead and wounded on the field. Our forces afterward fell back....Gen. Butler's picket-line driven in, but reëstablished....Severe battle with Sheridan's army.

26.—The rebel Gen. Early attempted to cross the Potomac, but was driven back by Averill....The rebels in Sheridan's front fall back.

27.—Guerrillas defeated at Shelbyville, Ky.

28.—Gen. Sherman's army reached the West Point Railroad at Red Oak, thirteen miles from Atlanta, and began the destruction of the road from that point ....Advance of our army in pursuit of Early.

29.—Meeting of the Democratic Nominating Convention at Chicago.

30.—The Army of the Tennessee skirmished considerably with rebel cavalry.

31.—Great Battle Near Atlanta.—During the forenoon, our artillery kept up a cannonade to provoke the rebels to an assault. In the afternoon the rebels assaulted our lines, but were repulsed with great loss. The rebel loss in the attack on Ramsom's and Logan's lines estimated at 3,000. In the evening the Fourteenth Corps struck the railroad, five miles south of Jonesboro. The work of destruction commenced immediately....George B. McClellan and George H. Pendleton nominated by the Chicago Convention for President and Vice President.

SEPTEMBER.

1.—The Battle of Atlanta Continued.—A brilliant charge was made at 5 P. M. by Gen. Davis' force, resulting in the discomfiture of the rebels and surrender of a large number. Great destruction by the rebels of large magazines of stores accumulated at Atlanta. They blew up, in addition to other things, 80 car-loads of ammunition. Gen. Slocum's corps assaulted the enemy's works around the city in the afternoon....Panic and evacuation of the city.

2.—Atlanta, Ga., occupied by Sherman's Army at 11 A. M.....Sharp fighting near Martinsburgh, Va.

3.—Gen. Sherman issued a congratulatory order on the occupation of Atlanta....The rebels handsomely beaten near Berryville, Va......Rebel cavalry attacked by Gen. Milroy near Murfreesboro, Tenn.

4.—Gen. Gillem surprised Jno. Morgan's band, and killed Morgan at Greenville, Tenn....The rebels near Murfreesboro retreated.

5.—Steamer *Elsie* captured in running the blockade at Wilmington....The President issued a proclamation, recommending that Sunday, Sept. 11, be observed as a day of Thanksgiving.

6.—During a battle between the French and Cortinas and Mexican forces, near Brownsville, Texas, Col. Ford, the rebel Commander at that point, came down from Texas, on the Rio Grande, with a large drove of cattle for the French, and seeing that they were engaged with Cortinas, opened on the Mexican rear....The rebebs and French repulsed Cortinas. Cortinas afterward crossed the Rio Grande, into Texas, and raised the American flag.

7.—The rebels routed at Readyville, Tenn....Hon. Reuben E. Fenton nominated for Governor of New-York.

8.—Brownsville, Texas, attacked by Cortinas, and the rebels driven from the town....Gen. McClellan accepted the nomination for the Presidency....Gen. Sherman ordered the removal of the inhabitants of Atlanta, and proposed a truce of ten days.

9.—Spirited attack on the rebel pickets near Petersburgh, in the night.

10.—Gen. Sheridan's forces in the Shenandoah Valley attacked at Darksville, Va....Gov. Brown, of Georgia, recalled the militia of the State from Hood's army....Gen. Sherman replied to a communication from Hood, charging him with "studied and ungenerous cruelty" in ordering the evacuation of the city by its inhabitants. A truce for ten days declared by Gen. Sherman.

11.—An expedition left Fort Morgan, near Mobile, and proceeded up White River, destroying a large amount of lumber at Smith's Mills.

12.—Gen. Sherman replied to a remonstrance of the Mayor of Atlanta against removing all the inhabitants of the city.

13.—Attack on the rebels near Occoquan Creek by some of Sheridan's forces. A South Carolina regiment captured.

14.—Secretary Stanton ordered the draft to be commenced Sept. 19....Gen. Sherman ordered the people of Atlanta to evacuate the city.

16.—A large body of rebel cavalry made a raid on our reserve cattle herd, opposite Harrison's Landing, and succeeded in carrying off the entire herd....Departure of an expedition under Gen. Asboth on a raid into Western Virginia.

19.—Battle of Bunker Hill, Va. A great battle fought by Sheridan in the Shenandoah Valley. Sheridan made the attack and won a splendid victory, capturing over 2,500 prisoners, together with nine battle-flags, and five pieces of artillery. The rebel Gens. Gordon and Rhodes were killed, and three other general officers wounded. All of the rebel killed and most of the wounded fell into our hands. ....The steamers *Philo Parsons* and *Island Queen* seized by a band of rebels on the Canadian frontier.

20.—Gen. Sheridan crossed Cedar Creek, having pursued the rebels thirty miles.

21.—Gen. Sheridan attacked the rebels beyond Strasburgh, Va., and carried and held the crest of the hill occupied by them....Fremont and Cochrane withdrew their names as candidates for President and Vice-President.

22.—Battle of Fisher's Hill, Va., in the Shenandoah Valley. Gen. Sheridan found the rebel army occupying a position which appeared almost impregnable. His forces, however, attacked and drove the rebels in the utmost confusion, capturing twenty pieces of artillery and a large number of caissons, artillery, horses, &c.

23.—Montgomery Blair resigned his office of Postmaster-General....A part of the rebel Gen. Forrest's force, about four hundred strong, crossed the Tennessee River at Bates' Landing....Our garrison at Athens, Ala., compelled to surrender.

25.—Gen. Sheridan's advance passed beyond New-Market. His forces drove the enemy from Mount Jackson....The rebels at Luray, attacked....A force of rebel cavalry occupied Frederickstown, Mo., tweyty miles east of Pilot Knob....Athens, Ala., occupted by the rebel Gen. Forrest's troops.

26.—Gen. Sheridan's headquarters at Harrisonburgh, Va....Our cavalry entered Stanton, Va., and destroyed a large quantity of rebel government property. They then proceeded to Waynesboro', destroying an iron bridge over the Shenandoah and a large amount of property. Gen. Early's rebel army routed and demoralized, fled through Brown's Gap toward Gordonsville.

27.—Skirmish with Forrest's troops in Tennessee ....The rebels attacked our forces at Mineral Point, Mo.

28.—The rebel Gen. Forrest at Fayetteville, on his way to intercept Sherman's communications....Admiral Porter issued his farewell order to the Mississippi Squadron.

29.—Gen. Ord's Corps of Grant's Army advanced and carried a very strong fortification and line of intorenchmener below Chapin's Farm, taking fifteen pieces of artillery and 200 or 300 prisoners....Gen. Barney advanced from Deep Bottom and carried the New-Market Road....Mayor Gunther vetoed a resolution of the Common Council, to illuminate the city in celebration of our victories.

30.—Gen. Warren attacked and carried the rebel line on their extreme right, capturing a number of prisoners....Gen. Meade moved from his left and carried the enemy's line near Poplin Grove Church. ....Gen. Butler's forces assaulted the rebels in three columns near Chapin's Farm.

OCTOBER.

2.—The rebels attacked at Saltville, Va., and were driven into their works. Our ammunition giving out, our troops were withdrawn in the night.

6.—Gen. Sheridan commenced moving back from Port Republic, Mount Crawford and Harrisonburgh, Va., previous to which the whole country from the Blue Ridge to the North Mountain was made untenable for the rebel army by destroying an immense quantity of stores, grain, &c....Clinton, La., taken by our troops.

7.—Gen. Kautz' cavalry attacked by the rebels who suffered considerably. They afterward attacked Birney's division, who also repulsed them with very heavy loss. In the afternoon, Gen. Butler took the offensive and recaptured some intrenchments which had been taken from Kautz....The rebels appeared before Jefferson City, Mo....The advance of the rebels from the Osage River, Mo., spiritedly contested by our cavalry....Gen. Sheridan's forces reached Woodstock, Va....Capture of the Pirate Florida by the Steamer Wachusett, in the Bay of St. Salvador, Brazil....A band of 200 rebels captured a steamboat and crossed into Kentucky.

8.—The Fifth and Ninth Corps, Army of the Potomac, advanced their lines half a mile, driving the rebel skirmishers into their breastworks....The rebels drew up in line of battle near Jefferson City, Mo., but afterward moved off toward the west.

9.—An engagement took place near Fisher's Hill, Va., in which the rebels were defeated, leaving eleven pieces of artillery and other munitions of war.

10.—Engagement with the rebel Gen. Forrest at East Point, Tenn....Reconnoissance to within three miles of Mobile.

11.—Gen. Curtis drove the rebels out of Independence, Mo....Skirmish near Fort Wilson, Tenn.... The rebel Gen. Buford crossed the Cumberland River with 1,200 mounted men....Bloody fight with guerrillas near Winchester, Va....Successful reconnoissance from the Army of the Potomac to Stony Creek.

12.—Death of Chief-Justice Roger B. Taney.... Gen. Hood demanded the surrender of Resaca, Ga., threatening, in case of resistance, to take no prisoners.

13.—Reconnoissance in force from the Army of the James....Attack on Resaca, Ga. The rebels repulsed....Engagement at Greenville, East Tennessee.

15.—The rebel army under Longstreet having appeared near Strasburgh, Va., Gen. Sheridan advanced and found them drawn up in four lines of battle, but, on charging, the rebels fled.

16.—Hood's army at Lafayette....Gen. Sherman took Ship's Gap.

17.—The rear of Gen. Hood's army left Lafayette, going South. The Secretary of War telegraphed that Gen. Hood, after striking the railroad near Dalton and Resaca, had fallen back before Sherman without fighting, abandoning his movement on our line of communication....Arrest in Baltimore of a number of merchants, charged with contraband trade with the rebels.

18.—Gen. Blunt, with 2,000 cavalry and four howitzers, entered Lexington, Mo. ..Death of Major-Gen. D. B. Birney.

19.—Battle of Cedar Creek, Shenandoah Valley. Gen. Sheridan's army was attacked before daylight and its left turned and driven in confusion, with a loss of twenty pieces of artillery. Gen. Sheridan afterward arrived on the field and drove the rebels, taking 48 pieces of artillery and many prisoners, gaining a great victory. Sheridan pursued the rebels to Mount Jackson, which he reached in the night....The rebel Gen. Price attacked Gen. Blunt at Lexington, Mo., with an overwhelming force, and after a sharp fight drove him from the city. Gen. Blunt fell back to the Little Blue River, fighting desperately, and retarding the advance of the enemy....The rebels entered Mayfield, Ky.

20.—Capture of the St. Albans robbers....Skirmishing between the Little and Big Blue River, Mo.

21.—A very gallant fight between Little Blue River and Independence, Mo. Our troops fought Price's entire army five hours. The Union forces evacuated Independence, falling back on the Big Blue.

22.—Gen. Curtis telegraphed from Kansas, Mo., that he had been pressed all day, and that in the afternoon the rebels passed around his flank, when Curtis gave him heavy blows for several hours.... Col. Jamieson was attacked at Bryan Ford, Mo., by a heavy column of rebels, at 10 A. M. At 3 P. M., the rebels forced the ford. Our troops fought the rebels until after dark, driving them four miles. Gen. Pleasonton pursued Price, with 2,000 men, fought him on the battle-field of the day before, drove him from Independence, and pursued him sharply. Pleasonton captured a large number of prisoners and three pieces of artillery....The President issued an order thanking Gen. Sheridan for gaining the victories in the Shenandoah.

25.—Fighting in Missouri. The rebels badly whipped.

27.—Gen. Doubleday's Court-martial ordered to Baltimore to try the soldiers' voting fraud cases.

27.—An advance in force, on a reconnoissance, made by Warren's Corps of Grant's army. In the evening the enemy attacked Hancock's Corps vigorously, but were repulsed. The purpose being accomplished, our troops were withdrawn to nearer their former lines....The rebel ram *Albemarle* sunk by Lieut. Cushing, in the Roanoke River....Arrest of Col. North on charges of fraud in the matter of soldiers' votes.

28.—Gen. Dix issued an order requiring all refugees from the South to register their names, declaring that those who refused or neglected to obey the order, should be treated as spies....Gen. Gillem had a fight with the rebels at Norristown, East Tenn., completely routing them, and capturing a number of prisoners and pieces of artillery....Gen. Grant's army returned to its old quarters....Fight with the rebel Gen. Price at Newtonia, Mo....A rebel force of 2,500 attacked Fayetteville, Ark., but was repulsed with heavy loss.

29.—Maryland proclaimed a Free State by Gov. Bradford.

30.—Our fleet shelled Plymouth, N. C.

31.—Nevada admitted as a State by proclamation of the President....The commissioners appointed by Gov. Seymour to investigate the soldier voting frauds, had an interview with the President and Secretary of War....Capture of the rebel batteries, and their ordnance and ordnance stores, at Plymouth, N. C.

NOVEMBER.

2.—Gov. Seymour issued a proclamation relative to the election....Gen. Dix issued an order concerning fraudulent voting.

3.—The rebel army under Hood attempted to cross the Tennessee, near the mouth of the Blue Water, and were repulsed by Gen. Sherman....The rebels bombarded Fayetteville, Ark....Commencement of Col. North's trial.

4.—Engagement on the Tennessee River....The siege of Fayetteville, Ark., by the rebels, raised.... Revelation by one of the conspirators of a plot to overthrow the Government, release and arm the rebel prisoners, and kill Gov. Morton, of Indiana.

5.—A midnight attack by the rebels on our works southeast of Petersburgh, Va. A brisk fight and temporary success on the part of the rebels....Gen. Butler assumed command of the troops arrived and to arrive in New-York City to protect the city during election.

6.—Attack on our pickets before Richmond....Gen. Canby wounded in Louisiana.

7.—A rebel attack on our pickets south of Atlanta.

8.—Presidential election. Re-election of Abraham Lincoln as President, and election of Andrew Johnson as Vice-President....Gen. McClellan resigned his commission in the United States Army....Atlanta attacked by the rebels under Gen. Iverson.

9.—Gen. Sherman issued his orders regulating the march of his army through Georgia, commanding his troops to forage on the country, to abstain from trespassing except when molested by guerrillas, &c., when corps commanders were authorized to devastate the surrounding country....Advance and repulse of a small rebel force near Fort Steadman, army of the Potomac.

10.—Arrest on board of the vessel, of a party of rebels, conspiring to seize the Panama Railroad Co.'s steamship *Salvador*, on the Pacific.

11.—Reconnoissance by the rebels in the Shenandoah Valley....Commencement of the burning of Atlanta, Ga.

12.—The rebels in the Shenandoah Valley attacked our forces but were disastrously repulsed....Burning of Atlanta continued. The public buildings destroyed.

13.—Gen. Sherman's right wing, under Gen. Howard, moved out of Atlanta and began its march through Georgia.

14.—Gen. Sherman's left wing left Atlanta.... Union reverse at Bull's Gap....A division of Price's rebel army assaulted the works at Fayetteville, Ark., but were repulsed.

15.—The last of Sherman's forces left Atlanta.

16.—Gen. Sherman's right wing passed through Jonesboro, Ga....The rebel cavalry, under Wheeler, engaged our cavalry at Bear Creek Station....Jackson, Ga., reached by Sherman's right wing.

17.—A night attack on our lines near Richmond.... A column of Sherman's army occupied McDonough, Ga....Our cavalry occupied Griffin, Ga....Sherman's left wing reached Covington, Ga., the cavalry pushing on to Social Circle.

18.—Sherman's cavalry drove Wheeler out of Barnesville, Ga....Gov. Brown and the Georgia Legislature fled from Milledgeville, Ga....Gen. Butler rejoined the Army of the James....Exchange of prisoners at Savannah; commencement of the reception of our men.

19.—Gov. Brown, of Georgia, issued a proclamation, ordering a levy *en masse* to oppose Sherman.... The advance of Beauregard's army at Waynesboro, Tenn. Beauregard's headquarters at Corinth, Miss., and Hood's at Florence ...Mosby's force captured a party of Union cavalry.

20.—Gen. Sherman attacked East Macon, Ga. His troops crossed the Ocmulgee River, and his cavalry advanced to Griswoldville, eight miles east of Macon, Ga.

21.—Heavy skirmishing near Cumberland Gap.... Gen Sherman's right wing captured Milledgeville, Ga. Gordon, Ga., occupied. Slocum's column reached Etonville, Ga.

22.—Battle of Rood's Hill, Va., between Sheridan's and Early's forces. The rebels being found in superior force, our troops retired....The rebel armies under Hood and Beauregard, having been reinforced by 9,000 men, advanced and encamped 20 miles from Pulaski, Tenn....Sherman's rear guard at Griswoldville attacked. Gen. Slocum's column reached Milledgeville, Ga., where both wings united.

23.—Our forces withdrew from Pulaski, Tenn.... Sherman's cavalry occupied Toomsboro, on the Georgia Central Railroad....Fight near Griswoldville, Ga....Hood's infantry at Waynesboro and Lawrenceburgh....Fight at the Oconee River, Ga.

24.—Second day of fighting up the Oconee River, Ga....Severe skirmishing near Columbia, Tenn.... Sherman's rear guard left Milledgeville, Ga....Slocum's column at Devereaux, Ga....Our troops made a flank movement on Jackson, Miss....Thanksgiving Day.

25.—Attempted Burning of a large number of Hotels in New-York City, by Rebel Spies....Severe fighting west of Columbia, Tenn, between Hood's and Thomas' armies....A large number of Federal prisoners confined at Saulsbury, N. C., attempted to escape, but were overpowered by the guard, who opened upon them with grape and canister....Cavalry battle at Sandersville, Ga....The Mayor of Milledgeville, Ga., sent a dispatch to Macon for provisions, as the citizens were utterly destitute.

26.—Columbia, Tenn., evacuated by Gen. Thomas' army....Gen. Slocum's column of Sherman's army at Warrenton, Ga.—Gen. Howard's column reached Sandersville, Ga., and cut the railroad....Gen. Dix issues an order, declaring those engaged in the attempt to burn New-York spies, and that in case of capture they should be tried by court-martial, and on conviction be executed "without the delay of a single day."

37.—Our stores and sick and wounded removed from Columbia, Tenn., to Nashville....Capture of Roger A. Pryor near Petersburgh, Va....Gen. Canby's troops reached and destroyed Big Black Bridge on the Mississippi Central Railroad.

28.—Our forces evacuated Columbia, Tenn....The rebels surprised and captured Fort Kelly on New-Creek, Va.

29.—Sharp fight at Spring Hill, 12 miles south of Franklin, Tenn.—Our cavalry were driven back on the infantry, who checked the progress of the rebels ....Gen. Foster's expedition, coöperating with Sherman, landed at Broad River.

30.—Battle of Franklin, Tenn.—The rebels attacked Thomas' army at Franklin, but were repulsed at all points with heavy loss. The rebels commenced advancing on our lines at 4 P. M. They charged furiously on our lines, but were driven back and a great victory gained. Gen. A. J. Smith's army passed through Nashville and reinforced Thomas.... Battle of Grahamsville, on the Charleston and Savannah Railroad....Howard's column of Sherman's army passed through Louisville, Ga....A cavalry expedition arrived at Tangipahoe, La....Hon. Jos. Holt appointed Attorney-General.

DECEMBER.

1.—The armies near Nashville engaged in heavy skirmishing....Reconnoissance by Gen. Gregg from the Army of the Potomac. He captured Stony Creek Station and destroyed a considerable amount of stores....Rebel pickets attacked our lines at Bermuda Hundreds....Death of Hon. Wm. L. Dayton, United States Minister to France.

2.—Gen. Breckinridge issued an order to husband arms, &c., and to glean lead from battle-fields.... Gen. Sherman's army passed through Millen, Ga., and encamped in its vicinity.

3.—Wheeler's cavalry attacked Sherman's force on the Savannah Railroad, a few miles below Haynesboro....An expedition sent from Roanoke Island, N. C., which met with perfect succes in destroying rebel property....Heavy skirmishing before Nashville, Tenn.

4.—Lieut.-Com. Fitch defeated and drove the left wing of Hood's army on the Cumberland River, with heavy loss to the rebels. He also recaptured two transports....Capture of rebel works and cannon near Pocotaligo, S. C., by Gen. Foster's troops.... Cavalry battle in Georgia. Sherman's army started for Savannah....Gen. Dix caused the arrest of sixty persons who were under suspicion of being connected with the attempt to burn New-York.

5.—Meeting of Congress.

6.—Heavy skirmishing near Nashville, Tenn.... Rebels defeated near the Charleston and Savannah Railroad....Destruction of Pocotaligo Bridge on the same road.

7.—A cavalry expedition started South from the Army of the Potomac....Engagement near Murfreesboro, Tenn.

8.—A cavalry force sent out on the left of the Army of the Potomac engaged in skirmishing.

9.—Gen. Howard, of Sherman's army, reported that the army had met with perfect success....Reconnoissance from the Army of the Potomac toward Hatcher's Run....Charge on the rebel works at Jarrett's Station, Va.

10.—Gen. Sherman's troops five miles from Savannah....Rebel reconnoissance toward the Army of the Potomac.

11.—A messenger from Sherman's army reached our fleet.

12.—Arrival of Gen. Howard's messengers at Hilton Head, S. C....Sailing from Fortress Monroe, in the night, of the transports of Porter's and Butler's expedition for North Carolina.

13.—Departure of the Great Naval Expedition from Fortress Monroe....Fort McAllister, Savannah, carried by assault, with its garrison and stores ....Sharp skirmishing near Nashville....The St. Albans robbers released by the Canadian Judge Coursol....The rebels routed at Kingsport, Tenn. ....Gen. Sherman reported his arrived before Savannah without the loss of a wagon.

14.—Gen. Dix issued an order on the occasion of the release of the St. Albans robbers, directing military commanders on the frontier to shoot down rebel marauders, and, if necessary, to pursue them into Canada....Interview between Gens. Foster and Sherman....An expedition threatening Mobile reached Pascagoula.

15.—Battle of Nashville Commenced. General Thomas attacked Hood's army at 9 A. M. Our lines advanced on the right five miles. The rebels were driven from the river, from their intrenchments, from a range of hills, on which their left rested, and forced back upon the right and centre. The rebels lost much artillery, many prisoners, and a whole line of earthworks. In the night Hood withdrew his right from the river....The rebel Gen. Forrest attacked Murfreesboro, Tenn....Our forces surprised the rebels at Glades' Spring, Va., in Breckinridge's rear.

16.—Battle of Nashville Continued. Our army again gained a brilliant victory, and put Hood's army to flight, with a loss in the two days estimated at 17,000 men and 51 cannon....A Union force occupied Pollard, 70 miles north of Mobile, and burned the Government and railroad buildings....Secretary Stanton announced that Gen. Canby's two expeditions coöperating with Sherman, had met with perfect success....The rebels attacked and defeated 16 miles from Wytheville, Southwestern Virginia.

17.—Gen. McCook defeated the rebel Gen. Lyon in a sharp fight at Ashbyville, Ky....Gen. Thomas reported continued success in the pursuit of Hood. An engagement six miles beyond Franklin, Tenn....Our troops entered Wytheville, Southwestern Virginia, destroyed the depot and other buildings, and injured the lead mines in the vicinity....A detachment of Union artillery cut up near Millwood, Va.

18.—Gen. Thomas reported that the enemy had been vigorously pursued, but had studiously avoided attack. A few additional prisoners captured....Gen. E. D. McCook defeated a part of the rebel Gen. Lyon's force at Hopkinsville, Ky.

19.—Gen. Thomas reported that little additional progress had been made, on account of stormy weather. Cavalry skirmish and capture of three guns at Spring Hill....The President issued a proclamation calling for 300,000 troops to fill deficiencies in the last draft, and ordering a draft in all districts which had not filled their quotas on February 15.... Gen. Custer's Cavalry started on an expedition up the Shenandoah Valley.

20.—Rearrest of one of the St. Albans robbers.... Gen. Sherman demanded the surrender of Savannah. The city was evacuated by Hardee's army in the night. The rebels blew up their rams at Savannah. ....Capture of rebel salt works at Saltville, Va.

21.—Capture of Savannah, Ga., by Gen. Sherman, with 25,000 bales of cotton, a large amount of stores, and 150 cannon....Recapture of two of the St. Albans robbers....Admiral Farragut appointed Vice-Admiral.....Admiral Porter's fleet appeared before Wilmington....Gen. Custer's force in the Shenandoah Valley engaged with rebel cavalry. The rebels drove in our men, but were afterward defeated.

22.—Fighting near Gordonsville, Va....Loss of the United States transport *North American*, by foundering at sea. 194 lives lost.

23.—Fight near Gordonsville, Va.

24.—Attack on Fort Fisher, Wilmington, by Porter's Fleet. The bombardment lasted from 1 P. M. till night. A furious cannonade.

25.—Attack on Fort Fisher Continued. Our troops landed under cover of the fire from the fleet, and were immediately engaged. In the night our infantry attacked the fort, but were repulsed. The land force reëmbarked....Gen. Thomas' army 21 miles south of Columbia.

26.—Heavy cannonading on Broad River, between Sherman's and Hardee's forces.

27.—Destruction of a fort and artillery at Chickasaw, Ala. The means of crossing the Tennessee River, below Florence, by Gen. Hood, destroyed.

Seizure of a Prize—Conflicting Authority.

The schooner *W. F. Johnson*, laden with sutlers stores, consigned to John Woodruff, sutler, One Hundred and First Pennsylvania Volunteers, Roanoke Island via Hatteras Inlet, to which point she was regularly cleared at Baltimore, on a permit from the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, approved by Gen. Butler, was seized after entering Hatteras by the Supervising Agent of the Treasury Department at Newbern, and returned to Baltimore in charge of a revenue officer, as a lawful prize, she entering through Hatteras Inlet, which, not being a port of entry, and having a cargo amounting to $8,500, being $6,000 more than is allowed by the Treasury regulations to any one sutler per month.

City Notes.—More than one thousand dollars was realized by the promenade concert given by the Thirteenth Regiment at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, on Wednesday evening, for the benefit of soldiers' families. The affair was very successful....Mrs. Lizzie Bell, of this city, is engaged in raising funds to establish a home for the orphan daughters of soldiers. The Home will be located on the Hudson River, near Poughkeepsie, opening in May next with 100 children. Mrs. Bell has testimonials from Edward Everett, Millard Fillmore, Gen. Hooker, Gen. Wool, Senator Sprague, Mayor Gunther, of this city; Mayor Lincoln, of Boston; Mayor Knight, of Providence; Mayor Faxton, of Utica; Mayor Fargo, of Buffalo; and a large number of distinguished clergymen and citizens....The ladies managing the Bazaar at the Everett Rooms, corner of Broadway and Thirty-fourth-street, for the benefit of sick and wounded soldiers, have been greatly disappointed in the sales owing to the inclement weather. Now that fine weather has returned, it is hoped that the many attractions offered at the Bazaar will receive proper attention and patronage. The object in view is a worthy one, and the Bazaar will close on Saturday evening with a grand concert, for which eminent amateur and professional talent is engaged.

A General Raise of City Official Salaries.—She Board of Aldermen on Wednesday evening adopted resolutions and ordinances, fixing the following rates for the salaries of municipal officers, to date from Jan. 1: Mayor, $7,500; Chief Clerk Street Department, $4,000; First Book-keeper, $3,000; First General Clerk, $3,000; Deputy Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies, $3,000; Superintendent of Roads, $3,000; Superintendent of Wharves, $3,000; Keeper City Hall, $2,000; Chief Clerk Croton Aqueduct Department, $3,000. In addition to the above, resolutions were also adopted increasing the salaries of the clerks in the Mayor's office, the Street Department, Croton Aqueduct Department, also the Bureau of Arrears, Comptroller's office. The salaries of the Clerks of Fulton, Catherine, Essex, Clinton and Union Markets, were increased to $1,000 per annum.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Dec. 30, 1864.

$100,000	U.S. 6s, '81 C.	117	200	N. Y. Cen. R.	114
1,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s..R.	109	100	do	113¾
5,000	do	108⅞	100	do....s10	113¾
3,000	U. S. 6s 5-20s, C.	109	100	do....s30	113
50,000	do	109½	100	do	113¼
120,000	do...new iss.	108¾	500	do	113
40,000	do...new iss.	108⅞	3500	Erie Railway	82
8,000	do...new iss.	109	400	do....s5	82
50,000	U.S.5s,10-40s. C.	102	700	do	82¼
10,000	do....b30	102¼	100	do	82⅝
6,000	U.S.6s, 1yr. Cer.	96¾	600	do	82¼
10,000	do	96⅞	400	do	82⅝
10,000	Mo. State 6s	65	35	do	82
2,850	Trea. N. 7 3-10s,		100	do....b15	82¾
	Ap. & Oct.	118	800	do	82⅝
15,000	O. & M. Cer.	32¾	400	do....b30	83
3,000	N.Y.Cen. 7s,'76,	117½	200	do....b25	83
3,000	Erie 1st M. Bs.	104½	100	do....b30	83¼
1,000	Erie 3d M.	114	25	Erie R. Pref.	101
3,000	Chi., B. & Q. 8s,		200	Hudson R. R.	114¾
	1st M.	120	5000	Hud. Riv. R.Sc.	90
1,000	Al. & T. H. 1stM	100	600	Reading R.	114¾
2,000	C.&N.W.S.F.B.	107	100	Mich. Cen. R.	117⅜
10,000	Mich.So. 2d M.	96	100	M. S. & N. I.	70½
10,000	Cl. & To.S.F.B.	108	100	do....b15	71
1,500	At.&G.W.1stM.,		500	do....s30	70¾
	Ohio Div.	97	300	do	70¾
1,000	Mar. 1st M. B.	70	200	do....s30	70¾
5,000	do	68	400	do	70¾
20	Fourth Nat. Bank.	100	100	M. S. & N. I. G.	142
10	First Nat. Bank.	205	100	do	141
300	Canton Co.	35	100	Ill. Cen. R.	126
100	do	35⅛	100	do	125¾
600	Cum. Coal Pr.	44	50	do	125¾
400	do	43⅝	100	do....s30	126
200	do....b30	44	600	Cle. & Pitts.	95¾
800	do	43¾	100	do....b30	95¾
300	do	43¾	600	do	95¼
100	do....b30	43¾	300	Chi. & N. W.	40¼
1000	Amer. Coal Co.	83¼	200	do....b30	40¾
100	Quick. Min.Co.	100	200	do....b30	40¾
100	do	100⅛	200	do....s10	40⅜
100	do	101	500	do	40⅜
100	do	101¼	300	do....s10	40¼
100	Mariposa M. C.	18	500	do	40¼
1500	do	17⅜	200	Clev. & Tol.	108¾
200	do	17½	500	do	109
200	do	17½	700	Chi. & R. I. R.	103⅝
100	do	17	100	do....b30	104
100	Ashburton Coal	18	650	P., Ft. W. & C.	103
200	Copake Iron M.	4	100	do	102⅞
200	Chi. & N.W.Pr.	70⅛	100	do....s10	102⅞
400	do	70¼	100	do	102⅞

SECOND BOARD.

$4,000	U. S. 6s, '81..C.	116⅞	1000	Erie Railway.s30	83⅛
2,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s C.	109	1500	do	84
10,000	do....b30	109⅛	300	do....b30	84⅛
2,500	do...new iss.	108⅜	400	do....b30	83¾
8,500	do...new iss.	108	200	do....s30	83⅝
54,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40s.	101¾	200	do	84⅛
5,000	Tenn. 6s, '90	56	500	do	84⅛
10,000	O. & M. Cer.	32¾	400	do	84⅛
10,000	Amer. Gold	228⅝	400	do	84⅛
100	Cum Coal Pref.	44	200	do....b10	84⅛
200	do	44⅛	1000	Chi. & N. W.	38
100	do....b15	44⅛	1500	do	38⅛
700	Quick. Min.	101⅛	500	do....s10	38⅛
100	do	101⅛	100	do	38⅛
200	Mar. M. Co.	19⅛	400	do	38⅛
100	do	19¼	100	do....s30	38
700	N. Y. Cen.	112⅜	100	Chic.&N.W.Pr.	69¾
100	do....s30	113	300	do	69¾
100	Hudson Riv. R.	115¾	100	do....s10	69¾
500	Reading R.	116	100	do....b60	69¾
400	do....b60	116	100	Chi. & R. I. R.	103
200	Mich. Cen. R.	116	100	C., B., & Q. R.	117
100	M. S. & N. I.	70¾	40	do	117¾
300	Ill. Cen. R.	125⅛	100	P., Ft. W. & C.	103
50	do	125¼	300	do	102⅞
200	Cleve. & Pitts..b10	96	100	Alt. & T. H.	46
400	do	96			

OPEN BOARD—1½ P. M.

$10,000	U.S.5-20s, New		200	Ill. Cen. R.	125¾
	Issue....s3	106	100	Clev. & Pitts	95½
30,000	O. & Miss. C.	32½	200	Chi. & N W....s3	39¼
10,000	do....s3	32½	600	do....s3	39½
100	N. Y. Cen. R....s3	113	600	do....s3	39
100	do....b10	113⅛	100	do	39½
500	Erie R.	82⅝	1300	do....s5	39
300	do....s3	82⅝	400	do....b30	40
100	do....b30	82⅝	100	do....s5	38⅞
200	do....s4	82⅝	700	do....s5	38⅞
700	do....s5	82⅝	600	C. & N. W. Pr..s5	69
1000	do....s3	82½	200	do	69
400	do	82⅝	1100	do....s10	69
300	do....s10	82⅝	400	do	69¼
200	Hud. Riv. R.	114½	100	Canton Co.	35¼
200	do....s3	114⅝	100	do....s3	35¾
100	do	114⅝	100	Quick. M. Co....s3	101⅜
200	Reading R.x-d	114⅝	200	do	101½
200	do	114⅝	100	do	101½
100	Chic. & R. I....s30	103¼	300	do....s3	101½
100	do	103⅛	200	do	101⅞
100	M. S. & N. I.	70¾	100	do	101⅞
700	do	70⅝	400	Mar. Min. Co.	18
300	do....s3	70⅝	800	do	18⅛
100	Mil. & Pr.Du C.	49¾	400	do....s3	18⅛
500	P.,Ft. W. & C.	102⅝	200	do....s3	18⅛
300	do....s3	102⅝	900	do....s5	18⅛
100	do....s3	102⅝	400	do	18⅛
400	do....b5	102⅝			

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

1200	Erie R.	83⅝	300	Chic. & N. W.R.	38⅞
300	do....b4	83⅝	100	do	38⅞
300	do....s3	83⅜	200	do	38⅞
200	do....s10	83⅜	200	do....b30	40⅛
300	do....s5	83⅜	300	do....s3	38⅞
100	Ch. & R. I. R.	103½	400	do....s5	38⅞
100	Canton Co....s3	35⅛	600	C. & N.W.Pr.	69⅛
100	Quick M. Co....b15	102	100	P., F. W. & C.	102⅞

Friday, Dec. 30—P.M.

The notice of the closing of the subscriptions to the United States 10-40 years 5 ₩ cent. Loan at par, and accumulated Gold Interest from the 1st September—the Gold being calculated at 150 ₩ cent.—is made official to-day. The Loan will be absolutely withdrawn after Saturday of next week, Jan 7. The other Gold-bearing Stocks of the United States were higher at the early Board by ½@1 ₩ cent. than yesterday. Later in the day it was deemed possible that the Money market next week may be disturbed by the closing subscriptions to the 10-40 Loan, and there was less eagerness to advance the 5-20 years 6 ₩ cents. The not unusual anxiety to close up the transactions of the Old Year also had its influence with both borrowers and lenders.

The Railway market at the Stock Exchange was better than last night, although *short* sellers continued to press Erie and some of the Western Roads on sale. The rumors of the non-payment of the January Dividend on the Erie Common Stock were not so current, and the stock-jobbing purpose, to promote which *they were started three weeks before the usual dividend period*, appeared to be more generally discussed, if not understood. The following note has been received from the President on the subject, which ought to be satisfactory to the *bona fide* shareholders:

Office of the Erie Railway Company,
New-York, Dec. 30, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

On my return to the city, after an absence of ten days, I find in your money article, of this morning, an intimation that a damaging effect is being exerted on the value of the stock of this Company, from a prevailing impression that the present management of the road will either omit, or materially reduce, from the present rate of 8 ₩ cent. a year, their January dividend.

On this subject, I beg leave to state, that no such idea has, to my knowledge, been entertained by a single individual connected with the management, *and, therefore, this report is without foundation and wholly unauthorized.* The dividend has been earned, and I have no reason to doubt that it will be paid to stockholders, to whom it properly belongs.

Respectfully yours,
ROBERT H. BERDELL, President.

In the afternoon the demand for the Gold-bearing Stocks of the United States was renewed for the 5-20s of the old issue and for the 6 ₩ cents. of 1881. The new issue of 5-20s and the 10-40's were a fraction easier than at the First Board. The New-York Railways, particularly Erie, were decidedly higher, while some of the Westerns, especially Chicago and Northwest, of both classes, were weak and rather pressed on sale.

In the Miscellaneous Shares there was a recovery of 3 ₩ cent. on Mariposa, and a further advance on Almaden Quicksilver of 2½ ₩ cent. from yesterday's sales.

At the close of dealings the following quotations were made as compared with 4 o'clock on Thursday. The Gold Room, which further advanced on the Wilmington failure, in the forenoon to 228@229 ℘ cent., stood 227 ℘ cent. at 4 o'clock.

	Thurs.	Frid.		Thurs.	Frid.
U. S. 6s, 1881	116½	117	Pittsburgh	96¾	96
U. S. 5-20's	108⅜	108⅜	Northwest	40⅝	38¼
T. Certificates	97	96⅞	N. West Pref	70¾	69⅛
N. Y. Central	113¼	113¼	Rock Island	104	103¼
Erie	82	83⅜	Fort Wayne	103¼	102¾
Hudson	114⅜	115½	Cum'land Coal	44	44
Reading	114¼	115	Quicksilver	99	101½
Mich. Southern	71⅛	70⅜	Mariposa	16¼	19
Illinois Cen	124⅜	125⅜	Ohio & M. Certfs	32½	32¾

On inquiry at the close of 'Change hour, we find that the demand for Money was not more urgent than yesterday. At 7 ℘ cent. the supply to Brokers was ample. The distrust as to a change of the market, earlier in the day, grew out of the mere apprehension of another large speculative subscription to the 10-40 Loan, in anticipation of its withdrawal on the 7th of January.

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

Union	120	Hanover	104
America	140	Metropolitan, x. d.	125
City	155	Peoples' x. d.	105
North River	105	Market	102
State of New-York	125	Corn Exchange	109
Commerce	117	Continental	100
American Exchange	129	Atlantic	106
Bank of N. Amer	105	Fourth National	98⅛

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	115	Chi. & N. W. 1sts	95
Erie 1st mort, '68	104	Chi. & N. W. 2ds	98
Erie 3ds, '83	113	L. & W. Bds	108
Erie 4th mort., '80	104¼	Del., L. & W. 1sts	110
Buff. N. Y. & E. 1st m., '77	104	Del. L. & W. 2ds	112
Hud. R., 1st m., '69	106	Tol. & W. 1sts. Ext	100
Harlem 3ds, '68	101	Tol. & Wab. 2ds	80
Chi., B. & Q. 8 ℘ c. 1sts	120	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	107¼
Mich. S. 2ds, 7 ℘ c	94	Pitts, Ft. W. & C. 1sts	112½
Pacific R. 7s, g. by Mo.	85	Pitts, Ft. W. & C. 2ds	103⅜
Alton & T. H. 1sts	99	Pitts., F. W. & C. 3ds	90
Alt. & T. H. 2ds. Pref.	86	Clev. & Pitts. 4ths	78
Al. & T. H. 2ds, Income	78	Miss. & Mo. L. G. 1sts	56
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	107	Chi. & Alt. 1sts	106
Chi. & N. W. Int. B.	95	At. & G. W. 1sts	98

We are requested to direct the attention of parties disposed to adventure in Petroleum Stocks to the advertisement and programme of the New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Consolidated Petroleum and Mining Company, whose transfer office in this city is at No. 71 Broadway.

The Norwich and Worcester Railway Company have declared a half-yearly dividend of 5 ℘ cent., payable Jan. 10.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer United States, New-York, was as follows: Receipts, $4,180,626 87; for customs, $170,575; payments, $4,380,792 99; on account of loan, $143,000; balance, $22,956,538 95.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

HOWES & MACY,

(Late Officers of the Park Bank,)

BANKERS,

30 WALL STREET,

In Rooms lately occupied by J. J. Cisco, Esq., U. S. Aſsiſtant Treasurer.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS; which may be drawn without previous notice, as with the City Banks.

Orders for the purchaſe or sale of United States and other Bonds, Certificates of Indebtedness, Gold, Silver, and all kinds of Stocks, executed for the uſual commiſsion.

Particular attention paid to the collection of Notes, Checks, Bills of Exchange, &c., &c., on all acceſsible points of the United States and Canada. Checks for the proceeds will be sent to the owner's place of buſineſs without delay.

Office Mariposa Company, No. 34 Wall-st.,
New-York, Dec. 31, 1864.

THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTgage Bonds of this Company are requested to meet at this office, this day, at 11 o'clock A. M., prior to the stockholders' meeting, which takes place at 12 o'clock M. W. TITUS, Secretary.

WANTED—ANY PART OF 100 SHARES COLumbia Marine Insurance Stock. Address, stating lowest cash price, A. J. JAUDON'S SONS, No. 6 Broad-st.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

MORNING AND EVENING SERVICES AT the STRONG-PLACE BAPTIST CHURCH, Brooklyn, on SUNDAY next, Jan. 1, 1865. M. B. Anderson, LL. D., President of the University of Rochester, will preach in the morning, at 10½ o'clock; Rev. Thomas Armitage, D. D., of New-York, in the evening, at 7½ o'clock. His subject will be in reference to the commencement of a new year.

TO BIBLE STUDENTS.—LECTURE ON PROphecy, by William Morris, of Philadelphia, in the University Buildings, Washington-square, SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock. Subject—*The Lord's Coming the only and proper Hope of the Church.* Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Subject—*The Ancient Empires and the New World* Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. Subject—*The Restoration of the Jews.*

NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—FREE LECTURE by Frank W. Ballard, Esq., on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 4, at 8 o'clock, at the rooms of the association, No. 161 5th-av., corner 22d st. Subject—*The Stewardship of Wealth, as Illustrated in the Lives of Amos and Abbott Lawrence.* Ladies and gentlemen are invited.

HANSON-PLACE M. E. CHURCH, BROOKLYN.—The Eighth Anniversary of the Hanson-place M. E. Church, Rev. G. W. Woodruff, Pastor, will be held on SUNDAY. Preaching at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. Wm. P. Corbit, of New-York; at 3 o'clock, by Rev. S. Y. Monroe, of Jersey City; and at 7½ o'clock, by Rev. Professor Newhall, of the Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn.

REV. STEPHEN H. TYNG, JR., RECtor of the Church of the Holy Trinity, will preach in the Unitarian Church, 40th st., between 5th and 6th avs., on next and every SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock; also in the Chapel of Rutger's Institute, next and every Sunday morning, at 10¼ A. M. The afternoon service at the latter place begins at 3 o'clock. Rev. Dr. Dyer will preach.

FORSYTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, NEAR Division-st.—Watch-night services THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock. Preaching to-morrow morning by Rev. Mr. Macomber, and in the evening by Rev. G. A. Hubbell, the Pastor. The Week of Prayer will be observed in this church by daily services at 3 and 7½ P. M. The public are invited to participate in this special service. Seats free.

WEEK OF PRAYER.—THE FIRST PRESBYterian Church in the City of New-York, between 11th and 12th sts., in the 5th-av., will be open for prayer and praise daily from 12 to 1 o'clock, during the coming week, commencing on TUESDAY, the 3d of January, 1865. All who are interested in the objects contemplated by the meetings are affectionately invited to attend.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Broome-st., two blocks east of Broadway. The Pastor, Rev. James B. Dunn, will preach, on SUNDAY, a New-Year's sermon, at 10½ A. M.; to children and parents at 2 o'clock, and at 7½ in the evening. Subject—*Pilgrims in the Valley of Humiliation and Regions of Darkness*

AT THE LAIGHT-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH, cor. Laight and Varick sts., St. John's Park. Preaching at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., by the Pastor, Rev. R. S. McGonagal. Subject for the morning—*A New Year's Sermon; Reviews of the Past Year.* Subject for the evening—*What is a Genuine Revival?*

REV. A. FRANCKE MASON WILL preach in the 6th-st. Baptist Church, 6th-st., between avenues B and C, on SUNDAY. Subject, A. M.—*The New Year's Call.* Lecture to workingmen in the evening. Subject—*New Year's Salutation.* Services commence at 7½ o'clock.

THE SUFFERINGS OF CHRIST, THEIR cause, nature, and necessity to human salvation. Rev. Chauncey Giles will deliver a Lecture upon the above subject, SUNDAY EVENING, in the Church of the New Jerusalem, on 35th-st., between Fourth and Lexington avs. Services commence at 7½ o'clock.

MARKET-ST. CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Dutcher, Pastor, will preach in the Market-st. Church, on SUNDAY MORNING AND EVENING. The evening discourse will be appropriate to the New Year. Services at 10½ and 7½ o'clock.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH.—PREACHing by the Pastor, Rev. R. J. W. Buckland, at the Calvary Baptist Church, West 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., SUNDAY, January 1.

REV. JOHN DOWLING, D. D., WILL preach next SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING, at the Bedford-st. Baptist Church, near Carmine, and administer the ordinance of Believers'. Baptism after the morning sermon.

CHRISTIAN CHAPEL, WEST SEVENTEENTH-ST., near SIXTH-AV.—Services LORD'S DAY, Jan. 1. at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Preaching by Urban C. Brewer. Subject for the morning—*The New Year and its Duties.* For the evening—*The Rich Man and Lazarus.*

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST EPISCOPAL Church, corner of 4th-av. and 22d-st. Preaching in the morning by Rev. Dr. McClintock, and in the evening by Rev. Mr. Otheman. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at 3½ P. M.

SERMON ON UNITY.—THE REV. MR. MILLS, of Brooklyn, will repeat, by especial request, in the Church of the Pilgrims, (the Rev. Dr. Storrs',) on SUNDAY EVENING, a sermon recently preached in the South Baptist Church, New-York, on the unity of the Church of Christ.

BELIEVERS IN THE SECOND COMING of Christ and future life only for the righteous worship at Botanic Hall, No. 68 East Broadway. Preaching SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M., by Elder Joseph T. Curry. All interested in the above themes are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Rev. E. P. Rogers, D. D., will preach, by request of the Association, in his church, 5th-av., corner 21st-st., SUNDAY evening, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*The relation of religion to law and lawyers.* The public are invited.

REV. S. H. TYNG, JR., HAVING YIELDED to the wishes of the vestry and congregation, has resigned from this date the rectorship of the Church of the Mediator, and for the present will confine himself to the duties of the Church of the Holy Trinity, the Unitarian Church in 40th-st., the editing of the *Christian Times* and the Chaplaincy of the Twelfth Regiment.

NOTICE.—PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—LARGE Hall, 8th-av., corner 33d-st., Rev. R. C. Shimeall, minister. Services 10½ o'clock A. M. Subject—*The New-Year 1865.* Evening, 7½ o'clock. Subject—*Moral Responsibility.* Seats free.
New-York, Dec. 30, 1864.

REV. JOHN M. GIBSON, OF THE CANADA Presbyterian Congregation, Montreal, son of the late pastor of Fourth Associate Reformed Church, corner of Thompson and Houston sts., will preach in said church on SABBATH EVENING, Jan. 1, 1863. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock.

THIRTY-SEVENTH-STREET M. E. CHURCH—Rev. W. H. Boole, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Watch-night services on Saturday night, commencing at 10.

REV. ISAAC WESTCOTT, D. D., WILL preach in Bloomingdale Church, south side of 42d-st., between 7th and 8th avs., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., a New-Year's Sermon. At 7½ P. M., the Freedmen's Association will meet in the same place. Addresses will be delivered by several clergymen.

SUCCESS IN LIFE—A NEW YEAR'S SERMON to young men. Rev. B. S. Huntington invites the attention of young men to some important suggestions on this subject, on SUNDAY EVENING, at the Church of the Reconciliation, in 31st-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

BLOOMINGDALE BAPTIST CHURCH, 42d-st., between 7th and 8th avs.—A public meeting in furtherance of the objects of the National Freedmen's Relief Association, will be held in this church on SUNDAY EVENING, Jan. 1. Speakers—Rev. John Dudley, of New-Haven; Dr. Mitchell, and others.

NEW-YEAR'S DISCOURSE.—REV. C. C. Goss, of the Christian Alliance, will deliver a New-Year's Discourse to young men in the church, Grand-st., one block east of Broadway, SUNDAY EVENING, 7½ o'clock.

CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC CHURCH—SIXteenth-st., between 6th and 7th avs. Preaching on SUNDAY EVENING, Jan. 1, at 7½ o'clock, by Rev. John S. Davenport. Subject—*The Human Nature of Christ.*

ALL SAINTS PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, corner Henry and Scammel sts., Rev S. J. Corneille, Rector. On SUNDAY, Jan. 1, services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Strangers cordially invited to attend.

PROF. MATTISON WILL PREACH AS usual in 41st-st., near 6th-av., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M. The Lord's Supper at the close of the morning sermon, and the annual presentation of premium books to the children of the Sabbath School at 3 P. M.

AMITY-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH—REV Wm. R. Williams, D. D., Pastor. The Sabbath services of this church will be held regularly hereafter in the rooms of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association, Mortimer's Building, corner of 5th-av. and 22d-st., at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M.

ST. CLEMENT'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Amity-st., near Macdougal. Divine service every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P.M. The Sexton will be at the Church every WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, from 9 to 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of renting pews or seats.

AT THE CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS, in 48th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., Rev. S. A. Baker, Pastor, watch-meeting this P M., commencing at 9 o'clock. Preaching on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., by the Boy Preacher, Rev. E. F. Jones.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION—SITE OF THE Old Brewery. The original permanent Mission at the Points. Rev. J. N. Shaffer, Superintendent. The principal Sunday School at 2 o'clock P. M. Select pieces will be sung by the whole school. Visitors will address the children.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH—EIGHTEENTH-st., near 5th-av. On SUNDAY, Rev. E. Benjamin will preach at 7¾ A. M., the Rector at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M.—the latter sermon for deaf mutes—and Rev. W. F. Morgan, D.D., at 7½ P. M.

JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH, NO. 44 JOHN ST.—Business and Workingmen's Daily Union Prayer-meeting from 12 to 1 o'clock. Christian brethren and friends and the public generally are cordially invited to the special New-Year's service on Monday.

A NEW YEAR'S SERMON ON THE ADVANCE OF THE KINGDOM OF CHRIST BY THE WAR, will be preached by Dr. J. P. Thompson, in the Broadway Tabernacle Church, on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN BAPTIST, (EPIScopal,) Lexington-av., corner East 35th-st. Rev. Cornelius R. Duffie will preach on SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING. Services at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. Strangers furnished with seats.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY—No. 155 Worth-st.—The religious services of this institution will be held in their new Chapel, on SUNDAY, at 3 and 7 P. M. Singing by a choir of two hundred children.

THE NEW CREATION.—THE MESSENGER of the coming Saviour will preach in Hope Chapel, No. 720 Broadway, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Seats free. Strangers invited. Subject—*The Future of the World in the Light of Prophesy.*

THE THIRD OF THE COURSE OF SERmons on the Holy Scriptures, will be preached on SUNDAY EVENING, Jan. 1, in Trinity Chapel, by the Rev. Benj. I. Haight, D.D. Subject—*The Relation of the Scriptures to the Church.*

THERE WILL BE EVANGELICAL PREACHing (in German,) SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock, and in the evening, (in English,) at 7½ o'clock, in the hall, No. 98 Bowery. Seats free.

REV. SAMUEL B. BELL, D. D., WILL preach (D. V.) in the 50th-st. Presbyterian Church, between Broadway and 8th-av., on SUNDAY, Jan. 1, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M. Subjects—Morning—*For the New Year.* Evening—*The Fall.*

CHURCH OF THE HOLY APOSTLES—28th-st. and 9th-av. Sunday evening services at 7½ P. M. Seats free. Sermon on the first SUNDAY EVENINGS in each month on *The Book of Common Prayer.*

BLEECKER-STREET UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, corner of Downing-st.—Rev. S. Cobb, of Boston, Mass., will supply the desk on SUNDAY. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—REV. S. C. Keeler, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and at 7 P. M. Seats free. Strangers are invited to attend. Sacrament after morning service.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL FREE CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, East 14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Rev. R. G. Dickson, Rector. Service at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

NOTICE.—REV. JOHN DE WITT WILL PREACH in the Presbyterian Church on University-place, (late Dr. Potts',) SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at 3½ o'clock P. M.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION—MADIson-av and 35th-st. There will be divine service in this Church on SUNDAY EVENING next, at 7½ o'clock, Rev. Dr. Montgomery will preach.

REV. J. C. DUTCHER WILL PREACH SUNDAY, Jan. 1, in the Dutch Reformed Church, Market-st., corner of Henry, services commencing at 10½ in the morning and 7½ in the evening.

REV. W. H. BENJAMIN, ASSISTANT MINister of the Church of the Holy Communion, will preach on SUNDAY EVENING. Services at 10½, 3½ and 7½ o'clock. Free seats.

AT TRINITY M. E. CHURCH, THIRTY-FOURTH-ST., between 7th and 8th avs. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. Alfred Cookman, 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7 o'clock P. M., SUNDAY, Jan. 1, 1865.

REV. S. A. COREY WILL PREACH IN the Murray Hill Baptist Church, corner of Lexington-av. and 39th-st., SUNDAY morning and evening.

MOUNT OLIVET BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway and 47th-st. Preaching on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M., and at 3½ P. M., by Rev. C. C. Williams, of Brooklyn.

GREAT ANNUAL REDUCTION
DURING THE HOLIDAYS
IN
LADIES' CLOAKS, SACQUES, BASQUES AND CIRCULARS,
AT
GEO. CAREY'S,
No. 476 BROADWAY,
and Nos. 304 and 306 CANAL-ST.

The Public are respectfully informed that they have now an opportunity of Purchasing Winter Garments at such Reduced Prices that the most skeptical cannot fail to discover that they are the Cheapest and Best Cloaks in the City.

A LADY'S INDISPENSABLE PREPARATION FOR NEW-YEAR'S CALLS—One of Madame DEMOREST'S useful and convenient Dress Elevators. Do not fail to get one yourself, and persuade your friends to secure one. Price 75 cents and $1. Sold at No. 473 Broadway, No. 27 East 14th-st., No. 134 Pierpont-st., Brooklyn, and nearly all the trimming stores. Mailed free on receipt of the price.

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COLORED DOMESTICS FROM THE South, and experienced Northern servants, at the Freedman's Employment Bureau, No. 16 Court-st., Brooklyn, basement. Entrance on Joralemon-st.

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A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD BUSINESS ability desires a permanent situation; wholesale gent's furnishing preferred, having been in the latter trade. Also, by another person, a fine penman and accountant, any employment in the evening. Address Box No. 127 *Times* Office.

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WANTED—A SITUATION AS ACCOUNTANT, salesman or book-keeper, by a young man just graduated at Eastman's Commercial College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; had three years' experience in the dry-goods business, and can produce the best of reference and college diploma. Apply at No. 22 Madison-st., New-York City

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR groom by a respectable young man not long in this country; understands his business thoroughly; will be found a useful and valuable servant. Address, for two days, D. R., No. 241 West 35th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTable man, as coachman in a private family; can bring the best of city reference as to honesty, sobriety and capability; has lived six years with his present employer. Apply at the stable, No. 87 10th-st., near 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a young Englishman who thoroughly understands the whole routine of growing and forcing of flowers, fruits and vegetables; good reference. Address T. E. J., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A GOOD PENman and of good address, a situation as salesman or general assistant, in any respectable business; highest references as to character and ability. Address B. N., Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper, a situation where honesty and integrity is appreciated; best of reference. Address B, Box No. 121 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER OR assistant, by a young man of several years' experience; references A No. 1; salary moderate. Address W. P., Box No. 127 *Times* Office.

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WANTED—100 AGENTS, BOTH MALE AND FEmale, to canvass the entire Northern States for a book of thrilling interest, in the sale of which energetic agents are making from $3 to $10 per day. Send for circular soon, and secure the best territory. Apply to S. M. SOUTHARD, Vergennes, Vt.; or H. E. BISHOP McCONKRY, Canton, St. Lawrence County, N. Y.

WANTED—AT CATSKILL WOOLEN MILL, Leeds, N. Y., a first-class carder; must be a man of sober, steady and industrious habits and understand his business. Apply with references, to SAMUEL HANNA, No. 143 Chambers-st., or at the mill as above.

WANTED—A FARMER AND GARDENER, thoroughly a working man, for a small farm in Yonkers; it has a cottage, cows, oxen and horses; man and wife preferred; must understand business and used to work. W. WILSON, No. 102 Pearl-st.

BOY WANTED.—A SMART, ACTIVE BOY, (colored or white,) to take care of a horse, cow and wagon and do chores, in upper part of city; none need apply without best of references as to honesty, industry, &c. Apply to BECKWITH, No. 252 Greenwich-st.

WANTED—IN NORTHERN NEW-YORK, AN English farmer and gardener, with or without family, who would be willing to act as coachman and at the same time direct the cultivation of 100 acres of land. Address R, Box No. 4,979 Post-office, for ten days.

WANTED—A BOY—A STOUT, ACTIVE BOY, 16 years of age, to keep an office clean, run errands, and make himself generally useful. Apply, with references as to honesty, &c., to F. S., Box No. 169 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS NEW-YORK Life Insurance Company, having a large business, an agent for the city of Buffalo, N. Y.; one who has energy and perseverance and can give good reference, may address Box No. 871 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE HOUSE, A smart active American lad of about 16 years; son of a deceased soldier preferred. Address in handwriting of applicant, S. and J., Box No. 3,667 Post-office.

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Also, eight milling machines and sundry tools for making bayonets, tips and butt plates.
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New-York, Dec. 30, 1864.

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WANTED—BY A CAREFUL AND RESPONSIble tenant, a commodious furnished house in the vicinity of Union-square; must have modern improvements and comfortably but not expensively furnished. Address Box No. 3,991 New-York Post-office, or call at No. 44 Barclay-st.

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A LADY DESIRES BOARD IN A STRICTLY private family, where musical instruction, vocal or piano, can be given as part compensation for board. Unexceptionable reference given. Address MUSIC, Box No. 3,813 New-York Post-office.

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NO. 8 PINE-ST.
Real estate, stocks, bonds, &c., at public and private sales.
Sales of furniture at residences, and out-door sales.
Executors', trustees', and other sales solicited, to which personal attention will be given.

Henry D. Miner, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

AUCTION SALE OF ELEGANT CUSTOM-MADE FURS.
MINOR & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction on SATURDAY, Dec. 31, at 11 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., very large and beautiful assortment of custom-made furs, comprising Hudson Bay Sables, Mink, Royal Ermine, Fitch and French Sable, Siberian and American Squirrel, Chinchilla and other fashionable Fur Circulars, Capes, Collars, Muffs and Cuffs.
Also, a large and splendid assortment of misses' and childrens' furs.
Also, robes, gauntlets, caps, foot-muffs, &c.
The stock of a Broadway dealer retiring from business

Edward Schenck, Auctioneer.
SUPERB CLOCKS, BRONZES,
FRENCH VASES, FIGURES, TOILET SETS,
SILVER PLATED WARE, &c.,
Suitable for holiday presents.
By EDWARD SCHENCK, THIS DAY, 31st inst., at 10½ o'clock, at his salesroom, No. 60 Liberty-st., an elegant variety of the above goods. Sale peremptory.

D. W. Ives & Co., Auctioneers, No. 646 Broadway.
WILL SELL THIS DAY, AT RETAIL, A line of superb fancy goods, at 20 per cent. less than cost; also albums, bronzes, parians, silver-plated ware, stuffed birds, work and fancy tables, suitable for holiday presents; also Chinese and Japanese goods and sea shells.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF A FIRM IN the dry-goods jobbing business in this city, will terminate in January. One of the partners desiring to withdraw, the other wishes to meet with an energetic man, experienced in the line of business, with $20,000 capital, to take his place; or failing to get such, the stock, fixtures and lease will be disposed of on satisfactory terms. The location is a first-rate one; rent reasonable; stock about $25,000; sales the present year half a million, for cash and 30 days, and can be increased indefinitely. Address Box No. 5,242 New-York Post-office.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the name of McCREDY & ARMOUR, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partners will sign in liquidation.
New-York, Dec. 17, 1864. DENNIS A. McCREDY,
PAUL J. ARMOUR.

THE FIRM OF E. S. JAFFRAY & CO., of No. 350 Broadway, having been dissolved by the death of one of the partners, Mr. Arthur W. Jaffray, the business of said firm will be continued at the same place by the subscribers, surviving partners, under the same firm name.
EDWARD S. JAFFRAY,
J. W. BARROW.
Dated New-York, Dec. 27, 1864.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—THIS IS TO certify that the firm of PENDELTON & ROBINSON is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
W. H. PENDLETON.
B. ROBINSON, Jr.
New-York, Dec. 28, 1864.

No. 53 Exchange-place, New-York, Nov. 15, 1864.
HAVING ASSOCIATED WITH US MR. CHARLES H. DABNEY, the business of our firm will, from this date, be continued under the name of DABNEY, MORGAN & CO.
J. PIERPONT MORGAN & CO.

THE INTEREST OF SAMUEL W. TRIBET in our firm expires THIS DAY, by limitation.
BLIVEN & MEAD.
Dec. 31, 1864.

LOST AND FOUND.

$50 REWARD.—OVERCOAT LOST, PASSING from Cherry and Catharine sts. up Catharine, Bowery and 4th-av. to 17th-st., supposed near Broome-st., a bundle containing a new blue overcoat. The finder will receive the above reward by leaving it at No. 414 Water-st., New-York.

LOST—100 SHARES ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY stock, Certificate No. 13,512, in name of J. A. Underwood & Son.
All persons are forbid negotiating the above, the transfer having been stopped. JEROME, RIGGS & CO.

CLOTHING.

P. L. ROGERS' SONS'
CLOTHING
AND
FURNISHING STORE.

Our friends and the public are hereby informed that the business of the late P. L. Rogers is conducted by his SONS on the same liberal terms as heretofore.
No. 214 BROADWAY,
UNDER BARNUM'S MUSEUM,
and directly
OPPOSITE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

FURNITURE.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture. Also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamented, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGinated the nitrous oxide, and extract teeth without pain, or make no charge. Come to headquarters. None but the best dental work done. Office No. 19 Cooper Institute.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall. All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE
FIFTH COLLECTION DISTRICT, STATE OF NEW-YORK.
7th, 10th, 13th, and 14th Wards of the City of New-York.
SPECIAL INCOME TAX.

Notice is hereby given that the list of taxes assessed in accordance with the provisions of the joint resolution of Congress, approved July 4, 1864, imposing a special tax of five per centum upon the gains, profits or income for the year ending Dec. 31, 1863, has been returned by the Assessor of the Fifth Collection District of the State of New-York, to the Collector thereof, and that said taxes are now due and payable, and payment thereof is hereby demanded, and the said Collector will attend to receive the same at his office, No. 561 Broadway, in the City of New-York, daily, (Sundays excepted,) from the 21st day of December, 1864, A. D., to the 31st day of December, A. D., 1864, inclusive, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 3 o'clock P. M. A personal notice, by mailing, demanding payment within ten days from its service, will be mailed to the address of each person on the list, and all persons who shall neglect to pay the sums so demanded within the time specified in such special notice, will be liable to pay *ten per centum* additional upon the amount thereof, and also a fee of *twenty cents* each for the service of the said notice.
JOSEPH HOXIE,
Collector Fifth District, State of New-York.
New-York, Dec. 10, 1864.
N. B.—The above taxes may be paid immediately, if parties so desire.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination, by all persons interested, viz.:

1. Building sewer in Third-avenue, from Ninth to Tenth-street.
2. Building sewer in Third-avenue, from One Hundred and Eighth to One Hundred and Tenth-street.
3. Paving Thirty-second-street, from Sixth to Seventh-avenue, with trap-block.
4. Paving Forty-first-street, from Madison to Fifth-avenue, with trap-block.
5. Paving Forty-third-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue, with trap-block.
6. Laying cross-walks in Sixth-avenue, from Forty-seventh to Fifty-seventh-street.
7. Flagging in Broadway, from Fiftieth to Fifty-second-street.
8. Building sewer in Forty-third-street, from Eleventh to Twelfth-avenue.
9. Regulating and grading Eighty-second-street, from First to Second-avenue.
10. Paving Sixtieth-street, from Broadway across Ninth-avenue, with trap block.
11. Building a Sewer in Oliver-street, from Chatham-square to Madison-street.
12. Setting curb and gutter, and flagging Fortieth-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue.
13. Setting back curb and gutter in Marketfield-street.
14. Sixteenth-street, from Avenue B to East River, setting curb and gutter.
15. Building a sewer in First-avenue, from Fifty-eighth to Sixtieth-street, and in Fifty-ninth-street, from First to Second-avenue.
16. Setting curb and gutter, and flagging Forty-eighth-street, from Lexington to Sixth-avenue.

The limits embraced by such assessment, include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated as follows:

1. All the lots on the easterly side of Third-avenue, from Ninth to Tenth-street.
2. All the lots on Third-avenue and upon the intersecting streets, to the extent of one-half the blocks each side from One hundred and Eighth to One hundred and Eleventh-street.
3. All the lots on both sides of Thirty-second street, to the extent of half the block on the avenues from Sixth to Seventh-avenue.
4. All the lots on both sides of Forty-first street, from Madison to Fifth-avenue.
5. All the lots on both sides of Forty-third street from Fifth to Sixth-avenue.
6. All the lots in the westerly half of the blocks lying on the east side of Sixth-avenue, from Fifty-second to Fifty-eighth-street.
7. All the lots on both sides of Broadway from Fiftieth to Fifty-second-street.
8. All the lots on both sides of Forty-third street from Eleventh-avenue to Hudson River.
9. All the lots on both sides of Eighty-second-street from First to Second-avenue.
10. All the lots on both sides of Sixtieth-street, from Broadway to the middle of the block between Ninth and Tenth avenues.
11. All the lots on both sides of Oliver-street, from Chatham-square to Madison-street.
12. All the lots on both sides of Fortieth-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue.
13. All the lots on both sides Marketfield-street, from Broad to Whitehall-street.
14. All the lots on both sides of Sixteenth-street, from Avenue B to East River.
15. All the lots in block numbers 174 and 175; also all the lots fronting First-avenue, in block numbers 85 and 86.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement new court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice; and a hearing will be given to all such, on the 24th day of January next, at 12 o'clock at noon.
DANIEL E. DELAVAN,
MORGAN L. HARRIS,
DANIEL D. CONOVER,
Board of Assessors.
Office Board of Assessors,
New Court-house, Dec. 24, 1864.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

Paving Twenty-second-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue, with trap-block.
Paving Fortieth-street, from Ninth to Tenth-avenue, with trap-block.
Paving Forty-seventh-street, from Third-avenue to east side of First-avenue, with trap-block.
Paving William-street, from Fulton to John-street, with trap block.
Paving Forty-eighth-street, from Second to Third-avenue, with trap-block.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on both sides of Twenty-second-street, to the extent of half the block from Fifth to Sixth avenues.
Also, all the lots on both sides of Fortieth-street, to the extent of half the block from Ninth to Tenth avenues.
Also, all the lots on both sides of Forty-seventh-street, to the extent of half the block from Third-avenue to Avenue A.
Also, all the lots on both sides of William-street to the extent of half the block from Fulton to John streets.
Also, all the lots on both sides of Forty-eighth-street, to the extent of one-half the block from Second and Third avenues.
[This notice is a readvertisement of all the assessment lists herein referred to.]
All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to one of the undersigned, at their office, number thirty-two Chambers-street, basement new Court House, within thirty days from the date of this notice.
DANIEL E. DELAVAN,
MORGAN L. HARRIS,
DANIEL D. CONOVER, Board of Assessors.
Office Board of Assessors,
New-Court House, Dec. 22, 1864.

Office of the Collector of Internal Revenue, 32d District, State of New-York, 1st, 2d and 4th Wards City of New-York, No. 130 Broadway.

SPECIAL INCOME TAX.—NOTICE IS HEREby given, that the list of taxes assessed in accordance with the provisions of the joint resolution of Congress, approved July 4, 1864, imposing a special tax of five per centum upon the gains, profits or income for the year ending Dec. 31, 1863, has been returned to me by the Assessor of the District, and that said taxes are now due and payable, and payment thereof is hereby demanded.
A personal notice by mailing, demanding payment within ten days from its service, will be mailed to the address of each person on the list who shall omit to pay such tax for more than ten days from the date hereof, for which a fee of twenty cents will be added. And all persons who shall neglect to pay the sum so demanded within the time specified in such special notice will be liable to pay *ten per centum* additional, and a fee of twenty cents each for the service of the notice. Office open from 10 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M.
New-York, Dec. 12, 1864.
SHERIDAN SHOOK, Collector.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall. All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
SAMUEL WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall, on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
WM. JOYCE.
Committee on Roads.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the Committee are invited to attend.
GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES REILY,
Committee on Fire Department.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, DEC. 31, 1864.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the Times (Daily) is Four Cents.
To Mail Subscribers per annum..........$10 00
Including Sunday morning edition, $12.

The Semi-Weekly Times.
One copy 1 year..........$3 00
Two copies 1 year..........5 00

The Weekly Times.
One copy 1 year..........$2 00
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Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the Weekly and Semi-Weekly, at Club Rates.

Payments invariably in advance.

We have no authorized traveling Agents. Remit in checks or post office money orders wherever it can be done.

Address H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—Panorama 2,000 Feet Long, Three Mammoth Fat Girls, Weighing One Ton! Three Giants, Two Dwarfs, Indian Warriors, French Automatons, &c. Dramatic Entertainments Morning, Afternoon and Evening.

NIBLO'S—All Hallow's Eve—In Place and Out of Place—The Half-Pay Man.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—The Streets of New-York.

WINTER GARDEN—Hamlet.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—Day and Evening.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—Magic.

HIPPOTHEATRON—Equestrianism, Gymnastics and Acrobatic Performances.

BROADWAY THEATRE—The Live Indian—The People's Lawyer.

THEATRE FRANCAIS, (Niblo's Saloon)—Every Tuesday and Saturday Evenings.—Les Poseurs on Etre et Paraitre.

CRAYON ART GALLERY—Paintings.

TURKISH HALL, 720 Broadway—(Afternoon)—Matinee.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Presentation Concert.

COOPER INSTITUTE—Concert.

MUSEUM—No. 389 Broadway—Open Day and Evening.

WALLACK'S—The Wife's Secret.

EVERETT ROOMS—(Broadway and 34th-st.)—Concert.

The List of Letters.

The list of letters remaining uncalled for in the Post-office, published officially in the columns of the New-York Times, can be consulted in the Business Office of the Times. It will be found upon a bulletin inside the building.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Gen. Stoneman, who arrived at Nashville on Thursday night, on his return from the great raid into Southwestern Virginia, fully confirms the previous reports of the extent of the damage done. Gen. Breckenridge's forces were found scattered in small detachments, beaten in detail, and finally driven over the mountains into North Carolina. Every bridge on the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad, from Bristol to New River, were destroyed. Thirteen trains of cars, with their engines, were captured. Among other spoils were 2,000 horses, 1,000 mules, and 24 officers and 845 men taken prisoners. The salt works and lead works were entirely destroyed.

The accounts from Gen. Hood's army are conflicting. Admiral Lee telegraphed on the 27th that Hood was crossing on a pontoon bridge above Little Muscle Shoals, and that he was unable to reach him with his gunboats. A dispatch via Philadelphia, yesterday, says that Hood's pontoon bridge had been broken by the gunboats, and that his army could not cross. But this report is doubtless unfounded.

In regard to the raid by our forces from Pensacola, a rebel dispatch from Mobile dated Nov. 27, says: "The Yankee raiders from Pensacola to Pollard destroyed all the public and some private buildings, damaged the road considerably, and the bridge over the Escambia was partly destroyed. Capt. Henry Pope, Quartermaster, was captured. A few negroes were stolen. Yesterday our forces pursued them. A portion of their supplies and transportation was captured. The road was strewn with their dead. There was an infantry force of another raiding party near Good's Mills and Pensacola. Sunday its advance was met by our cavalry and driven back several miles."

Richmond papers of the 28th admit the severe and perhaps mortal wounding of the guerrilla Mosby, heretofore reported through our own sources. He was shot by the hand of the same warfare which he has most relentlessly waged against his more open-handed foes.

By orders from headquarters at Nashville, no passes will be issued at Louisville to citizens north of Nashville, unless permission is previously obtained from Gens. Sherman, Thomas or Miller, Commandant at Nashville.

Lieut.-Col. W. O. Boyle, son of Gen. J. L. Boyle, of Louisville, was killed at Marion, Va., on the 18th, while leading his regiment in an engagement with Breckinridge's forces.

We print further details of the Wilmington expedition this morning, from our special correspondent with the fleet. Admiral Porter does not seem disposed to abandon his share of the work.

Capt. Semmes arrived in Richmond on Tuesday, from Europe, via Matamoras.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamship *City of Manchester*, from Liverpool Dec. 14, via Queenstown Dec. 15, arrived at this port last evening. Her news is anticipated.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Gold-room was advanced to 229 yesterday morning, but fell back to 227 ℔ cent. There was an advance in the forenoon in the Government Gold-bearing Stocks of ½@1 ℔ cent., and in the afternoon a recovery on the Stock of the Erie Railway, the President of which, in a note to the editor of this paper, emphatically contradicts the rumor of the non-payment of the January Dividend. The market for Money steady at 7 ℔ cent. to the Brokers.

A pretty fair demand prevailed for the principal kinds of Produce, yesterday, at somewhat firmer prices. General merchandise attracted rather more attention, and was very stiffly held. Light freight engagements were reported.

As usual at the end of a year, we have prepared, and now present to our readers in our general market report, a series of very interesting comparative tables of prices of the leading articles of domestic produce and general merchandise at the close of each of the last two years. At the close of last year, Gold was quoted at 152; yesterday, at 227½@230.

Both Boards of the Common Council met yesterday. They concurred in adopting a resolution tendering the use of the Governor's Room to place the body of Minister Dayton in state, while it may remain in the city. The Councilmen concurred in the resolution to annul the present contracts with the city for gas, and empowering the Street Commissioner to make new contracts for a term of three years. They also adopted a preamble and resolutions complimentary to Brevet Maj.-Gen. Thomas W. Eagan, now in the city, recovering from wounds received before Petersburgh, for his patriotism and valor, and tendering him the use of the Governor's Room for a public reception. Both Boards adjourned till to-day, the Aldermen at 12 M. and the Councilmen at 2 P. M. The Supervisors also meet at 12 M. to-day. These three Boards will close up their business for the year and adjourn *sine die* to-day. The new Common Council will meet at 12 o'clock M. on Monday.

Edwin F. Richards, Captain Fifty-ninth New-York Volunteers, has been discharged the service on account of physical disability, in consequence of wounds received in action.

The labors of the Canal Board for the present year closed to-day. An important case affecting the mill owners at Black Creek was postponed until the next meeting. On motion of Comptroller Robinson a resolution was adopted expressing for the members their high appreciation of the ability, integrity, courtesy and kindness with which Lieut.-Gov. Jones uniformly discharged the duties of presiding officer of the board, tendering him their cordial wishes for his future happiness and prosperity.

Mrs. Elizabeth Dusenberry, of No. 5 Goerk street, having had difficulties with her husband and become tired of life, administered Parsons' rat poison to three of her children on putting them to bed on Thursday night, and yesterday morning took a large potion, intending to poison herself. One of the children died yesterday afternoon, and the death of the others is hourly expected.

Sixty thousand dollars in silver bars have been received at San Francisco from Idaho, the first shipment of silver from the new silver mines in Southwestern Idaho, which promise to rival those in Nevada. The California press is inclined to condemn the attempts making by the Government to enforce the laws for the protection of timber on the public lands. Most of these lands are mineral, and the timber is necessary to carry on mining operations. As it is reserved from sale, there is only one way to obtain it. Sherman's success excites profound satisfaction in California. The rainy season continues.

The Finished Year—What It Has Done Against the Rebellion.

No year of the war has been so effective against the rebellion as that which closes to-day. None has brought us so few reverses, so many successes, in our military and naval operations; and in all the other ways none has so decidedly turned the scale in our favor.

The reverses of any account have been only four in number: two of some magnitude, that of the Red River expedition in April, and that of the Wilmington expedition, which has just taken place—and two of comparatively small importance, the defeat at Olustee, Fla., in February, and the unfortunate issue of the mine explosion before Petersburgh in July. None of these reverses involved much loss of life or material. They were, in fact, rather failures to accomplish certain objects than any serious injury in a positive way. Our successes have been manifold, and have all contributed directly to the downfall of the rebellion. Of the two grand campaigns, Gen. Sherman's from Chattanooga to Savannah has been one line of unbroken triumph. He has met the rebels nowhere but to overcome them. Gen. Grant has not had such positive victories over the enemy, and yet, with that single exception at Petersburgh, he has made the enemy suffer more than himself in every engagement. If his campaign has not fully accomplished his primary object, like that of Sherman, it still has gained a secondary end of great importance. Though Richmond is not captured, the enemy's hold upon it has been greatly weakened. It now takes more than three-fourths of the troops of the Confederacy to defend its Capital. Indeed there is the best reason to believe that Gen. Grant himself would rather keep the rebel army powerless, as it is, in his present grip, than have it out of Richmond, free to make head against our movements in other fields.

The old year opened with the Army of the Potomac on the Rapidan, some seventy miles distant from Richmond, and confronted with an army which was about equal to it in magnitude, and which was even threatening an invasion of the North. It closes with the Army of the Potomac within six miles of Richmond, as strong as ever, beleaguering an enemy greatly reduced in numbers, that has ceased entirely even to dream of a northward march, and only counts itself fortunate in having thus far escaped the necessity of a precipitate flight into the rebel regions South. It opened with the Army of the Tennessee facing all the mountain strongholds of Northern Georgia, which were guarded by the consummate generalship of Johnston, with a magnificent command. It closes with all these strongholds reduced, with Johnston himself in retirement, and all his army of veterans either under the sod, or prisoners in our hands, or flying half distracted, and with our own columns pushed through to the ocean, and ready to turn and strike the Confederacy at every vital point. In the minor operations the success has been decided everywhere. Price's army invaded Missouri only to be broken and scattered. Hood's army marched into Tennessee only to be half annihilated.

Our naval operations have been signally successful. The forts of Mobile have been captured by exploits hardly to be paralleled in history, and the great rebel iron-clad *Tennessee*, which was a most formidable menace to our Gulf fleet, has struck its flag. The *Albemarle*, which was our dread in the North Carolina waters, has been sent to the bottom. The *Alabama*, the scourge of our commerce, and the *Florida* also lie beneath the waves. The high seas are now clear of all rebel pirates. The year has, in fact, virtually made an end of the entire available portion of the so-called Confederate navy.

But above all the mighty military and naval advantage which the year has given us, stands the stupendous political and moral triumph of the Presidential election. That controversy between the principles of the Baltimore platform and of the Chicago platform, was really the determining struggle of the war. When the people deliberately and solemnly pronounced for the former with that magnificent emphasis, all the old danger forever vanished, and the overthrow of the rebellion became thenceforward only a question of time. In virtue of this, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-four will ever stand in history as the decisive year of the rebellion. It bequeathes to its successor splendid military gains; but immeasurably better yet, it transmits a loyal spirit of the North, tested to the uttermost, and known to be proof against every military vicissitude. It is that, which, with the blessing of Heaven, seals the deliverance of the nation.

The Legal Profession.—The death of William Curtis Noyes is to be made the occasion of an address by Rev. Dr. Rogers, at the South Dutch Church, to-morrow evening, to the Young Men's Christian Association and the Law Schools of the city, on the "Relations of the Law and Lawyers to Christianity." In the existing state of American society and of public affairs, it would be difficult to mention a more important theme. The absence among us of a large class of men of leisure and cultivation, such as is found in nearly every European country, leaves to the clergy and the bar all but a monopoly of our mental training, and the lawyers may be said to be the only men in the community who bring disciplined intellects to the discharge of public duties. The natural consequence is, that the management of our political affairs, at least at the North, has always fallen, and will probably always fall largely into their hands; and this fact alone, to say nothing of their being administrators of the law, render, and will always render, their character and aims as men, of the last importance to the country.

American Facts and European Judgments.

The London *Times* demonstrates very conclusively to itself that Sherman's march must ruin him, yet has the grace to say: "If this enterprise be brought to a successful termination, Gen. Sherman will undoubtedly be entitled to the honor of having added a fresh chapter to the theory and practice of modern warfare." Well, this "fresh chapter" is added. In the face of the old rule never to break connection with a military base on penalty of destruction, Gen. Sherman has marched from the mountains to the sea, safe and triumphant.

Is it not about time for European journals to be a little less dogmatic concerning American affairs? They have as yet made hardly a prediction touching the controlling elements and operations of this war, which has not been falsified by the event. We have never yet undertaken an important naval expedition, or a military campaign, or the siege of a stronghold, that they have not foredoomed to failure. All of our financial measures they have in like manner declared would surely draw us down into hopeless bankruptcy. They have with the same positiveness asserted that the Northern people would not long submit to the taxation and the conscription necessary to carry on the war. They have for four livelong years been proving, by every precedent in history, and by every maxim of military, financial and political science, that we were on the brink of ruin.

This was natural enough. It came, in some measure, from an ill-will toward us, and the adverse bias of judgment which such feeling is apt to produce. But it came more yet from an actual inability to measure our concerns except by European standards. The mind of the Old World experiences precisely the same difficulty in comprehending the human movements of the New, as in comprehending our cataracts and caves, our mountains, prairies and rivers. All things are on a scale here absolutely beyond its power of appreciation. Its notions of possibility are all bounded by what has been seen and experienced that side of the water. This is especially true of the English. There is a certain contraction in all their conceptions which seems to characterize all islanders. Your regular John Bull takes instinctively to the belief that the earth is square,

> "*Because* he'd journeyed fifty miles, and found
> No sign of its being circular anywhere."

All of his generalizations are based only on facts within his range. The London cockney, who considers the State of New-York as but Yorkshire in miniature, and the Mississippi as but a trifle to the Thames, is about as intelligent in his way as the London *Times* in its usual estimates of our national development and resources. Even the best English minds show this inaptitude. Carlyle, who is generally supposed to have the most piercing vision in Great Britain, after a long gaze, pronounced our war to be only the burning out of a dirty chimney. The excellent Oxford Professor, Goldwin Smith, after having for many weeks been on the spot studying the contest with his utmost fidelity, if we are to judge from his own parting speeches, could make little else of it, either politically or morally, than that it was a struggle for and against African slavery. He gave us all his sympathies on that score. His English mind did not appear to take in the fact that this war is primarily and supremely a war for the Union, or to realize the transcendent national issues involved, which every American backwoodsman understands.

Of course, if Englishmen cannot perceive things here in their real magnitude and relations, they can form no correct judgment respecting our affairs. We have long since ceased to look for these. The most powerful demonstrations and prognostications of the British periodicals and newspapers have come to us very much as the quackings of a duck-pond when the canopy was aflame with the lightnings. They have long since ceased to be noticed, except to excite a smile when they happen, as in the present case, to reach our shores in the very face of the actual event. It is then not so much the intrinsic contrast between the solid fact and the gaseous oracle, that we laugh at, as their funny collision.

Undoubtedly the European mind will in the end attain a better comprehension of American powers and American methods. There are even now, we think, some signs of progress. This direct intimation of the London *Times*, that Gen. Sherman may, after all, finally add "a fresh chapter" to military theory and practice, is a glimmer in the right direction. The enlightenment will be slow, of course, yet it will come, we dare say, before this century closes.

The Loss of the Transport North America.—The facts connected with the loss of the transport *North America* are painful enough, even in their baldest aspect. The loss of one hundred and ninety-four lives, out of a crew and passenger list of two hundred and fifty-nine, is, by its mere magnitude, an appalling disaster. But, when we find in the details of the terrible story, that out of the entire number on board the *North America*, two hundred and three were sick soldiers—a large majority of them, probably, unable to help themselves in the extreme crisis, we have to leave to imagination to picture the horrors of the catastrophe. The scene becomes yet more heart-sickening, as we read the statement of the chief officer of the ill-fated vessel. We have no doubt that statement presents the main facts of the situation, from the time when the condition of the vessel had begun to be appreciated. But we have seldom perused a record so little satisfactory, as to the actual means employed to prevent the sacrifice of life. We do not wish to go into details. But we ask attention to the fact that, between the time when it was found (22d Dec., 1 P. M.) that water was rapidly gaining in the hold of the vessel, until the last boat left her—six full hours had elapsed, and that for five of these hours a vessel, perfectly prepared to render relief, was near by.

We might point out other features in the statements which demand investigation; but we have indicated sufficient to form the basis of a rigid inquest—in the interest alike of the officers of the *North America*, and the public generally.

The Border Thieves—New Symptoms of Trouble.

Simultaneously with the announcement that Judge Smith, of Montreal, has released one of the rearrested robbers, and given him the chance of appearing as a witness to prove the belligerent character of his Confederates, we have a proclamation of Jeff. Davis', declaring the pirates concerned in the attempted capture of the steamer *Michigan*, on Lake Erie, to be Confederate officers. The coincidence of these judicial and executive proceedings is made specially remarkable by the fact, that the robber discharged by Mr. Justice Smith offers to swear that the piratical enterprises on the lakes, and the St. Albans robberies were part and parcel of one scheme. The witness further alleges that this scheme was concocted in Chicago, in August last; that its prime object was the release of the prisoners on Johnson's Island, and that, failing in accomplishing this object, then a system of plunder was to be instituted similar to that employed at St. Albans.

We may dismiss, for the moment, the question, whether the discharge of a prisoner, whose first act thereupon is to confess himself one of a band of conspirators organized for indiscriminate plunder on the border, with Canada as, at once, a base of offensive operations, and an asylum for criminals, is a fair interpretation of international law between two communities living in apparent friendship. We know that, if the actual treaty and statutory obligations which are supposed to govern the authorities on both sides, *can be twisted* so as to enable the pirates at Toronto and the robbers at Montreal to escape scot free, it will be done. Therefore it is needless for us to make a special plea on the ordinary grounds of comity. But we take this occasion to remind the authorities of the Province that their evident subserviency to Davis and his fellow-conspirators is the service of the hound to his master. Davis issues his decree that the Canada pirates and robbers shall be treated, in all respects, as commissioned servants of an independent Government. Let us ask the colonists just to reflect, for one moment, by what right Davis has earned his title thus to control the policy of the British authorities on either side of the Atlantic? It was made the especial boast of the Solicitor of the Confederate War Department, in August last, that the Department had 25,000 *British subjects* in active service in the rebel armies. And the simple fact that such a fine company of British conscripts were helping to do the work of the rebellion, was made the basis of an argument against releasing a British subject of the name of Ogden, held to service by a rebel military edict. The facts were all elicited in a Confederate District Court, and were reproduced in these columns.

If, then, Davis entertained such a contempt of British power that he was able to boast through one of his subordinates that he had 25,000 British subjects doing him involuntary service, it is easy to see how he should slip forward at this particular juncture, and warn the British Provincial authorities against the attempt to assert their own municipal laws to his prejudice. Davis knows precisely—from having tried it—how far he can reckon upon the entire subservience of the British "neutrals" where his interests are at all in jeopardy. He has timed his proclamation in the case of the Canadian pirates and robbers, to the hour. The discharged burglar at Montreal echoes every word of the missive from Richmond.

But these "neutral" arrangements have their limit. In no unfriendly spirit, we tell our colonial neighbors they are likely to make the continuance of friendly relations with us impossible.

The Moral Aspect in Georgia.—Gentlemen who have left Savannah since Sherman's occupation of the city, inform us that the people seem to be quite satisfied with the change which has been effected by the new order of things. The furious declamations of the rebel leaders and newspapers did not at all represent the spirit of the people. They had suffered for years in every conceivable way, from the terrible tyranny of the rebel leaders; and Gen. Sherman at once removed some of the most odious restrictions which they had long groaned under; and this was duly appreciated by the citizens. They have been treated with kindness and in a conciliatory manner; and our army have exhibited toward them that demeanor which is the result of discipline, and that chivalry which is characteristic of the American soldier. Gen. Sherman has appropriated none of their houses or private property for military purposes, and in all respects has interfered with them as little as possible. On Sunday last, the churches were opened as usual, service being conducted by the resident clergymen; and our soldiers mingled freely at service with the citizens of both sexes, and mutual courtesy and respect were shown. Gen. Geary is Post-Commandant, and he has established an excellent provost system, under which citizens are not required to have military passes to move about the city, such as were previously required from every one, black and white, male and female. Gen. Sherman himself was temporarily staying, by invitation, at the house of an old resident of Savannah.

We may remark that, throughout the entire State of Georgia, as well as in its chief city, the population generally have acted toward our troops in a very different manner from what might have been expected from reading the rebel papers, and the proclamations of rebel Generals. The Georgians did but few of the terrible things they were called upon to do, and which we were told they would do. They did not destroy all the supplies, nor fire all the towns, nor burn all the cotton, nor block up all the roads, nor desolate and demolish things generally in Sherman's front. The Governor of the State, and the Legislature, and other such great folks, ran away, it is true; but that is about the worst sign we met with. We trust that the people of Georgia will soon see that it is for their interest, in every respect, to be again within the pale of the National Union.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

Washington, Friday, Dec. 30.

NEW-YEAR'S AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The usual New-Year's reception will be held at the White House on Monday. The following hours of reception will be observed: Foreign Ministers and Members of the Cabinet, from 12 to 12½; the Supreme Judges, with those of the Court of Claims and the officers of the army and navy, from 12½ to 1 o'clock; and the citizens at large from 1 to 3 P. M.

OUR PRISONERS AT THE SOUTH.

Col. Mulford, Government Agent for the exchange of prisoners, is here in conference with the authorities upon this subject. It is understood that some definite arrangements will shortly be made which will facilitate exchanges.

Col. Mulford has laid before the Government some very important facts concerning our prisoners, which have hitherto been unknown. The rebels claim to have about fifty-five thousand of our men in their hands. The deaths which have occurred among Union prisoners are very large in number. Altogether there are in different parts of the South about seventeen prison camps, of which Andersonville, Ga., is the largest. During the last nine months upward of fourteen thousand of the Union prisoners confined in this camp have been buried.

Notwithstanding there was an agreement made some two months ago between Gens. Grant and Lee that each of the parties should alleviate the sufferings of their prisoners with blankets and medical stores, nothing has yet been done to carry out this plan by our Government. The rebels, however, through their agents, have been and are still engaged in sending supplies to their prisoners.

HANCOCK'S CORPS.

It is understood that the first regiments which are organized in Hancock's corps will be armed with Sharp's rifles. This will doubtless be another incentive to enlistments in the corps.

THE TRIAL OF COL. NORTH.

The evidence in the case of Col. North will probably be finished to-morrow, when a sealed verdict will be rendered and sent to the Secretary of War.

COL. MOSBY.

Information has been received at the War Department that Col. Mosby has been mortally wounded. This corroborates the statement recently published in Richmond papers.

THE COLOMBIAN MINISTER.

The new Minister from Colombia, South America, to-day assumed the duties of his position, and called upon the Secretary of State.

THE READMISSION OF LOUISIANA.

Gen. Banks, who has been engaged for the last week in collating data bearing upon the subject of the admission of Louisiana, has nearly completed his labors. He makes out a very strong case, and the impression is that the State will be readmitted under the President's one-tenth policy.

THE WILMINGTON AFFAIR.

Major-Gen. Butler will probably arrive here this evening or to-morrow morning, when some additional light will be thrown upon the Wilmington affair.

Dipatches to the Associated Press.

Washington, Friday, Dec. 30.

THE NATIONAL BANKS.

The subscription to the Seven-thirty Loan for the last three days, as annouoced to the Treasury Department, amount to $3,700,000, and to the Ten-forty loan, for the same period, $1,500,000. Of the latter loan about eighty millions remain unsubscribed for.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCES.

Among those who have mysteriously disappeared of late, and about whom much solicitude is expressed by the Navy Department, are Acting Master's Mate W. H. Kitchings, and Acting Third Assistant Engineer H. K. Steever.

THE CASE OF COL. BAKER.

The statement published in some newspapers, that Col. L. C. Baker, agent of the War Department, had been convicted and sentenced to be imprisoned three years in a penitentiary, is untrue.

FROM THE LINES BEFORE RICHMOND.

Information from City Point is to the effect that heavy cannonading was kept up during Wednesday and Thursday nights, as well as severe picket skirmishing along our lines in the immediate front of Petersburgh. Several casualties are reported. There was considerable firing in front of Richmond on Wednesday afternoon and along the line of the rear picket-guard. Recent manœuvres in the rebel lines indicate unusual commotion among them, but nothing is known respecting its cause. It is thought that Lee has been sending reinforcements both toward Lynchburgh, to oppose Sheridan's advance, and to Wilmington, to prevent the landing of our expedition against that city.

DESERTERS.

One hundred and fifty prisoners took the oath of allegiance at City Point on Tuesday, and were sent North yesterday. Since then but few have been received within our lines, as the present condition of the enemy's forces is not favorable to their escaping.

LEE GOING TO DO SOMETHING.

A rebel deserter, who came in a few days ago, declares that the state of affairs in the rebel army indicates early offensive operations in some direction, the nature of which is unknown. The men are told that Gen. Lee is about attempting the initiation of a project which will astonish the world.

BUTLER BACK AGAIN.

Gen. Butler returned to his headquarters on the James River on Wednesday. He left the land forces of the Wilmington expedition under command of Gen. Weitzel.

HONORS TO MR. DAYTON'S REMAINS.

The President has directed that the civil, military and naval officers in the public service at New-York, render due honor and attention to the remains of the late Wm. L. Dayton, on their arrival in that city.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

A letter from the Army of the Potomac, dated the 27th, says there is considerable picket-firing along the front, the night before the practice being resumed by the enemy after an almost total discontinuation for several weeks. The resumption is no doubt caused by the numerous desertions recently occurring, which reached, along this front alone, about ninety last week. On the 26th, a rebel Lieutenant and 21 men came over in a body, and reported that many others would follow as soon as an opportunity offered itself. The weather is very disagreeable and the roads too muddy to admit of operations for some weeks to come.

POST-OFFICE INSTRUCTIONS.

The Postmaster-General has rescinded the instructions of the Post-office Department, under section nine of the Act of Congress approved July 1, 1864, authorizing the Postmaster to sell postage-stamps and stamped envelopes at a discount of five per cent. Postmasters will in future, under no circumstances, make any abatement from the face value of such stamped envelopes.

FROM SHERIDAN'S ARMY.

The Late Cavalry Reconnoissance Toward Gordonsville—Incidents of The March—Return of the Cavalry—List of Casualties, &c.

Winchester, Va., Thursday, Dec. 29, 1864.

As the fact is generally known, particularly by the enemy, that our cavalry has recently made a reconnoissance to the vicinity of Gordonsville, Orange County, there can be no harm in giving some of the details of that movement.

As I wrote yesterday upon the return of the Second Division, Gen. Powell, the First Division, now under the command of Brig.-Gen. Devin, returned during the day. The two divisions, under Gen. Torbert, left camp on Monday, the 19th inst.; that night the command halted in Chester's Gap; Tuesday night at Finck's, near Sperryville; Wednesday night on Hughes' road, near Madison Court-house; Thursday night just across the Rapidan, near Brock's Ford and Jack's shop; Friday night recrossed the Rapidan and Robinson's Rivers; Saturday night on Hazel River; Saturday night at White Sulphur Springs; Monday night near Paris; and on Tuesday night the First Division at Millwood, the Second Division reaching their old camp that day, and the First yesterday, as stated above.

With the exception of a few scattering shots exchanged with guerrillas, there was no firing until the command had arrived on the Rapidan, some 8 miles from Gordonsville. Here was found strongly posted on the opposite bank Lomax's division of cavalry, with several pieces of artillery in position. Toward night, while the Second Division, Gen. Powell, (Col. Capehart's brigade on the left,) was put forward to entertain the enemy on the pike and south of it, the First Division, Gen. Devin, went to the right, near Williams' shop, at Kays' Ford, about two and a half miles from the pike, where the Second Brigade, commanded by Col. Kellogg, crossed, and by a sudden dash flanked the enemy out of their position. With such promptness was the movement executed, and the enemy so completely taken by surprise, that they left precipitately, abandoning two pieces of artillery. It is believed that then the command could have marched into Gordonsville with but little opposition, but night coming on, no advance was made further than to secure the position attained. A rebel Captain captured near this place was exceeding anxious to know, and even offered $500 (in Confederate shinplasters, I presume) reward to any one who would name the traitor that showed the Yankees the fording-place, where the First Division crossed. He was not gratified, and saved his money and reputation as a betting man at the same time. The bridge across the river at Liberty Mills had been burned by the enemy, and the road had otherwise been obstructed. In crossing the river the Twentieth Pennsylvania Cavalry, Maj. Thorpe, had the advance, led by Lieut. Blunt, of Gen. Devin's staff, in this flank movement they came upon the enemy at the junction of the Madison and Gordonsville roads, near Somerset Church. In the charge a rebel Captain, Surgeon and seven non-commissioned officers and privates were captured—most of whom were left behind when the command returned. There was some fighting up to 9 o'clock this night, when the firing ceased on both sides.

The following morning (Friday) the First Brigade, Col. Stagg commanding, which had been guarding the cross-roads, was moved forward to where the Charlottesville and Orange road crosses the Gordonsville pike, and the Second Brigade was thereupon ordered to advance toward Gordonsville as far as possible. There was but little opposition until the brigade had arrived within two miles of Gordonsville, where the pike passes through Southwest Mountain. Here the road was barricaded, and the hill-sides were found to be well arranged, naturally as well as artificially, for defensive operations. More than all, the works, such as they were, were occupied by infantry. Notwithstanding this fact, the Second Brigade, Col. Kellogg, was ordered in. The Second Pennsylvania, Maj. Scott; Seventeenth Pennsylvania, Lieut.-Col. Anderson; Ninth New-York, Col. Nichols, and Fourth New-York, Capt. Oliver, moved up in handsome style, and succeeded in capturing the advanced positions; but while all this was going on, fresh troops were constantly being marched into position, and the trains on the railroad bringing up reinforcements could be distinctly heard. Besides the cavalry before-mentioned, Kershaw's division of infantry was developed here. After feeling the works for several hours, the command was ordered to retire. Lieut.-Col. Anderson, of the Seventeenth Pennsylvania, behaved with distinguished gallantry, leading his men in two separate charges, one on foot and the other on horseback. Col. Nichols, of the Ninth New-York, took a prominent part on the extreme right, in a flank movement.

In retreating the enemy following only a short distance they were not disposed to cultivate a too intimate acquaintance with the rear guard, having some knowledge of the men composing that force.

On the return, hearing that Mosby was wounded, and at a house near by, Gen. Gibbs commanding Reserve Brigade, sent out a detachment of the First Dragoons, under Capt. Coppinger, of Gen. Torbert's staff, to bring him away in an ambulance. The place visited was Dorman's Mills, near Upperville, but too late. Mosby had been removed, and was dangerously wounded, according to the statements of the people residing there.

The enemy gave the First Division a few parting shots in Ashby's Gap, firing at least a hundred shots at the command while passing through that place. Several hundred horses and cattle were captured and driven in, but there was no systematic attempt made to capture or destroy property, save in one instance, where Capt. Oliver, with the Fourth New-York, went out, but getting lost in the fog, and surrounded by an invisible foe, the command did not do much damage.

Annexed will be found a list of casualties.

NINTH NEW-YORK CAVALRY—COL. NICHOLS.

P Embhart, Co I—killed
Sergt J R Dixon, Co M—hip
D W Moore, Co C—hip
B Spellin, Co M—hip and pelvis. Left near Gordonsville.

FOURTH NEW-YORK—CAPT. OLIVER.

Three wounded.

SEVENTEENTH PENNSYLVANIA—COL. ANDERSON.

Philip Kline, Co H—killed
Sergt Royer, Co G—killed
Albert Brilligan, Co C—shoulder
Capt Geo W Mower, Co K—hip
Luke Brennan, Co H—arm
Henry Irwin, Co C—arm
Josiah Michael, Co I—breast
Corp Benj F Boozer, Co C—back
Abraham Kriescher, Co H—finger
Ed Watkins—foot
Jacob Coldren, Co C—killed
Arnold Rogers, Co C—back
Sergt Herring—lung, left near Gordonsville, mortally
Washington Fitz, Co M—arm
Corp Dan Strauser, Co H—hip
Corp Jacob B Huser, Co H—hip
Lieut Lee, Co F—back, mortally, left at Madison Court-house
Emanuel Auburn, Co B—shoulder
Corp Frank Hauser, Co I—head

TWENTIETH PENNSYLVANIA, MAJ. THORPE.

John Brady, Co A—killed
John Gross, Co D—killed
A Trappe, Co G—hand
Sergt W Slack, Co G—foot
S Eusminger, Co D—thigh
Sergt H Humble, Co D—chest
J Nuley, Co D—bruised in chest
Corp C Rockfellow, Co B—ankle
J W Phillips, Co F—leg
J Shley, Co F—hand and arm
Wm Burns, Co H—killed
Corp John Rudd, Co H—wounded and missing
A Elliott, Co D—abdomen, left near Gordonsville, mortal
Wm Subers, Co H—hip and arm
H Spott, Co K—abdomen
D Bird, Co D—missing.

E. A. PAUL.

The Street-Sweepers on a Strike.

A FAIR PROSPECT THAT THE CITY WILL BE BURIED IN ASHES.

In its laudable efforts to retrench expenditures and stop leaks from the City Treasury, the Citizens Association of New-York procured from the Legislature, at its last session, the appropriation of $300,000, as a limitation of the sum to be used in the work of keeping the streets clean. This amount was generally claimed at the time to be entirely inadequate, on the ground of increased price for labor. Street-sweepers, who received $1 and $1 25 per diem two years since, and were satisfied with their wages, have refused to touch a broom or handle a shovel during the past year for less than $2 per day, and the dirt-cartmen during the same period have obtained 50 cents a load for removing the sweepings, instead of 25 cents, which was the price from time immemorial before the war. To override this little difficulty of the $300,000 restriction, an arrangement was made on the part of the city authorities with Mr. FRANCIS PALMER, President of the Broadway Bank, to advance sufficient money to pay the laborers and cartmen, on receiving from them an assignment of their claims, coupled with a note for the amount, having attached to it the signatures of the Comptroller and the Mayor—it being understood that Mr. PALMER should get his funds back by suing the city and obtaining judgments. In this manner about $800,000 or $900,000 have been expended, and judgments against the city to that amount have been placed in Mr. PALMER's hands. At the eleventh hour, however, Mayor GUNTHER has discovered this course to be altogether illegal, and has determined to sign no more requisitions for these claims. He contends that City Inspector BOOLE has no right to employ street-sweepers, and that in appending his signature to any note indorsing their claims, he becomes personally responsible. He is also advised that the judgments obtained by Mr. PALMER against the city for $800,000 odd can be set aside. Therefore, yesterday morning, when a deputation of the street-sweepers waited upon him, to get his official autograph to a note for $108,500 to the Broadway Bank, being the amount of their wages for the past nine weeks, he refused to put his name to it, asserting that his signature should not be written to any such note, "though the ashes were to lie in the streets as high as the second-story windows." Meanwhile, the street-cleaning is entirely suspended, the laborers are in a distressed state for want of their wages, and unless the matter is settled soon, the city is likely to meet the fate of the ancient towns of Herculaneum and Pompeii. It is proper to add that the City Inspector and Comptroller have no conscientious scruples, like the Mayor's, respecting the propriety of placing their names to the note for $108,500 before alluded to; and, indeed, their signatures were already affixed to the rolls before His Honor interposed his objection.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—"Norma" was given here last evening to one of the finest houses of the season. It brought Mr. MARETZEK's campaign to an end. On Monday, the fine troupe which we have so long enjoyed, will appear in Boston, and elicit the peculiar criticism which attends any effort in that superior place. The performance last evening was thoroughly satisfactory—all the artists were in fine voice; the applause was frequent, and the impression left was decidedly favorable to Mr. MARETZEK's return.

The Loss of the North American—A Sister's Devotion.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Among the most interesting instances of devotion and love which has met our notice for a long time, is the case of Miss FOWLER, lately a passenger on board the ill-fated steamer *North America*. Miss FOWLER had a brother in the Eleventh New-York Cavalry, who has been on duty for some months past. Having been taken sick, however, and remaining in the hospital in New-Orleans for some time, he became very much reduced. Information of his condition having been conveyed to his sister, she immediately took measures to proceed to New-Orleans, in the hope of obtaining her brother a furlough. After striving in vain to obtain a pass, she purchased her passage, from her scanty means, in the steamer *Ariel*. The result has been the transfer of her brother to the New-York Hospital. They were among the passengers on the *North America*. When about to be transferred to the bark *Mary E. Sibley*, (which rescued them from their perilous position,) upon the first boat leaving the ship, the ladies were requested to leave first. All of them did so but Miss FOWLER, who stood alone upon the fated ship refusing to go until her *sick brother was first in the boat*. The boats went to the bark and returned, and not until she had succeeded in having her brother safely put into the boat, would she be induced to leave herself.

Upon a representation of these facts having been made to the passengers on board the *Arago*, by Brig.-Gen. J. W. FULLER, a handsome purse amounting to $250, was immediately made up and presented by the General to Miss FOWLER, as a small tribute of the esteem and regard of the soldier for the noble devotion of a soldier's sister. H. B.

The Brooklyn Lunacy Case—Note from Dr. Brown.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I feel it due to myself to say that in some of the reports of a recent "lunacy case" in Brooklyn, certain remarks of mine made privately to the Court have been improperly embodied in my testimony to the jury.

At the same time, it seems but just to those newspapers which have modestly disclaimed the distinction of having a "special correspondent" in this institution, while generously awarding such honor to their cotemporaries, to say that *more than one journal* has enjoyed this privilege, which fact removes all occasion for the prevailing diffidence and magnanimity on this subject. It would be no disparagement even of the religious press of the present day, to be greedy and proud of contributions from such writers as ALEXANDER CRUDEN, author of the *Concordance of the Bible*, and Rev. ROBERT HALL, both of whom performed much of their literary labor while under visitation of insanity.

Very respectfully,
D. T. BROWN, M. D.

BLOOMINGDALE ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE, Dec. 30, 1864.

THE KINGS COUNTY BONDS FOR PAYING VOLUNTEERS.—The Kings County seven per cent. bonds, authorized some time since for the purpose of raising funds to pay bounties to volunteers, have not yet been disposed of to any extent. Thus far, $27,000 has been raised, but the Bounty Committee are determined to pay out no money until they have a sufficient sum on hand to give bounties to all who may be likely to volunteer between this time and the commencement of the draft.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from Which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by druggists generally.

New Sewing Machines
TO RENT AND FOR SALE.
V. W. WICKES, JR., No. 486 Broadway, cor. Broome-st.

Artificial Limbs of Superior Quality and adaptability: Army and Navy furnished gratis with the best, per commission of Surgeon-General U. S. Army, by E. D. HUDSON, M. D., Astor-place, Clinton Hall, N. Y.

Old Eyes Made New.—A pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

Knitting Machines—For Plain or Fancy Knitting; different sizes and gauges; the best in use. DALTON KNITTING MACHINE CO., 537 Broadway.

Burdsall's Arnica Liniment.—An infallible cure for Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Rheumatism, Inflammation, &c. A single application allays the pain from a burn the instant it is applied. No family should be without it. Depot No. 81 Barclay-st., New-York.

Furs—For the Holidays, in variety of style and texture.
BURKE, No. 210 Broadway, corner Fulton-st.

Pineapple Cider will cure you if you are sick, and if you are well, will prevent sickness. Send for a circular. Address B. T. BABBITT, Nos. 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 72 and 74 Washington-st., N. Y.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

No More Acceptable Present can be Given to old or young, than one of the ELLIPTIC LOCK-STITCH SEWING-MACHINES. No. 537 Broadway.

Durno's Catarrh Snuff.—The safe remedy for infant or aged, and all who have Catarrh or "cold in the head." Sold by Druggists.

Important to Mothers.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately, depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States.

Price 35 cents a bottle.

The editor of the Westmorland (N. B.) *Times* says a man there has been cured of baldness by the use of BURNETT'S COCOAINE.

New Year's and the "Queens of the Day."—It is said that the ladies have determined to not to permit the maddening liquors of commerce to appear on the New Year tables on Monday. The truth is that the general introduction of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS as a household tonic is rapidly banishing adulterated stimulants from the houses of respectable citizens. It is found that this salutary vegetable restorative is exactly the restorative which feeble systems need; that it preserves the health, recruits the bodily energies, and is an absolute specific for indigestion. Sold everywhere. New-York Office No. 59 Cedar-st.

D. Barnum's "Self-Sewer" on second floor of Barnum's Museum, and No. 508 Broadway—$1 50, with directions.

The Holiday Present most acceptable to a Lady is a Grover & Baker Sewing Machine. This machine took all the first premiums at the fairs in the United States the past year. Salesrooms No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

A Card.

The undersigned is now prepared to sell his entire stock of English pocket and table cutlery, &c., at a liberal discount—in lots to suit purchasers—a portion having been partially damaged by water, occasioned by the recent fire in the building adjoining his store in Beekman-street.

The stock comprises an extensive assortment of Geo. Worstenholms & Sons' pocket cutlery and razors, Joseph Rodgers & Sons' cutlery and scissors, Wade & Butcher's razors, Ward & Payne's edge tools, Richard Grove & Sons' files, edge tools, saws, &c., as well as an extensive variety of cutlery, files, tools, &c., of his own brand and importation.

All goods not sold at private sale before the 15th of January, or thereabouts, will be closed out at auction.

JOHN H. SCOTT,
No. 57 Beekman-st., New-York.

A Splendid Number.

THE JANUARY NUMBER
OF THE
UNITED STATES SERVICE MAGAZINE.
CONTAINS

A valuable Letter from Gen. Sherman.
A graphic Biography of Farragut, with Portrait.
The recent Campaign in Missouri.
The Romance of a Raid, and many other articles of the highest interest and value.

For sale by all news-dealers. Sent post-paid for 50 cents.

C. B. RICHARDSON, Publisher,
No. 441 Broadway, N. Y.

A Card.

THE METROPOLITAN BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM,
No. 575 Broadway.

E. A. BROOKS, having sold his store and stock of goods in Fulton-st., will continue to carry on his business as heretofore, at his old and commodious establishment in Broadway, where he is now prepared to offer for the inspection of his patrons, the most beautiful assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers and Overshoes to be found in this city. His stock of goods comprise every variety of styles for ladies, gents, misses, boys and children. The public are invited to call and examine at No. 575 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

Holiday Gift.

WILLCOX & GIBBS' SEWING-MACHINE.
It is entirely noiseless.
A patented device prevents its being turned backward.
The needle cannot be set wrong.
The hemmer, feller and braider are acknowledged to be superior to all others.
It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute in 1863.
It also received the first premium for "THE BEST SEWING-MACHINE" at the great "New-England Fair," the "Vermont State Fair," the "Pennsylvania State Fair," and the "Indiana State Fair," 1864.
Office No. 508 Broadway.

Wm. Knabe & Co.,
Manufacturers of
GOLD MEDAL
GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS,
BALTIMORE, MD.

Certificates of excellence from Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strakosch, J. Satter and other leading artists. EVERY INSTRUMENT WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS. A full assortment of the above celebrated instruments at O. BAUER & CO.'S WAREROOMS, No. 544 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Holiday Boots.

Dress Boots.
Patent Leather Boots.
Artic Overshoes.
Water-Proof Boots.
Winter Boots.
Lorin Brooks & Son,
Lorin Brooks & Son,
No. 434 Broadway, corner Howard-st.,
(Established 1829,)

The best assortment and quality of winter Boots in the city, at reduced prices.

Economical Housekeepers Use

PYLE'S SALERATUS.	PYLE'S O. K. SOAP.
PYLE'S CREAM TARTAR.	PYLE'S BLUEING POWDER.
PYLE'S BAKING SODA.	PYLE'S STOVE POLISH.

Articles designed for all who want the best goods, full weight. Sold by best Grocers everywhere. Each package bears the name of JAMES PYLE, Manufacturer, New-York.

Holiday Hats and Furs.

WHITE'S HOLIDAY HAT, SKATING CAPS AND FURS
of every description, stylish and of first quality. Also, MILITARY GOODS, in great variety. Army and Navy Officers will find complete outfits.
WHITE, No. 216 Broadway,
Under Barnum's Museum.

Richmond.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Prices reduced since Nov. 1 from 50 cents to $3 per pair. Every variety of gents', ladies' boys', youths' misses' and children's boots, buckle-shoes, gaiters, slippers and water-proof and warm over-shoes always on hand. Gents' best. French goods manufactured to measure promptly, at No. 150 Fulton-st.

C. C. RICHMOND.

Touching the Ladies

With icy finger, Winter begs to suggest to them that such sets of sables, ermine, mink, squirrel, chinchilla, and other fancy furs as are to be found in GENIN'S new and choice assortment, are not obtainable elsewhere at the same satisfactory prices.

GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

New-Year's Calls.

Gentlemen who are about making preparations to carry out the time-honored Knickerbocker custom of making New-Year's calls, will find that absolutely necessary appendage to their toilet, a NEAT-FITTING BOOT, as well as every article of foot gear, at the establishment of E. A. BROOKS, No. 575 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

Holiday Presents of AFFECTION AND CHARITY
WHEELER & WILSON'S Highest Premium
Lock-stitch
SEWING MACHINES,
No. 625 Broadway, New-York.
See Wheeler & Wilson's Button-hole machine.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Second-Hand Safes.

In large numbers, of our own and others make, taken in exchange for our new patent Alum and Dry Plaster Safes. For sale very cheap.

MARVIN & Co., No. 265 Broadway.

Something New—

The Holiday Hat, just issued by
BURKE, No. 210 Broadway, corner Fulton-st.

Brownlow's Remedy for Tic Doloreux or Neuralgia, Nervous Spinal difficulties and Nervous Paralysis, is the greatest discovery of the age. One or two applications will frequently cure. For sale by
BARNES & CO.,
No. 21 Park-row, New-York.

Facts for Soldiers.—Throughout the Indian and Crimean Campaigns, the only medicines which proved themselves able to cure the worst cases of Dysentery, Scurvy and Fever, were HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT. Therefore, let every Volunteer see that he is supplied with them. If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug-store in his place, let him write to me, No. 80 Maiden-lane, inclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1 40 per box or pot.

A Private Class in Practical Phrenology will be opened at FOWLER & WELLS', No. 389 Broadway, SATURDAY EVENING, Jan. 7, at 7½ o'clock, to be continued Tuesday and Saturday evenings. For terms, apply as above.

Speaking of HOLIDAY GIFTS, the *Tribune* of 23d inst. says: "a Morton Gold Pen is a property in itself, and forms a very appropriate and useful Christmas present to all who write for profit or for pleasure."

Sudden Changes of Weather are productive of Throat Diseases, Coughs, Colds, &c. There is no more effectual relief in these diseases to be found, than in the timely use of "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" They possess real merit.

Ivory and Pearl Jewelry, Latest Styles.—WM. M. WELLING, No. 571 Broadway, sign of the Golden Elephant.

MARRIED.

BRADLEY—HERON.—At Emanuel Church, Baltimore, Md., on Wednesday, Dec. 28, by Rev. Mr. Schenck, Rev. JOSEPH H. BRADLEY, of this city, and Miss MARY D. HERON, of Baltimore.

BRUSH—TRUMBULL.—In Washington, D. C., on Friday, Dec. 23, at the residence of Senator Trumbull, by Rev. T. Dwight, Prof. GEO. J. BRUSH, New-Haven, Conn., and HARRIET S. TRUMBULL.

CLEARMAN—ACKERMAN.—On Thursday evening, Dec. 29, by Rev. Isaac S. Hartley, CHARLES E. CLEARMAN and FENNIE, daughter of David Ackerman, Esq.

FARNHAM—MAXWELL.—At Christ Church, 5th-av., on Thursday, Dec. 29, by Rev. F. C. Ewer, WILLIAM T. FARNHAM and CHARLOTTE, daughter of J. T. B. Maxwell, Esq., all of this city.

GRANT—SCHUYLER.—On Thursday, Dec. 29, at the residence of the bride's father, Ithaca, N. Y., by Rev. F. N. Zabriskie, CHAUNCEY L. GRANT, Jr., of Ithaca, and MARTHA, eldest daughter of Hon. Geo. W. Schuyler.

PURCELL—GRIFFEN.—In Bedford, Westchester County, on Monday, Dec. 26, by Rev. P. B. Henry, Mr. LABAN PURCELL and Miss PHEBE JANE GRIFFEN, all of Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y.

SHANKLAND—FORDE.—On Thursday, Dec. 29, at the Rectory of St. Anne's Church, By Rev. Father Preston, JAMES C. SHANKLAND and Miss NELLIE FORDE, both of this city. No cards.

DIED.

CONDIT.—On Thursday, Dec. 29, LIZZIE A. CONDIT, daughter of the late Dr. John S. Condit.

The friends and relatives are invited to attend her funeral, without further notice, this day, (Saturday,) at 1 o'clock P. M., from the Second Presbyterian Church, Newark, N. J. Interment at Rosedale Cemetery, Orange.

CHADBAYNE.—At Oyster Bay, L. I., on Thursday, Dec. 22, ELIZABETH CHADBAYNE, aged 78 years.

DITCHETT.—On Thursday, Dec. 29, J. MURRAY DITCHETT, aged 49 years.

The friends of the family, and members of Engine Co. No. 5, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 137 Madison-st., on Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock. His remains will be interred in Bensonia Cemetery, Morrisania.

DUFF.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday afternoon, Dec. 29, JOHN H. DUFF, M. D., in the 32d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 203 Bridge-st., on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 2 o'clock P. M.

FITCH.—In Montgomery, Ala., on Thursday, Dec. 1, of brain fever, MARY C. SEELYE, wife of Charles Fitch, and daughter of Frederic Seelye, aged 29 years.

GUNNING.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Dec. 28, at the residence of her son-in-law, John J. Drake, No. 208 Fort Green-place, after a lingering illness, SARAH E., widow of Edward Gunning, Esq., in the 67th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of her sons-in-law, Rev. James Thomson, John J. Drake and Welford R. Smith, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at St. Ann's Church, corner of Sands and Washington sts., Brooklyn, on Saturday, at 2 P. M.

☞ Barbados papers please copy.

HOSIER.—Suddenly, at the house of his son, in White Plains, BENJAMIN B. HOSIER, in the 69th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of his son, Benjamin F. Hosier, White Plains, on Seventh Day, the 31st inst., at 12 o'clock, and at the Friends' Meeting-house, in Purchase, at 1½ o'clock. Morning trains per Harlem Railroad at 8:15 and 10 A. M., will arrive at White Plains in time for the funeral.

HAVILAND.—On Friday, Dec. 30, of diphtheria, DANIEL L., youngest son of William C. and Mary W. Haviland, aged 4 years, 7 months and 13 days.

The funeral will be held at the residence of his father, at Harrison, N. Y., on Seventh Day, the 31st inst., at 2 o'clock.

JONES.—On Friday, Dec. 30, OLIVE AMANDA, daughter of Jay Jarvis and Mary E. Jones, aged 2 years and 8 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 1½ P. M., from the residence of her parents, No. 226 West 15th-st.

JEROME.—On Friday, Dec. 30, ADDISON G. JEROME, aged 53 years.

Funeral services on Sunday, at 2 P. M., at his late residence, No. 39 West 20th-st., to which family friends are invited, without further notice.

KNOX.—On Friday, Dec. 30, of scarlet fever, JOSEPH DANIEL, youngest child of Andrew and Annabella G. Knox, aged 2 years, 6 months and 12 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 273 8th-av., this (Saturday) morning at 10 o'clock.

PENDLETON.—At Williamsburgh, L. I., on Wednesday, Dec. 28, JOSHUA B. PENDLETON, aged 36 years and 2 months.

The friends of the family, the members of Baltic Lodge No. 284, F. & A. M., and De Witt Clinton Chapter, and the fraternity generally, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, this day, (Saturday,) the 31st inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., from the M. E. Church, corner of South 5th and 5th sts., Williamsburgh.

☞ Hartford and Norwich, Conn., papers please copy.

PIGGOT.—On Friday, Dec. 30, MARY, wife of Joseph Piggot.

Notice of funeral on Monday.

PAINE.—In New-Orleans, on Thursday, Nov. 24, in the 33d year of his age, Major JOSEPH W. PAINE, 4th U. S. Colored Cavalry.

The remains were interred in Mount Auburn Cemetery, Boston, Mass., on the 29th inst.

RINEHART.—On Friday, Dec. 30, after a short illness, EGBERT, eldest son of Egbert and Ann Jane Rinehart, aged 4 years, 3 months and 12 days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 1, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 220 West 18th-st.

REANEY.—On Friday, Dec. 30, Miss ELLEN REANEY, late of Newburgh, N. Y., aged 32 years.

Her remains will be removed to Newburgh for interment this day, (Saturday,) Dec. 31, from the residence of her brother-in-law, Wm. McKinley, 92d-st., corner of 3d-av., at 9 A. M. Funeral service in Newburgh.

SPINNEY.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Dec. 29, ANN AUGUSTA, wife of Joseph S. Spinney, and daughter of James Hart, Esq., aged 22 years and 6 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from the Washington-st. M. E. Church, on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 2 o'clock P. M.

TIEMANN.—On Thursday, Dec. 29, MARY NEWELL TIEMANN, widow of Anthony Tiemann, in the 78th year of her age.

The funeral will take place on Saturday, Dec. 31, from her late residence, No. 40 East 23d-st., at 1 o'clock.

THWAITES.—On Thursday, Dec. 29, PHEBE, wife of Joseph Thwaites, Sr., in the 69th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, from her late residence, Bronxdale, Westchester County.

WINSLOW.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Dec. 29, WILLIE E. WINSLOW, youngest child of John and Sarah W. Winslow, aged 4 years, 3 months and 4 days.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, at No. 65 1st-place, on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 2 P. M.

WOOLCOCKS.—On Friday morning, Dec. 30, THOMAS J., eldest son of Thomas J. and ELIZA Woolcocks, in the 21st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 24 East 129th-st., Harlem, on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 3 o'clock P. M.

WHIPPLE.—On Wednesday, Dec. 28, AVERY D. WHIPPLE, aged 53 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, Jan. 1, from his late residence, No. 174 Delancey-st., at 1 o'clock.

☞ Nantucket papers please copy.

NEW-YORK TYPOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY.—The members are requested to attend the funeral of our late brother, AVERY D. WHIPPLE, on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 1 o'clock, from No. 174 Delancey-st.

THOS. C. FAULKNER, Secretary.

AN ENTIRELY NEW INVENTION IN DENTISTRY.

The Public and Profession are invited to examine Dr. LEVETT'S "PATENT" in COMBINATION with a gold web and rubber base for artificial teeth. It forms the LIGHTEST, most DURABLE and ELASTIC Denture yet produced, occupying but half the space in the mouth heretofore deemed indispensable, while its adhesion is perfect. No. 832 Broadway. Hours 9 till 5.

Can refer to patients of the highest respectability.

FOR SALE—A FILE OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES complete, including the Sunday edition, from Dec. 1, 1860, to the present time. Apply to or address SUBSCRIPTION CLERK, *Times* office.

FINE TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
SILVER PLATED GOODS,
BOY'S SLEIGHS, SKATES AND TOOL CHESTS.
The largest assortment of ENGLISH SKATES in the city for ladies and gentlemen.
W. H. SEYMOUR & CO., No. 4 Chatham-square.

CLOTHING.
CLARK'S
CLOTHING WAREHOUSES,
Nos. 398, 400 and 402 Bowery.

$10 OVERCOATS.
10 OVERCOATS.
10 OVERCOATS.
10 OVERCOATS.

$15 BEAVER OVERCOATS.
15 BEAVER OVERCOATS.
15 BEAVER OVERCOATS.
15 BEAVER OVERCOATS.
15 BEAVER OVERCOATS.

The balance of our Wholesale Stock is to be closed out at a reduction of
25 PER CENT.

LADIES' BREASTPINS—NEW STYLES. TWO, THREE, FIVE, EIGHT, TEN to THIRTY-FIVE Dollars each, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

CITY RAILROADS.—A TICKET OFFICE FOR the different lines has been opened at the store of P. F. SMITH & FOWLER, No. 3 Park-row.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.

OFFICIAL DRAWING OF DEC. 20.

Nos.	Prizes.	Nos.	Prizes.	Nos.	Prizes.	Nos.	Prizes.	Nos.	Prizes.
123	$500	5517	$400	12352	$500	16911	$400	21387	$200
149	1000	5565	200	12373	400	17086	200	21465	1000
150	500	5596	400	12533	400	17089	400	21544	1000
253	400	5653	1000	12541	200	17095	400	21581	200
437	200	5940	200	12560	500	17104	200	21675	400
471	1000	6013	500	12704	200	17273	200	21769	200
499	500	6203	400	12746	500	17276	500	21773	400
535	400	6217	200	12754	200	17311	400	21892	200
758	200	6260	500	12912	400	17321	200	22181	400
766	400	6526	400	13042	400	17362	400	22256	400
842	200	6541	500	13105	400	17409	5000	22297	500
897	500	6550	400	13369	400	17513	500	22324	400
908	400	7092	200	13307	200	17540	200	22430	400
1004	400	7103	200	13345	500	17675	400	22435	400
1176	400	7113	200	13355	200	17676	400	22537	400
1178	400	7148	200	13435	500	17809	200	22849	200
1444	500	7175	200	13448	200	18061	400	22673	200
1537	200	7241	200	13524	40	18232	200	22765	400
1611	200	7345	400	13532	400	18267	500	22782	200
1637	500	7529	200	13641	200	18346	200	22920	200
1651	200	7597	200	13798	400	18389	200	23015	500
1731	1000	7852	200	13818	200	18428	200	23041	200
1737	200	7916	200	13851	400	18435	200	23095	200
2185	200	7989	400	13964	1000	18438	200	23104	500
2395	500	8232	200	14046	400	18491	200	23146	200
2399	500	8351	200	14068	200	18520	200	23177	200
2454	200	8674	200	14151	200	18569	400	23188	1000
2496	400	8678	200	14161	200	18784	400	23229	200
2611	200	8748	200	14193	200	18786	200	23456	400
2667	400	8845	200	14209	200	18813	400	23507	200
2706	400	8995	200	14361	200	18814	400	23603	400
2757	1000	9130	400	14395	500	18867	200	23635	200
2797	500	9276	10000	14404	1000	18982	400	23700	400
2882	200	9539	200	14436	200	19011	500	23876	200
2915	200	9723	400	14489	200	19037	400	23924	200
3133	200	9748	500	14529	200	19100	200	23933	200
3148	200	9782	200	14546	200	19183	200	23940	200
3216	400	9849	400	14669	200	19184	1000	24082	400
3235	200	9866	200	14707	400	19188	400	24172	200
3380	400	9895	200	14709	1000	19243	200	24229	200
3412	500	9996	200	14712	200	19245	400	24395	400
3592	400	10051	200	14855	200	19293	400	24428	200
3618	1000	10122	400	15166	500	19432	100000	24499	400
3675	400	10376	200	15174	400	19472	500	24594	1000
3702	200	10458	400	15193	1000	19615	1000	24630	400
3728	500	10605	500	15269	1000	19864	1000	24654	400
3731	500	10667	400	15293	200	19928	500	24675	200
3775	500	10866	400	15302	200	19948	400	24847	200
3854	400	11001	500	15462	1000	20009	400	24948	200
3996	200	11012	500	15494	200	20014	200	24988	200
4010	500	11065	400	15524	200	20070	200	25102	400
4049	200	11092	200	15640	200	20112	400	25142	400
4155	200	11096	500	15727	1000	20132	200	25152	400
4266	200	11109	400	15741	200	20192	400	25199	400
4267	25000	11119	1000	15788	500	20271	200	25248	200
4332	400	11179	200	15954	500	20296	200	25317	500
4343	200	11266	200	16100	500	20412	200	25368	200
4356	200	11302	500	16248	500	20583	200	25454	400
4619	200	11394	200	16289	400	20593	400	25465	400
4796	400	11523	500	16336	500	20648	500	25666	200
4885	400	11549	200	16378	200	20700	200	25667	200
5012	400	11651	1000	16385	200	20751	200	25685	1000
5078	400	11727	200	16447	1000	20790	200	25855	200
5134	200	11756	200	16459	200	20868	400	25919	200
5258	200	11782	500	16512	500	20962	400	25947	400
5267	200	11847	50000	16622	200	21113	400	25952	400
5328	200	11894	200	16837	200	21366	500	25967	200
5347	200	12092	1000	16867	200	21377	200	25993	200

Seventy-five per cent. premium paid for Prizes. Information furnished. The highest rates paid for Doubloons and all kinds of Gold and Silver.

TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

EAGLE GAS STOVES,
FOR
HEATING AND COOKING.

Every stove warranted as represented.

Call or send for descriptive catalogues.

EAGLE GAS STOVE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
No. 474 Broadway, New-York.

HANDSOME DECORATED DINNER SETS.
$96 TO $700
100 VARIETIES.
Positively the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTMENT we have ever offered. Also,
BRONZE AND MARBLE MANTEL SETS, GLASSWARE, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, &c.
E. V. HOUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, corner of Brome.

WINTER.

If you want Overcoats, also good warm Winter Clothing, in every variety, and at prices less, also Children's Clothing, go to
F. B. BALDWIN,
Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery.
The largest assortment and store in the city.

FURNITURE.
$300,000.
DE GRAF & TAYLOR
Offer their entire stock at gold prices,
AT NO. 87 BOWERY.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
INDIA-RUBBER JEWELRY.
Vest Chains, Chatelaines, Bracelets, Brooches, Buckles, Charms, Rings, &c., &c. Also,
INDIA-RUBBER TOYS, BALLS, DOLL-HEADS, AND FANCY ARTICLES
in great variety, for sale by
GOODYEAR'S I. R. G. M'FG. COMPANY,
NO. 205 BROADWAY, NEAR FULTON-ST.

HOLIDAY ANNOUNCEMENT.
Mrs. M. L. HILL begs to announce to the LADIES
that as, owing to the war, she finds it impossible any longer to import goods, she intends shortly to decline business, and offers, during
THE HOLIDAYS,
a large stock of elegant imported Boots and Shoes, including a fine variety of black and white satin slippers, intended for the party season,
AT EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES.

SLEEVE BUTTONS—NEW STYLES.
Two, three, four, five, seven, eight, ten, fifteen, twenty twenty-five to seventy-five dollars a set. For sale by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

THE UNION WASHING-MACHINE IS warranted to wash perfectly, without soaking, rubbing or boiling—very quickly and with very little soap or labor. They never fail to please. Price $18. In operation at our depot.
I. WARD & CO., No. 457 Broadway, New-York.

THE UNION WRINGER IS ADMITTED to be the best in use. It has a patent galvanized frame, which never rusts, expansive cog-wheels, and solid, white rubber rolls, which never blacken the clothes; will fit any kind of tub or box, and wring a collar or a blanket.
I. WARD & CO., No. 457 Broadway, New-York.

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FOR THE
HOLIDAYS,
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From the New-York Christian Advocate, (written by the editor, Rev. Dr. Curry.)

We have been at some pains to ascertain what instrument of the many now soliciting the public favor, combines the greatest amount of real excellence. We have prosecuted this inquiry entirely independently of aid or direction from interested parties. The opinions of some of the best musical critics, composers and performers have been obtained: reports of experiments made in the ordinary use of various instruments in churches, schools and families, have been compared, all of which, with singular unanimity, concur in assigning the first place to the cabinet organ of Mason & Hamlin—a decision that corresponds with our own previously-formed convictions, received from personal observations. * * * *

We have written these things without solicitation from any one, and without the knowledge of those whose pecuniary interests we may seem to favor. The interests of our readers is the object we have sought especially to promote, and in that interest we have prosecuted our inquiries, and now we record our convictions.

From the New-York Chronicle.

From what we know of the editor of the *Journal*, and a long acquaintance with Messrs. Mason & Hamlin, we are sure that this investigation has been impartial, and the result correct.

From the Sunday School Times.

We clearly agree with the opinion from the *New-York Christian Advocate and Journal.*

From Zuri's Herald.

From a careful examination of the different kinds of reed instruments, we give preference to Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs. * * * The following candid remarks, given simply on the merits of the case, we indorse and copy from the *Christian Advocate*. (Then follows the article from which extracts are quoted above.)

From the New-York Examiner.

Having taken some pains to satisfy ourselves respecting the merits of these new instruments, we are able to speak very confidently in regard to them, and to recommend them heartily to our readers. We have not found any difference in the opinions entertained of them by musicians; all value them highly, and all agree that their superiority to all other instruments of their class, American or foreign, is indisputable.

From the Evening Express, Rochester.

Our attention having been called to these instruments, and our advice asked as to the BEST, we have prepared ourselves to give an opinion, and to indicate to our readers one that is in every way worthy a place in their parlors, schools and churches. * * * On comparing the Cabinet Organ with other reed organs, in some of which we have noticed points of much excellence, we can find nothing equal to it in the various substantial qualities that go to make up a good musical instrument, and upon inquiry we find that almost every musician of note, and nearly all the leading organists of the country pronounce the Cabinet Organ superior to every other instrument of its kind.

THE TESTIMONY OF THE PRESS might be largely added; and is especially emphatic as to the judgment of musical experts of the merits of the cabinet organs. Witness these few specimens:

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POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Queenstown and Liverpool, per steamer KANGAROO will close at this office on SATURDAY, the 31st day of December, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 10 A. M.; C and D, 9¾ A. M.; E and F, 9½ A. M.; G, 9 A. M.

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MARIPOSA COMPANY, NO. 34 WALL-ST. The Stockholders of this Company are requested to meet at this office on SATURDAY, the 31st inst., at 12 o'clock, to confer with the Trustees respecting the present condition and wants of this Company.
W. TITUS, Secretary.

EXCELSIOR PETROLEUM COMPANY. SECOND DIVIDEND. The Trustees of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT., payable Dec. 15, (free of Government tax,) at their office, No. 6 Broadway, N. Y. The transfer-books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th Dec., inclusive.
ARTHUR T. HURD, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 30, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY,
No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT the drawing this day made of twenty-five of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company for redemption, the following Bonds numbered 80, 116, 141, 242, 293, 319, 400, 451, 464, 552, 606, 612, 748, 757, 765, 842, 857, 945, 990, 1087, 1168, 1217, 1314, 1372, 1383, were drawn by lot, and that the same will be paid in Gold, on presentation at the office of the Company on MONDAY, the 2d day of January next, the first day of the month being Sunday. The Bonds so drawn must be presented for payment within ten days of the 1st day of January next, under penalty of the forfeiture of the right of redemption under this drawing. By order of the Board.
DATED 5th Dec., 1864. W. TITUS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY,
No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.

Notice is hereby given, that the Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company, falling due on the 1st day of January next, will be paid in Gold, on presentation at the office of the Company, on and after MONDAY, the 2d day of January next.
DATED 5th Dec., 1864. W. TITUS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF SHELDEN AND COLUMBIA COPPER CO.,
No. 22 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 29, 1864.

SALES OF FORFEITED STOCK.—THE following stock in the Sheldon and Columbia Copper Company is forfeited for non-payment of installment due Sept. 26, 1864, and that the same will be sold at public auction at the office of the Secretary of the company, No. 22 William-st., on the 31st day of December, at 3 o'clock P. M., unless previously redeemed, viz.: Certificate No. 33, name of W. H. Morton, 50 shares; No. 20, John Simpkins, 25 shares; No. 49, B. F. Woodward, 5 shares; No. 55, Herman Brahe, 25 shares; No. 72, James M. Shute, Jr., 50 shares; No. 77, John Richardson, 25 shares.
HENRY PHELPS, Secretary.

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OFFICE OF M. K. JESUP & CO.,
No. 59 EXCHANGE-PLACE, CORNER BROAD-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1864.

COUPONS OF CHICAGO AND ALTON Railroad, first mortgage bonds.

COUPONS of Joliet and Chicago Railroad, first mortgage bonds.

COUPONS of Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad, first mortgage bonds.

And COUPONS of Dubuque and Southwestern Railroad, preferred first mortgage bonds, due Jan. 1, 1865, will be paid at our office on and after the 3d day of January next, less Government tax.
M. K. JESUP & CO.

OFFICE WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Aug. 28, 1864.

COUPONS DUE JAN. 1, ON FIRST MORTGAGE Bonds of Placerville and Sacramento Valley Railroad, will be paid at our office on and after Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1865.

Coupons of Gold Bonds will be paid in gold.
Coupons of Currency Bonds will be paid in currency.
Both subject to Government tax.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.

OFFICE OF THE SUSQ. AND WYOMING VALLEY RAILROAD AND COAL COMPANY, TRINITY BUILDING,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1864.

THE STATED ANNUAL MEETING OF Stockholders and election for Directors, will be held at the office of the Company on TUESDAY, January 24, at 2 P. M.
ELLIS POTTER, Secretary.

SAINT NICHOLAS BANK, No. 7 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank, and for three Inspectors of the ensuing election, will be held at the Banking-house on TUESDAY, the 10th January next. Polls open at 12 o'clock M., and close at 1 o'clock P. M.
A. PARKHURST, Cashier.

OFFICE MARIETTA AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD CO.,
CHILLICOTHE, Ohio, Dec. 17, 1864.

TO STOCKHOLDERS.—THE TRANSFER books of this company, at the agency in New-York and at this office, will be closed from the 1st to the 15th of January proximo, inclusive.
WM. E. WATSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE BIGELOW BLUE STONE COMPANY,
MALDEN, N. Y., Dec. 28, 1864.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of nine Trustees and of three Inspectors of Election, to serve for one year, will be held at the office of the company, Malden, N. Y., on the second MONDAY of January next, commencing at 1 o'clock and closing at 3 o'clock of that day.
H. BOGARDUS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE TRUSTEES OF CREDITORS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI R. R. COMPANY, (EASTERN DIVISION,) No. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1864.

THE INTEREST DUE JAN. 1, 1865, ON the Preferred Certificates issued by this Trust will be paid on and after the 3d day of January, at this office, to those in whose name said Certificates stand registered, on the 24th inst.

The transfer books, both of Common and Preferred Certificates, will be closed at 2 P. M., on the 24th inst., and opened Jan. 5, 1865, at 10 A. M.

By order of the Trustees.
ALLAN CAMPBELL, Chairman.

OFFICE OF THE SMITH AND PARMELEE GOLD CO.,
No. 24 Broad-street, New-York.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF TRUSTEES of the Smith and Parmelee Gold Company, will be held at the office of the Company in the city of New-York, on MONDAY, the 9th day of January, 1865, between the hours of 12 and 1 P. M. The transfer books will close on the 6th January and reopen 10th January.
WM. H. PENDLETON, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

PETROLEUM

NEW-YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE CONSOLIDATED PETROLEUM AND MINING COMPANY.

CAPITAL $1,500,000, DIVIDED INTO 300,000 SHARES.
PAR VALUE, $5.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.
NO FURTHER ASSESSMENT OR CALL ON THE SUBSCRIBERS, AS 50,000 SHARES ARE RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

PRESIDENT—J. S. CLARK, of New-York.
VICE-PRESIDENT—R. H. WISHART, New-York.
TREASURER—H. F. DEVOE, New-York.
SECRETARY—J. CONKLIN, New-York.

DIRECTORS.
R. V. R. KETCHUM, Baltimore, Md.
O. KING, Baltimore, Md.
J. H. GOULD, Philadelphia, Penn.
W. WOODRUFF, Baltimore, Md.
R. H. WISHART, New-York.
H. F. DEVOE, New-York.
A. CLARK, Tarr Farm, Penn.
H. P. CLARK, Oil City, Penn.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENTS.
J. S. CLARK, New-York.
A. CLARK, Tarr Farm, Penn.
H. B. CLARK, Oil City, Penn.

OFFICES.
No. 71 BROADWAY, New-York.
Nos. 612 AND 614 CHESTNUT-ST., Philadelphia, And BALTIMORE, Md.

This company is organized under the laws of the State of New-York. The principal office is No. 71 Broadway, with branch offices in Philadelphia and Baltimore, for the convenience of subscribers, where the certificates of stock will be issued to subscribers as soon as scrip-books are ready, without delay. The property, embracing upwards of six hundred and thirty-five acres, has been selected with great care during the last three years, by those of the Directors who have been constantly operating on Oil Creek, and throughout the entire oil region of Pennsylvania, as well as Western Virginia, and was not selected to sell, but for the purpose of development and producing oil, having now some ten wells under contract, and being bored with vigor. Every acre of this company's property is bottom, and the best of boring land, much of it on Oil Creek, Cherry Run, Cherry Tree Creek, Walnut Bend, Allegany River, and other streams where the lands are being developed with good success.

OFFICE IN NEW-YORK, where prospectus and every information can be obtained,
No. 71 Broadway, New-York.

CAUTION.

The First National Bank of St. Alban's, Vt., was robbed by an armed band of raiders on the 19th of October, 1864, of the following notes and bonds, viz.:

Four $1,000 United States 7 3-10 Treasury notes, Nos. 18,681 to 18,684, inclusive.

Nineteen $500 United States 7 3-10 Treasury notes, Nos. 28,083 to 28,101, inclusive.

One hundred and two $100 United States 7 3-10 Treasury notes, Nos. 184,073 to 184,172, inclusive; and also Nos. 142,563, 142,574.

One hundred and nine $50 United States Treasury notes, Nos. 16,285 to 16,296, inclusive; 20,587 to 20,640, inclusive; 30,088 to 30,096, inclusive; 134,960 to 134,980, inclusive; 20,645 to 20,646, inclusive; also, 20,665 to 20,673, inclusive, and No. 30,081.

All payable to blank, order, dated Aug. 15, 1864.

Also, $15,000 5 per cent. legal tender coupon United States notes, dated Dec. 1, 1863, with one coupon taken off, of the denomination of $50 and $100. Also, $1,000 United States 5-20 coupon bond, No. 7,901, and two $100 United States 5-20 coupon bonds, Nos. 45,087 and 45,089. All persons are cautioned against buying the same, as payment and conversion has been stopped.

A. SOWLIS, Cashier.
ST. ALBANS, Dec. 1 1864.

SPECIAL PETROLEUM NOTICE.

"LITTLE KANAWHA
AND
ELK RIVER
PETROLEUM AND MINING COMPANY,"
OF WEST VIRGINIA.

Geologists and practical men unite in their belief, and so report, "that the property of this company—62,860 acres of land, in fee—is in the very centre of the West Virginia Oil Region—has numerous oil and gas springs along the banks of its principal streams, (one of which vies with the famous Burning Spring itself,) and is surrounded by properties on every side that are unmistakable in their oil-bearing character.

The subscription for its purchase is now being made at the office of the undersigned. It contains the names of many of our prominent capitalists and business men, is already far advanced, and will be closed at an early day.

Prof. Richardson's very able and interesting report on the property, with circular attached, containing the conditions of the subscription, and any additional information, can be obtained at this office.

JAMES WADSWORTH & CO.,
No. 61 Cedar-st., New-York.

H. J. MESSENGER,
BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,

Will receive subscriptions to the NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, and 10-40 BONDS, and allow the usual commissions.

We buy and sell at market rates,
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. 6s, OF 1881.
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S CHECKS.
U. S. 7-30 NOTES converted into 6s of '81.
U. S. CERTIFICATES COLLECTED.

Also, Gold, Silver, Canada and Uncurrent Money Bought and Sold at best rates.

ACCOUNTS of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY, No. 29 WILLIAM-ST., CORNER OF EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1864.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—IN PURSUANCE of authority given at a meeting of the stockholders of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, held on the 21st day of April last, there will be apportioned among such persons as shall be stockholders in said Company on the 12th day of January next, twelve thousand five hundred shares of new stock, in the ratio of one share to every seven shares of stock then held by each stockholder; certificates of stock so apportioned will be ready for delivery to those entitled to the same, on and after the 1st day of February next. (same day on which the usual cash dividend will be paid.)

No scrip will be issued for fractions of a share, but the number of shares representing the aggregate of such fractions will be sold at public auction on the 26th day of January, and the net proceeds will be paid to the stockholders on and after the 1st day of February next, according to their respective interests.

The Government tax on the above-mentioned apportionment will be paid by the Company. By order of the Board.
ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1864.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the regular annual meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank, for the election of nine Directors and of three Inspectors of Election, to serve for one year, will be held at the Banking-house of this Bank, at Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the 2d TUESDAY of January next, commencing at 12 o'clock at noon, and closing at 3 o'clock P. M. of that day.

The transfer books will be closed from Dec. 31 till after the said election.
D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

OFFICE WELLS, FARGO &, CO., No. 84 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1864.

TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS OF MONEY TO CALIFORNIA AND OREGON made, and Exchange on
SAN FRANCISCO,
LONDON,
DUBLIN and
PARIS.
For sale by WELLS, FARGO & CO.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC MUTUAL INS. CO.,
No. 51 Wall-st., NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1864.

THE BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY WILL close on the 31st inst., preparatory to its annual statement. Persons holding policies on risks which shall have terminated during the year, prior to 1st January next, are requested to furnish an account of the premiums thereon, and a statement of all claims for return of premiums to prevent discrepancies in the accounts.
J. H. CHAPMAN, Acting Secretary.

ST. MARK'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OFFICE No. 67 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1864.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Directors of this company will be held at the office of the company on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January, 1865. Polls will be open from 12 to 1 o'clock P. M.
WASHINGTON POST, Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Dec. 10, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN OF THE readiness of this department to redeem, on presentation, by payment in lawful money, or by conversion into bonds, as authorized by law, the Three-Years Treasury Notes, bearing interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per centum, issued under act of July 17, 1861. Interest will cease on all such Treasury Notes not so presented after three months from this date, at which time, under the law, the right of conversion ceases. Holders thereof will govern themselves accordingly.
W. P. FESSENDEN, Secretary of the Treasury.

THE FOLLOWING COUPONS, DUE JAN. 1, will be paid on or after that date, on presentation at the office of DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers:
Chicago City Municipal Bonds,
Chicago City Water Loan Bonds,
Albany City 6 per cent. Bonds.
DEC. 28, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this company, and for Inspectors, will be held at the company's office, No. 71 Wall-st., on TUESDAY, the 10th of January, 1865, commencing at 12 o'clock M., and closing at 1 o'clock P. M.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

THE COUPONS OF THE MORTGAGE Bonds of the Central Pacific Railroad Company of California, due the 1st of January next, will be paid in coin at our office, less Government tax. No. 36 Wall-st., Dec. 27, 1864.
EUGENE KELLY & CO.

CLEVELAND, PAINESVILLE AND ASHTABULA RAILROAD COMPANY, CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 24, 1864.

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS DUE JAN. 1, 1865, ON the Special Mortgage Bonds of this company, issued to the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company, will be paid at the Ocean Bank, New-York.
GEO. B. ELY, Treasurer.

MERCHANTS' BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF ELEVEN Directors, and for Inspectors of Election of this association, will be held at the banking-room on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January next.

Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.
J. D. VERMILYE, Cashier.

TRADESMEN'S BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 24, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS and Inspectors of Election will be held on TUESDAY, the 10th of January next, from 12 M. to 2 P. M.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

SACRAMENTO VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.—The coupons due Jan. 1, 1865, of the First Mortgage Bonds of the above company, will be paid on presentation, in gold coin, (less 5 per cent. U. S. tax,) at the office of SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD.

FINANCIAL.

PETROLEUM

THE DUTCHMAN RUN OIL COMPANY

HAVE PURCHASED
3,600 ACRES OF OIL LANDS in Western Virginia for $100,000. $20,000 of this sum only remains to be taken, and can be subscribed for at our office,
IN SUMS OF NOT LESS THAN $1,000.

The lands are situated on Hughes River and Dutchman Run, in the best oil region of Western Virginia.

THE DUTCHMAN RUN OIL COMPANY will be formed under the laws of the State of New-York, and purchasers of the land will receive $8,000 IN STOCK FOR EVERY $1,000 SUBSCRIBED.

NEW-YORK AND BOSTON OIL COMPANY,
President HENRY LAMBERT, Boston.
100,000 SHARES, PAR VALUE $5 . . . . . . $500,000
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE $3.

Producing lands on Cherry Run, Oil Creek, and in Western Virginia. TWO PER CENT *per month guaranteed.*

FIRST DIVIDEND, JANUARY 20, 1865.

Subscription books for both Companies now open at our office.

WAGSTAFF & GOETCHIUS,
No. 71 Broadway, New-York.

HENRY A. HEISER & SON,
NO. 44 PINE ST.,
DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
BUY AND SELL
QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS AND VOUCHERS,
5-20 BONDS,
1-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
7-30 LOAN, AND EVERY FORM OF U. S. SECURITIES.

We invite the attention of Banks and parties desiring short investments to our assortment of United States Six per Cent. Debt Certificates. We have them on hand due in every month of the year, at rates that pay better interest than any security in the market.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
and dealers in Government Securities,
No. 38 Wall-st.,
receive orders for the
NEW 7-30 LOAN
and have the notes always on hand for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

☞ Banks, Bankers and Dealers supplied on favorable terms.

☞ All kinds of Government Securities bought and sold at market rates.

NOBLE AND DELEMATER ROCK OIL COMPANY
OF NEW-YORK.
Office No. 67 Wall-st.
100,000 Shares. Par Value $3. $300,000.

Stock full paid, no future assessments.

This Company has an ample working capital, with an interest in the now largest producing well on Oil Creek.

OFFICERS:
John J. Morris, Pres. Isaac A. Quackenboss, Vice-Pres.
Isaac Bemheimer, Trea. J. H. Ketcham, Secretary.
William Norton, Counsel.

TRUSTEES.
John J. Morris, Isaac O. Barker,
Isaac A. Quackenboss, Henry Cohn,
Isaac Bemheimer, Smith Barker, Jr,
John H. Rhodes.

SINKING FUND.

DAYTON AND MICHIGAN RAILROAD SECOND MORTGAGE BONDS.—I am prepared to purchase Second Mortgage Bonds of the above Road to the extent of forty-five thousand dollars, ($45,000) amount due 1st of October last under the terms of the mortgage requiring an annual appropriation toward a Sinking Fund for the redemption and security of the Second Mortgage Bonds. I desire proposals for the sale of Second Mortgage Bonds for this Fund, in lots of forty-five Bonds or less, by the 12th of January next. Address, at Lafayette Bank, Cincinnati, Ohio.
JOSEPH C. BUTLER, Trustee.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
NO. 52 WALL-ST.,

Will pay, Jan. 3, 1865, the interest due on the following named securities, viz.:
Indiana State 2½ per cent. and 5 per cent. stocks.
Kansas State 7 per cent. Bonds.
Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, First and Second Mortgage Bonds.
Indiana Central Railroad Second Mortgage Bonds.
Indiana and Illinois Central Railway 7 per cent. Bonds.
Jackson County (Ohio) Bonds.
City of Marietta (Ohio) Bonds.

T. L. TAYLOR & REED,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 5 Broad-st.

All descriptions of Government Securities, State and Railroad Bonds, Stocks and Gold bought and sold on commission. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States at the best rates. Deposits received subject to sight draft and interest allowed.

THOS. L. TAYLOR, THOS. REED.
Late Cashier of Hanover Bank.
SPECIAL PARTNERS.
JOHN MAXWELL, WILLIAM R. FINCH.

CENTRAL PETROLEUM COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central Petroleum Company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before them, will be held at their office, No. 10 Pine-st., on TUESDAY, the 3d day of January next, at 12 o'clock. The transfer books will be closed from Dec. 30 to Jan. 4.
WED. W. CLARK, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.,
TRINITY BUILDING, No. 111 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1864.

THE BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY WILL close on the 31st inst., preparatory to its annual statement. Persons holding policies on risks which shall have terminated during the year, are requested to furnish an account of the premiums thereon, and a statement of all claims for return of premium, to prevent discrepancies in the accounts.
THOS. HALE, Secretary.

THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK. NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1864.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, for the choice of a Board of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may come legally before them, will be held at the Banking Rooms, No. 318 Broadway, on the 10th day of January next (being the second Tuesday of the month), commencing at 10 A. M. and closing at 4 P. M.
W. H. FOSTER, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE DRY DOCK, EAST BROADWAY AND BATTERY RAILROAD COMPANY,
No. 202 11th-st., between Avenues C and D,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 29, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of this company and three inspectors of the next election, will be held at this office, No. 202 11th-st., on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January next. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.
A. B. HODGES, Secretary.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD COMPANY.—The coupons of first mortgage bonds, series A. of the St Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company, will be paid at the office of the company, No. 12 Wall-st., on and after the third day of January, 1865.

Envelopes properly prepared to guard against errors, will be furnished on application.
C. BUTLER, President.

OFFICE SANDUSKY, MANSFIELD AND NEWARK RAILROAD CO., SANDUSKY, Dec. 20, 1864.

THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS OF this Company are hereby notified that the interest warrants falling due on the first day of January, 1865, issued with bonds, will be paid at maturity at the office of E. T. H. Gibson, Esq., No. 54 William-st., New-York.
C. L. BOALT, President.

THE MARKET BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank, and for three Inspectors of the ensuing election, will be held at the banking-house on MONDAY, the 9th day of January next. Polls will be open from 12 to 1 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed until after said election.
A. GILBERT, Cashier.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, BUREAU OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES, No. 32 CHAMBERS-STREET.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.—NOTICE IS hereby given that an additional One Per Cent. will be added on the 15th inst., to all taxes unpaid on that day. On the 1st of January following, interest at the rate of Twelve Per Cent. will accrue, to be calculated from the 10th day of October, 1864, to the date of payment.
JOHN MURPHY, Receiver.

TRANSFER OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY CO., No. 8 WALL-ST.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 29, 1864.

THE COUPONS DUE JANUARY 1, 1865, from the bonds of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company, will be paid on and after January 3, on presentation at this office.
JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

BUTCHERS AND DROVERS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 29, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this bank and for three Inspectors of the next election will be held at the banking-house, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January next. The poll will open at 1 o'clock and close at 2 P. M. By order of the board.
R. P. PERRIN, Cashier.

FOR SALE—TWO BONDS AND MORTGAGES for the face; one for $4,000 on city property, worth three times the amount, nine years to run, 7 per cent. interest; another $6,000 on property in Tenth Ward, 7 per cent. interest, four years to run, property worth double the amount. Apply to F. W. GEISSENHAINER, Jr., No. 293 Broadway.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Langdon Rolling Mill Company will be held at the office of the Company at Room No. 63 Trinity Buildings, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January next, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Trustees to serve for the ensuing year.
J. R. LAWRENCE, Treasurer and Sec'y.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1864.

NOTICE.—THE JANUARY COUPON OF THE Freeport Railroad first mortgage 8 per cent. bonds of California, will be paid in gold, on and after the 1st proximo, by GEO. T. M. DAVIS, No. 47 Exchange-place.

NOTICE.—COUPONS OF COLUMBUS AND INDIANAPOLIS, and Richmond and Covington Railroads, due January 1, 1865, will be paid at St. Nicholas Bank on January 3.
B. E. SMITH, President.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

TO BROKERS.

WANTED—A situation as cashier or book-keeper, by a young man thoroughly posted and fully competent to take either or both positions; best of reference given. Address W. L. I., Box No. 1,954 Post-office.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders and Trustees of the WESTMORELAND PETROLEUM COMPANY of New-Brunswick, will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 11th of January, 1865, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office of Clark & Sumner, No. 10 Pine st. Punctual attendance is requested, as business of importance will be transacted.
H. W. C. TWEDDLE, Secretary.

THE COUPONS DUE JANUARY 1, 1865, on bonds of Scioto County, Ohio, will be paid at the National Currency Bank, corner of Wall-st. and Broadway, on and after TUESDAY, January 3, 1865.

GOULD AND BERRY SILVER MINING Company Stock for sale—eight shares (two feet)—by J. J. WHITE, No. 22 John-st.

$50,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND mortgage, in sums to suit applicants. WM. H. ANTHON, No. 16 Exchange-place.

ATHENS COUNTY COUPONS, DUE 1ST of January, 1865, will be paid at the office of WILLIAM HOGE & CO., No. 40 Wall-st.

DIVIDENDS.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' BANK,
JERSEY CITY, Dec. 12, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of 15 Per Cent. and the Government tax out of the profits of the current six months, payable to the stockholders on and after the 5th of January proximo. The business of this bank will be discontinued after the 31st of December inst., and be merged into the First National Bank of this city.
J. S. FOX, Cashier.

OIL CREEK PETROLIUM COMPANY.
SIXTH MONTHLY DIVIDEND.

The trustees of this company have this day declared the regular monthly dividend of one per cent. for the month ending Dec. 15, payable at the office of the Company, Continental Bank Building, No. 7 Nassau-st., Jan. 15, 1865. Transfer books close Jan. 10.
O. R. INGERSOLL, Treasurer.

THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, No. 34 CITY EXCHANGE,
BOSTON, Dec. 14, 1864.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS of the Michigan Central Railroad Company, held at Boston the 14th day of December, 1864, the foregoing report and account of the Treasurer was presented and accepted, and thereupon it was

Voted, That a dividend of $6 per share, free of Government tax, be and the same is hereby declared, payable on the 3d day of January next, to the holders of stock at the close of business on the 17th inst. Payment to be made to stockholders residing in Michigan and registered at Boston, at the office of the General Receiver, in Detroit; to holders of stock registered in the City of New-York, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company in said city, and to all others, at the office of the Treasurer, in the City of Boston.

Voted, That the Transfer Books of the Company be closed from the 17th to the 28th inst.
ISAAC LIVERMORE, Treasurer.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,—December 22, 1864.

DIVIDEND—A Dividend of Four per cent on the Capital of this Bank has been declared, free from Government Tax, payable on and after the 3d of January next.

Transfer books will be closed from the 22d inst. to the 3d of January.

By order. E. J. OAKLEY, Cashier.

TRADESMEN'S BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1864.

A DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT., FREE of Government tax, has been declared, payable on and after the 3d day of January.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, No. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 24, 1864.

THIRTY-FIRST DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Four (4) per cent. out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 31st inst., and One (1) per cent. out of the earning of steamers, sailing vessels, &c., payable to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 5th of January next. The transfer books will be closed from the evening of the 27th of December until the morning of the 7th of January.
HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

CENTRAL COAL MINING AND MANUFACTURING CO.,
Room No. 51 Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1864.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE CENTRAL COAL MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, have this day declared a dividend of three and one-half per cent., payable at the office of the Company, on and after the 15th day of January, 1865. The transfer books will be closed from Jan. 5 to 15, inclusive.
F. P. WHITE, Secretary.

BULL'S HEAD BANK. — TWENTY-THIRD DIVIDEND.—NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1864.—The Board of Directors of the Bull's Head Bank have this day declared their usual Quarterly Dividend of Three (3) per Cent., and an Extra Dividend of Three per Cent., both free of Government tax, out of the net profits of the past three months, payable on and after the 3d day of January next. The transfer books will remain closed from this date until the 3d proximo, inclusive.
G. W. WILLETT, Cashier.

OFFICE OF M. K. JESUP & CO.,
No. 59 EXCHANGE-PLACE, COR. BROAD-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1864.

THE QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF ONE and three-quarters (1¾) per cent., free from Government tax, due Jan. 1, 1865, on Joliet and Chicago Railroad stock, and on Alton and St. Louis Railroad stock, will be paid on and after the 3d day of January next, by the United States Trust Co., No. 48 Wall-st., New-York.
M. K. JESUP & CO., Transfer Agents.

ATLANTIC BANK, BROOKLYN,
BROOKLYN, Dec. 23, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF Six Per Cent. on the capital stock of this Bank has this day been declared out of the profits of the six months ending the 31st inst., payable, free of Government tax, on and after the 3d day of January next. By order of the Board.
WM. C. RUSHMORE, President.

THE MARKET BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of five (5) per cent. on the capital stock, free of Government tax, payable to stockholders on and after the third (3d) day of January next.

The transfer books will be closed from date to Jan. 3.
A. GILBERT, Cashier.

BUTCHERS' AND DROVERS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1864.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE declared a semi-annual Dividend of five per cent., and an Extra Dividend of five per cent., free of Government tax, payable on and after the 3d day of January next. The transfer books will remain closed until the day of payment.
R. P. PERRIN, Cashier.

MECHANICS' BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of five per cent., free from Government tax, payable to the stockholders on and after the 3d of January next. The transfer book will be closed from this date until Jan. 3.
W. H. COX, Cashier.

ATLANTIC BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared, out of the profits of the last six months, a Dividend of Five per Cent., payable to stockholders, free of Government tax, on and after Jan. 3, 1865. The book of transfer will be closed from Dec. 28 to Jan. 4. By order. R. W. R. FREEMAN, Cashier.

IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1864.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. OUT of the earnings of the past six months, free from Government tax, will be paid to the Stockholders of this bank on and after the 3d day of January next, until which time the transfer books will be closed. By order of the board.
JAMES BUELL, Cashier.

HANOVER BANK, New-York,
Dec. 16, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock, free of Government tax, payable to the stockholders on the 3d day of January next.

The Transfer Book will be closed from the 21st to the 31st instant.
JNO. T. BANKER, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
Dec. 23, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER cent., free of Government tax, will be paid on the capital stock of this bank, on and after the 3d day of January next. The tranfer books will be closed from date to Jan. 3, inclusive. By order.
G. L. CROWELL, Cashier.

BROADWAY BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1864.

THIRTIETH DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL Dividend of Ten (10) per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, has this day been declared from the profits of the current six months, payable on and after the 3d day of January, 1865.

By order of the Board,
J. L. EVERITT, Cashier.

CHATHAM BANK DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND of Six (6) Per Cent., free of Government tax, out of the profits of the past six months, will be paid to the stockholders on and after TUESDAY, 3d of January next, the Transfer Books to remain closed from the 23d inst. to day of payment inclusive. By order of the Board.
O. B. SCHREINER, Cashier.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1864.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, No. 363 Broadway,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1864.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT., FREE of Government tax, will be paid to the stockholders of this Bank on the 3d day of January, 1865. The transfer books close on the 24th inst., to reopen Jan. 3, 1865. By order of the Board. JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

MANUFACTURERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK,
New-York, Dec. 13, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of five per cent., payable to stockholders, free of Government tax, on and after the 3d day of January next.

Transfer Books will be closed from Dec. 27 to 3d January, inclusive.
A. MASTERTON, Cashier.

IRVING BANK.—TWENTY-THIRD DIVIDEND.—On and after the 30th day of December, by order of the Board of Directors, a Semi-annual Dividend of Four per Cent., free of Government tax, will be paid the stockholders of this bank. Transfer books are closed to that day.
DANIEL V. H. BERTHOLF, Cashier.
IRVING BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1864.

BANK OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1864.

TWENTY-FIRST DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD of Directors have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., free from Government tax, payable to the stockholders on and after the 3d day of January next. The transfer books will be closed from this date until Jan. 3.
GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

NORWICH AND WORCESTER R. R. CO.,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, NORWICH, CONN.,
Dec. 28, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of five per cent., free of Government tax, payable on the 10th proximo, to the stockholders whose names are on the stock ledger on the 4th day of January, 1865.

Dividend payable at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.'s Office, No. 56 Wall-st, New-York.

The transfer books will be closed from the 4th day to the 11th day of January, 1865.

Persons holding the bonds of this Company, payable June 1, 1864, are requested to present them for payment. No interest will be paid on them after that date.

Stockholders holding the Treasurer's orders for stock, to be placed to their credit on the books of the Transfer Agency, must surrender them before the books are closed, on the 4th proximo, to entitle them to receive the dividend.

Stockholders will please take notice of the following extract from the law, when they authorize the transfer of stock, or give an order for their dividend:

"Every corporation having capital stock divided into shares, shall register the names and residences of all its shareholders, and shall issue no certificate of stock to a shareholder or purchaser of a share, until he informs the corporation, or Transfer Agent, of his actual place of residence, and shall pay no dividend to a shareholder until he informs the corporation thereof."
G. L. PERKINS, Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD CO.,
OFFICE No. 73 SOUTH 4TH-ST.
PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30, 1864.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The transfer books of this Company will be closed on THURSDAY, Dec. 15, and reopened on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1865.

A Dividend of 15 per cent., on the common and preferred stock, clear of National and State taxes, has been declared payable in common stock, on 31st Dec. next, on all stock standing on the books of the Company at the close of business on the 15th proximo.

Stockholders whose names are registered on the New-York books, will be paid at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 56 Wall-st.
S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD CO., PITTSBURGH, Dec. 15, 1864.

DIVIDENDS.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have declared a Dividend of 2½ per cent, free of Government tax, on the capital stock for the quarter ending Dec. 31 inst., and 3½ per cent., less the Government tax, on the third mortgage bonds for the six months ending Dec. 31 inst., the latter in anticipation of that due April 1, 1865. Both payable on and after Jan. 17, 1865, at the company's office in this city, and by the transfer agents, WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., No. 52 Wall-st., New-York, to the holders, as registered at the respective offices. The transfer books will close on the 31st inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., and will reopen on the 17th day of January thereafter. By order of the board.
W. H. BARNES, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL MINING COMPANY,
No. 284 PEARL-ST., MARKET BANK BUILDING.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 29, 1864.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE CENTRAL MINING COMPANY, have this day declared a dividend of two dollars and a half ($2½) per share, payable on and after Monday, Jan. 16, 1865. The transfer books will be closed from the evening of the 5th to the morning of the 16th of January.
JAMES M. MILLS, Treasurer.

GROCERS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec 20, 1864.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. ON the capital stock of this Bank, free from Government tax, will be paid to the stockholders on and after January 3, next. By order of the Board.
SAMUEL B. WHITE, Cashier.

BANK OF NEW-YORK,
Dec. 16, 1864.

161ST DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of five (5) per cent., free from Government tax, payable on and after the 3d of January next. The Transfer Books will be closed from this date until the 5th of January next.
W. B. MEEKER, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—The Board of Directors have this day declared Dividend of Five per Cent. (free from Government tax) out of the profits of the bank, payable on and after the 3d January, 1865. The transfer books will be closed from the 26th inst. to 4th prox.
CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

EAST RIVER BANK.—DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors have declared a Dividend from the profits of the last six months of Four Per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on and after Jan. 3, 1865. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 23d inst. to Jan. 3, inclusive.
WM. S. CARMAN, Cashier.

PHŒNIX BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1864.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER CENT. (free of Government tax,) has been declared this day, payable on and after JANUARY 3, 1865, until which date the Transfer Books are closed.
JOHN PARKER, Cashier.

SAVINGS BANKS.

EAST RIVER SAVINGS BANK.
No. 3 CHAMBERS-ST.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—The usual semi-annnual Dividend, at the rate of six per cent. per annum on all sums from $1 to $500, and five per cent. on sums over $500, will be payable on and after the 16th day of January, 1865.

Bank open DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on THURSDAY EVENING from 5 to 7 o'clock.
WM. H. SLOCUM, President.
CHARLES A. WHITNEY, Secretary.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK.
NO. 1 THIRD-AVENUE.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—The Semi-annual Dividend, free from Government tax, at the rate of Six Per Cent. Per Annum on all sums from $5 to $500, and Five Per Cent. on sums over $500, will be payable on and after the 21st of January, 1865. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 5 to 7 o'clock.
THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK.
No. 82 Nassau-st.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1864.

JANUARY DIVIDEND.—A semi-annual dividend (free from Government tax), at the rate of six per cent. per annum, on all sums from $5 to $500, and five per cent. on sums over $500, will be paid on and after the third MONDAY in January next.

Bank open DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, from 5 to 7 P. M.
LUTHER C. CARTER, President.
HENRY R. CONKLIN, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 427 and 429 Canal-st., corner of Varick. Dividend. The semi-annual dividend, free from Government tax, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, on all sums from $5 to $500, and five per cent. on sums over $500, will be payable on and after the 21st of January, 1865. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3, and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 5 to 7 o'clock.
EDER V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
GARDNER S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.

Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto. Open daily from 10 to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons from 4 to 7 P. M. N. B.—Money to loan on bond and mortgage.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
BOWERY, CORNER OF CANAL-ST.,

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums of Five Hundred Dollars and under, and five per cent. on larger amounts. MONEY DEPOSITED NOW WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1.

Bank open daily from 10 to 3, and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, from 5 to 7.

Bank books in English, German and French.
GEO. FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK,
No. 73 6th-av. NEW-YORK, Dec. 31, 1864.

JANUARY INTEREST FOR 1865.—THE Board of Trustees of this institution have directed that interest at the rate of Five per cent. per annum on all sums of five hundred dollars and under, and of Four per cent. per annum on deposits over five hundred dollars, free from Government tax, be allowed to all depositors entitled thereto, payable on and after Monday, Jan. 16, 1865.

All interest not drawn will draw interest from Jan. 1. as principal. B. F. WHEELWRIGHT, President.
JOHN S. DICKERSON, } Secretaries.
JAMES BRYCE,

MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION.—TWENTY-EIGHTH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.—The Trustees of this institution have declared the Twenty-eighth Semi-Annual Dividend on all deposits (by the rules entitled thereto) at the rate of Six Per Cent per annum on sums of $500 and under, and Five Per Cent. per annum on amounts exceeding $500, free of Government tax, payable on and after the 16th day of January.

The Dividend will be credited under date of January 1, and if not withdrawn, will receive interest the same as a deposit.
E. J. BROWN, President.
EDWARD SCHELL, Treasurer.
C. F. ALVORD, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK,
OPEN DAILY.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.

Deposits made now, or on or before January 2, will draw interest from Jan. 1.
M. D. VAN PELT, President.
CHAS. D. BAILEY, Treasurer,
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 283 BOWERY.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED on sums of $1,000 and under; 5 per cent. on larger sums. Deposits made on or before Jan. 3 will draw interest from Jan. 1. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 A.M. to 7 P. M.
CHAS. PECK, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK—CORNER OF 14th-st. and 8th-av. Open daily from 1 to 5 P. M. WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS from 1 to 7 P. M. Six per cent. interest allowed. The January dividend will be paid, free from Government tax. Money deposited on or before Jan. 1, will draw interest from that date.
THOMAS CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK—No. 1 THIRD-AV.

Deposits will draw interest from the 1st January. BANK OPEN DAILY from 10 to 2 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 5 to 7 o'clock.
THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK—CORNER 8th-av. and 42d-st., open daily. Interest six per cent. All deposits made before the 21st of January will draw interest from the 1st of January.
SAMUEL NEWBY, President.
JAMES F. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR $2,380,000

MORRIS & ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 7 PER CENT. BONDS, OF $100, $500 AND $1,000, REDEEMABLE IN FIFTY YEARS, WITH COUPONS PAYABLE IN NEW-YORK, AND PROVISION FOR A SINKING FUND FOR THEIR REDEMPTION AT MATURITY.

These Bonds are the ENTIRE BALANCE of the $3,500,000 of Bonds of the company which can be issued under the first mortgage, except for the second track, and extension to the Water Gap, and are now offered for sale for the purpose of completing the extension of the road from Hacketstown, the present terminus, to Phillipsburgh, opposite Easton; for building the branch road from Denville, via Boonton, to Newark—a very favorable line for the coal traffic—and for furnishing coal, freight and passenger cars and engines.

The Morris and Essex Railroad, when extended to Easton, will connect with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, with the Lehigh Canal Co.'s Road, now in the course of construction, and nearly completed, and with the East Pennsylvania Railroad, which is proposed to be extended from Allentown to Easton. This road will supply the Morris and Essex Railroad, immediately upon its completion, with an immense tonnage for transportation. And it must become one of the most important avenues for the transportation of coal from the Lehigh and Eastern Schuylkill regions; and will also form a part of the great through line to Cincinnati and Chicago, and the Great West generally; via Lehigh Valley, Allentown, Penn., Central and Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroads.

These bonds are secured by a first mortgage to James Brown and Peter Cooper, Trustees, upon the road completed and in the course of completion, and upon the branch from Denville to Newark, from the Hudson River at Hoboken to the Delaware River at Philipsburgh, including all rights, real estate, rolling stock and other property of the company.

The capital stock of the company, amounting to $3,100,000, has all been called in and expended upon the road, which, in addition to the amounts received and to be received from the bonds applied and to be applied to the extension of the present road and the building of the branch road, afford an undoubtedly ample basis for the security of these bonds. This will be evident from the fact that the business on the local road from Newark to Hacketstown has always been sufficient to pay seven per cent. interest on the amount invested in it.

Sealed proposals for these bonds will be received until Tuesday, the 20th January next, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the whole or any portion. Ten per cent. and the premium will be paid at the time of the awards of the bids, and ninety per cent. on the delivery of the bonds which will be in ten equal installments every thirty days, and which extends the last payment to October 20, with the right of paying in full at any time. The interest account will be adjusted at the time of paying for the bonds. No bids under par will be accepted; but all bids at par and over will be awarded in the order of the premiums, and should there be an excess of bids at the lowest rates, then the bids will be awarded pro rata.

The bonds will be coupon with the right of registration, or by surrender of the coupons made transferable on the books of the company at the pleasure of the holders. Parties making proposals will state the amount of bonds desired, the denomination and price per one hundred dollars.

Each proposal should be sealed and indorsed "Proposal for the Morris and Essex Railroad Company Bonds," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to J. D. VERMILYE, Esq., Merchants' Bank. New-York, or to the undersigned, Newark, N. J., either of whom will furnish printed copies of the mortgage, which contains full information.

By order of the Board of Directors.
ISAAC VAN WAGENEN, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS FOR $200,000

"NEW-YORK COUNTY COURT-HOUSE STOCK."

Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office until THURSDAY, Jan. 5, 1865, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars of "The New-York County Court-house Stock," authorized by chapter 242 of the Laws of 1864, and by an ordinance of the Board of Supervisors, approved by the Mayor, May 3, 1864.

The said stock is to provide additional means for the construction and completion of the New County Court-house, on Chambers-street. It will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemed as follows, viz.:

One hundred thousand dollars on the first day of November, 1889; and

One hundred thousand dollars on the first day of November, 1890.

The proposals will state the amount of stock desired and the price per one hundred dollars thereof, and the persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the County Treasurer the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the County Treasurer for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payments.

Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for New-York County Court-house Stock," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if the interests of the county require it.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller,
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Dec. 23, 1864.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF
ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE,
No. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1864.

Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received by the undersigned until 12 o'clock, M., on Saturday, the 31st instant, for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York, as follows, viz.:

POTATOES—Such quantities as may be required during the month of January, 1865, 60 pounds to the bushel, in good ordinary well-coopered barrels.

ONIONS—Such quantities as may be required during the month of January, 1865, 60 pounds to the bushel, in barrels as above.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposals must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid to have consideration, must contain the written guarantee of two responsible names as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth the value of the stores proposed to be furnished shall be executed, if required."

The seller's name, place of business, and the date of purchase, as well as the name of contents, with weight, gross and tare, and shipping marks, to be hereafter designated, must be plainly marked on every package. All other old marks must be obliterated.

All the stores will be carefully inspected before their delivery, and compared with the retained samples. Returns of weights, signed by a professional Public Weigher, must be furnished whenever required.

Payment will be made in currency or its equivalent, as soon as funds are received for that purpose.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."
H. F. CLARKE,
Colonel, A. D. C. and A. C. G. S.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1864.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until SATURDAY, the 31st inst., at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing by contract, at the depot of army clothing and equipage, New-York,
WOOLEN MITTENS.

Bidders should present samples of article they propose to furnish.

The article to be delivered in regulation boxes.

Bonds will be required for the faithful performance of the contract.

The United States reserves the right to reject all bids deemed objectionable.

Proposals should be indorsed: "Proposals for furnishing mittens," and addressed to
Bt.-Brig.-Gen. D. H. VINTON,
D. Q. M. General.

PROPOSALS FOR REVENUE STEAM CUTTERS ON THE LAKES.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Dec. 24, 1864.

Proposals will be received at this department until 12 M. MONDAY, the 16th day of January next, for the construction of three or four revenue steam cutters (side-wheel) for the Upper Lakes, and one or more for Lake Ontario.

Specifications in detail will be furnished bidders on application, in person or by letter, to this department, or to the Collectors of the Customs at Boston, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and the Collectors at the principal lake ports.

The proposals should be sealed and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury, and indorsed on the envelope, "Proposals for Building Revenue Steam Cutters."
W. P. FESSENDEN,
Secretary of the Treasury.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK CITY, Dec. 20, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily for the
FREIGHTING OF FORAGE,
for the United States Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland and other ports on the coast of Maine,
TO
Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C.; Savannah, Ga., and New-Orleans, La.

PROPOSITIONS

must state name, standing and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to
E. D. CHAPMAN,
Captain and Assistant Quartermaster.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

TODD & RAFFERTY, MACHINERY MERCHANTS, 4 Dey-st., works, Paterson, N. J.: manufacture Stationary and Portable Engines, Boilers, Flax, Hemp, Tow, Oakum, Rope Machinery, Mill Gearing, Shafting, &c.

FOR SALE—A TWELVE-HORSE STEAM-ENGINE, and a lot of machinery, saw-tables, &c., all in running order. W. H. ANDERSON, Yonkers, N. Y.

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES OF THE most improved patterns, steam gauge included, 8, 10 and 12 horse power, now ready for delivery at the lowest prices. STEVENS BRO. & CO., No. 222 Pearl-st., N. Y.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A GOOD SECON hand steam-engine and boiler, of about 35 horse-power. Address JAMES R. SAYRE, Jr., Newark, N.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADE
NO. 212 FIFTH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST., N. Y.
NO. 137 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.

Classes for gentlemen in Brooklyn—on TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, in Brooklyn—on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in New-York, at 8 o'clock. Call for a circular.

SHIPPING.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	900-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
EUROPE	(Afloat)	900-horse power
FRANCE	(Afloat)	900-horse power
NAPOLEON III	(Building)	1,100-horse power

Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the
WASHINGTON, A. DUCHESNE;
LAFAYETTE, A. BOCANDE;
as follows:

FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.

LAFAYETTE	WEDNESDAY	Jan. 4.
WASHINGTON	WEDNESDAY	Feb. 1.

First Cabin, (including table wine)	$135
Second Cabin, (including table wine)	$70 or $80

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

STEAMSHIP LAFAYETTE, FOR HAVRE, will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, foot of Morton-st., on WEDNESDAY, 4th of January. Passengers are requested to be on board at 11 o'clock.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,612	
ONTARIO—building	3,212	
HELVETIA—building	3,209	
ERIN	3,318	Grace.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Prowse.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,972	Brooking.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

ERIN—Lewis .... Saturday, Jan. 7.

AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $125 in currency; Steerage, $45 in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
Line of Side-Wheel Steamers to
NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
Will sail as follows:

EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, Jan. 7.
MORNING STAR	Nelson	Saturday, Jan. 21.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, Jan. 28.
EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, Feb. 4.
MORNING STAR	Nelson	Saturday, Feb. 18.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, Feb. 25.
DAY STAR	(Building.)	

At 3 o'clock, P. M.,
From Pier 46 North River, 3d Pier above Canal-st., N. Y.

PASSAGE—Chief cabin staterooms, $75 to $100, according to location of stateroom. Second cabin, $50.

The *Morning Star* is 2,048 tons, the *Evening Star* 2,015, the *Guiding Star* 2,416, the *Day Star* 2,778, custom-house measurement. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamers.

No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing. For Freight or Passage apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 7.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 14.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 21.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec 28.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 4.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 11.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL— Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails, are intended to sail as follows

KANGAROO	SATURDAY	Dec. 31
CITY OF MANCHESTER	SATURDAY	Jan. 7
CITY OF LONDON	SATURDAY	Jan. 14

and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New York.

IMPORTANT TO SHIPPERS.
THROUGH BILLS LADING TO ST. LOUIS AND ALL POINTS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, VIA NEW-ORLEANS.
THE ATLANTIC AND MISSISSIPPI STEAMSHIP COMPANY, OF ST. LOUIS,
JOHN J. ROE, President,
is now ready to contract, and give THROUGH BILLS OF LADING for shipment as above.

This Company now owns some twenty first-class steamers running between New-Orleans, St. Louis, and Louisville, and are now arranging connections between New-York, Boston, Philadelphia and New-Orleans.

One of their steamers will leave New-Orleans daily, and by judicious arrangements they are enabled to offer inducements to shippers in lower rates and quick dispatch. Average time of transit, eighteen days.

JENNISON EAGER, Agent,
No. 41 Broad-st.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steampacket Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, Jan 2, and MONDAY, Jan. 30.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	$50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.
Passengers must have passports.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No 4 Bowling Green.

PASSENGERS PER CORSICA, FOR HAVANA and Nassau, are requested to be on board, at the company's wharf, Jersey City, at 9 o'clock on MONDAY MORNING, Jan. 2.
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT
The new and first-class U. S. Mail Steamship
GEO. CROMWELL,
E. E. VAIL, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 9, North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 31, at 3 P. M.

The cabins of this steamer have been enlarged and elegantly furnished.

For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

The FUNG SHUEY will follow on Jan. 7, 1865.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The first-class United States Mail steamship
YAZOO,
GEORGE W. COUCH, Commander,
having been thoroughly overhauled, will leave Pier No. 13, N. R., on THURSDAY, Jan. 5, 1865, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for New-Orleans direct.
For freight or passage, apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO.,
No. 115 Broadway.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE
FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.
The following first-class side-wheel steamships will be dispatched at noon, precisely, from Pier No. 3, North River:

Jan. 4 .... NORTH STAR .... SLOCUM.
(Connecting at Panama with GOLDEN AGE.)
Jan. 13 .... COSTA RICA .... TINKLEPAUGH.
(Connecting at Panama with CONSTITUTION.)
Jan. 23 .... OCEAN QUEEN .... SEABURY.
(Connecting at Panama with SACRAMENTO.)

For freight or passage, apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

OR HAVANA—THE NEW AND SPLENDID SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP
MORRO CASTLE,
Capt. ADAMS,
ll leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, . 4, at 3 o'clock, P. M., precisely, for Havana direct. freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.
new and splendid steamship EAGLE, Lawrence, will succeed the MORRO CASTLE, and leave . 11.

R MATAMORAS—DISPATCH LINE.
A 1 British steamship *Governor Bailey*, is now re- r cargo at pier No. 4 East River, and will positive- on THURSDAY, Jan. 12, at 2 o'clock P. M., touch- Havana to land and receive passengers only. O BERTH SECURED UNTIL PAID FOR. reight or passage to Matamoras, or passage to with first-class steamship accommodations, ap- . A. HUSSEY & CO., No. 115 Pearl-st.

AGE TO AND FROM GREAT ITAIN AND IRELAND, by TAPSCOTT'S ines of LONDON and LIVERPOOL PACKing every week. Parties wishing to send for ds, or remit money to the old country, can do ost favorable terms, by applying to
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st.

ON LINE TO CALIFORNIA, VIA AGUA—SHORT ROUTE, LOW PRICES.— American Transit Company will dispatch, every month, from Pier No. 29 North River, the fine steamship GOLDEN RULE, D. S. aster, at greatly reduced rates of passage. ars, apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent, -st., corner of Warren-st.

SHIPPING.

FOR PORT ROYAL AND BEAUFORT, S. C.—Regular Line.—The steamship MELVILLE will sail as above on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 4, 1865, at 3 o'clock P. M., from Pier 6 East River.
For freight or passage, apply to
WHITNEY & HATHEWAY, No. 52 South-st.

RAILROADS.

NEW RAILROAD LINE SOUTH:
BROOKLYN TO PHILADELPHIA—THROUGH IN FIVE HOURS.

Fare, $2. Excursion Ticket, $3, (good for three days.)

On and after TUESDAY, Nov. 1, 1864, by the commodious steamer JESSE HOYT, foot of Montague-st., Brooklyn, every day (Sundays excepted,) at 11 o'clock A. M., thence to Port Monmouth and by the Raritan and Delaware Bay Railroad to foot of Vine-st., Philadelphia. Returning leave Vine-st. wharf, Philadelphia, every morning at 8 A. M. (Sundays excepted.)

☞ Travelers from the City of New-York are notified not to apply for passage by this line, the State of New-Jersey having granted to the Camden and Amboy monopoly the exclusive privilege of carrying passengers and freight between the Cities of New-York and Philadelphia.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York, via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. R. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD
Trains for Albany Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE FROM foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, connecting with Lake Shore Railway.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and West, connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

CHARLES MINOT, General Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M. Mail Train for Greenport, Sag Harbor, &c.; and on Saturdays, at 3 P. M., Express Train for Greenport, stopping at stations east of Hicksville. For Farmingdale, Deer Park, Islip, Lakeland, Waverley and Yaphank at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. For Syosset at 10.30 A. M. and 4 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Winfield, Jamaica, Hempstead, &c., at 9, 10:30 A. M. 3, 4 and 5 P. M.

Sunday train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 9:15 A. M., for Yaphank, stopping at all stations, (except Hempstead and Syosset.) Excursion tickets sold for this train.

A. REASONER, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—ON AND after MONDAY, Dec. 5, trains leave 30th-st. station for Albany and Troy, and places North and West, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M., 3:40, 6, and 10:30 P. M. Sleeping cars attached to the 6 and 10:30 P. M. trains from 30th-st. All trains leave Chambers-st. 30 minutes earlier than 30th-st. Sunday train, 6 P. M. from 30th-st. Through freight train daily.
J. M. TOUCEY, Ass't Sup't.

N. Y. AND FLUSHING R. R. CO.— Trains leave Flushing 5:40, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M., and 1, 3, 5, 6, 7:15 P. M. Trains leave Hunter's Point 6:10, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 11:30 A. M., and 2:20, 4:20, 5:30, 6:30 and 8 P. M. Extra trains leave Flushing at 11 P. M. and Hunter's Point at 12 o'clock TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS. SUNDAY trains leave Hunter's Point at 10 A. M., 2, 5:30 and P. M.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.— Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., and 6:65 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.
Nov. 1, 1864.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.
STONINGTON STEAMBOAT LINE,
VIA GROTON AND PROVIDENCE.
THE OLDEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND MOST DIRECT,
AVOIDING "POINT JUDITH."
The magnificent steamer
COMMONWEALTH,
ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS
The elegant steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK,
ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
AT 4 O'CLOCK, P. M.

These boats start from Pier No. 18 North River, (foot of Cortlandt-st.,) and are acknowledged by all experienced travelers to be among the largest, strongest, most comfortable and best that have ever run in American waters. At all seasons and in all weather, these boats invariably make the passage on time. Sumptuous suppers and luxuriously furnished state-rooms are marked features of these "floating palaces."

Berths and state-rooms may be secured at Harden's Express Office, No. 74 Broadway, and at No. 115 West-st., New-York, and at No. 76 Washington-st., Boston.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Trains north and east from New-Haven 11 P. M.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of THE MAYOR, ALDERMEN, AND COMMONALTY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, by the Croton Acqueduct Board of said city, relative to the acquiring of lands for a Reservoir and appurtenances thereto in the said city, between One Hundred and Seventy-second and One Hundred and Seventy-fifth streets, and the Tenth-avenue and the Harlem River, in the said city, for the purpose of supplying such parts of said city with Croton Water as are not now supplied with the same.

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, by the Croton Acqueduct Board of said city, pursuant to chapter ninety-five of the laws of this State, passed April Seventh, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-three, and chapter two hundred and sixty-seven of the laws of this State, passed April Twenty-first, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-four, hereby give notice to the owners, lessees, parties or persons respectively entitled unto or interested in the lands, tenements, hereditaments, and premises hereinafter mentioned and described, that they will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a special term of said court, to be held at the City Hall, of the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the Twenty-third day of January, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-five, at the opening of the court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of three Commissioners of Appraisal in the above-entitled matter, to estimate in favor of the several owners, lessees, parties and persons interested as aforesaid, a just and equitable compensation for taking all those lands, tenements, hereditaments and premises as lie between One hundred and Seventy-second and One hundred and Seventy-fifth streets and the Tenth-avenue and the Harlem River in said city, which said lands, tenements, hereditaments and premises the said Croton Aqueduct Board deem necessary for the building a new reservoir and appurtenances thereto, in the city of New-York, for the purpose of supplying such parts of the city of New-York with Croton water as are not now supplied with the same, which said lands and premises are laid out and described and are of the extent following, that is to say: commencing at the point where the line between the land of Eliza B. Jumel and of Richard F. Carman intersects the Croton Aqueduct land line, near the gate-house at High Bridge, in the Twelfth Ward of said city, and running thence north fifty degrees, twenty-eight minutes west on said Jumel's and Carman's line, six hundred and forty-nine two-tenths feet to the southeasterly corner of Tenth-avenue and One hundred and Seventy-fourth street, thence south thirty-four degrees, west five hundred and sixteen eight-tenths feet on the easterly line of Tenth-avenue to the north easterly corner of One hundred and Seventy-second-street, thence at right angles to the last line south, fifty-six degrees east along the northerly line of One hundred and Seventy-second-street five hundred and eighty one-tenth feet to land line of Croton Aqueduct, thence on said last-mentioned land line north forty-seven degrees, sixteen minutes east three hundred and forty-six nine-tenths feet, thence also on said last-mentioned land line, north twenty-five degrees, twelve minutes east one hundred and four five-tenths feet, thence also on said last-mentioned land line, north forty-six degrees, thirty-three minutes east thirteen seven-tenths feet to the place of beginning, containing three hundred and five two hundred and six thirty-five one hundred square feet, or seven eight-one thousand acres.

Also, commencing at a point where the line between the land of Richard F. Carman and of Eliza B. Jumel intersects the westerly line of the Croton Aqueduct lands, near the gate-house, on the Manhattan end of High Bridge, thence on the said line, between the said Croton Aqueduct lands and lands of Richard F. Carman, west forty-six degrees thirty-three minutes east forty-six feet, thence on said line, between said Carman's land and lands of Croton Aqueduct, south seventy-eight degrees thirteen minutes, east three hundred and thirty-five feet, more or less, to low water mark; thence north eleven degrees forty-seven minutes; east seventy-nine and five-tenths feet; thence north seventy-eight degrees thirteen minutes; west three hundred and ninety-two and six-tenths feet, to a point near foot-bridge; thence south thirty-nine degrees thirty-two minutes, west to dividing line between the lands of said Carman and Jumel, eighty-nine three-tenths feet, thence south fifty degrees twenty-eight minutes, east eighty-two five-tenths feet, to the point of beginning, containing thirty-four thousand seven hundred and fifty-four seventy-nine one-hundredth square feet, or seven hundred and ninety-eight one-thousandths of an acre.

JOHN E. DEVELIN,
Counsel to Corporation.
DATED NEW-YORK, December 15, 1864.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO BREWERS AND OTHERS.—FOR SALE the lease and fixtures complete of the brewery now occupied by HOWARD & FULLER, corner of Jay and Plymouth sts., four blocks above Catharine ferry, Brooklyn, N. Y.; will be disposed of very reasonable if applied for soon, and possession given on or about the 1st of Jan., 1865.

A GENTLEMAN, WHO HAS HAD CONSIDerable experience in commercial and banking business, both in this city and New-Orleans, and who speaks several languages, is desirous of forming a connection with some mercantile or banking house in this city. Address, S. D., Box No. 2,915 Post-office.

CONNECTION WITH THE DRUGGIST or patent medicine business is desired, or would buy out or rent a shop for the same, in approved location. Address B. J. THOMAS, Box No. 116 *Times* Office.

MUSICAL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1834.
JOHN B. DUNHAM,
MANUFACTURER OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES.
WAREROOMS AND MANUFACTORY,
NOS. 75 TO 85 EAST 13TH-ST.,
NEW-YORK.

WILLIAM B. BRADBURY'S
GOLD MEDAL
PIANO-FORTES.
Seven first premiums, including
TWO GOLD MEDALS, AND ONE SILVER MEDAL,
were awarded to WM. B. BRADBURY for the "BEST PIANO-FORTE." The only GOLD MEDAL of the American Institute of 1863 was awarded to WM. B. BRADBURY for the "BEST PIANO-FORTE."

An assortment of these magnificent instruments at No. 427 Broome-st., one block east of Broadway, New-York.

CHICKERING & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost-artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are Sole Agents for the celebrated Alexandre Organs for the United States.

CABINET PIANOS AT
SCHARFENBERG & LUIS,
No. 769 BROADWAY.

ESTABLISHED IN 1829.
RAVEN & BACON,
PIANO MANUFACTURERS,
No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, New-York.

The musical profession having of late become quite prominent in connection with newspaper advertisements of four or five piano manufacturers in this city, each firm claiming superiority for their instruments from the indorsement of the same distinguished artists, we fear the innocent public, unacquainted with the tricks of the trade, may find themselves mystified as to where to select the best piano for their holiday gifts.

We would state that, as our pianos have been favorably known in this market for nearly forty years, it has not been necessary for us to obtain the opinion of the profession in regard to their quality, the instruments speaking for themselves. We are continually introducing improvements in our pianos, and they are up to the age in every particular. Parties desiring pianos will do well to examine our stock and prices before making their selections.

STEINWAY & SON
GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others is, that the firm is composed of five practical piano-forte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

STODART PIANOS,
Known and esteemed as one of the BEST PIANOS manufactured, and for years have been used by the MOST HIGHLY CULTIVATED MUSICAL PEOPLE, and who will have none other.

Reference is made in all cases to parties who have the instrument, and they number thousands in this city alone, as to their qualities as a PERFECT PIANO in every respect. A fine assortment, recently from our factory, at our warerooms, No. 524 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.
STODART & MORRIS.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS!!!
THE CALENBERG & VAUPEL NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTES,
Unsurpassed for volume and quality of tone, as well as EXTERIOR FINISH.

We are now prepared to meet all orders for Holiday Presents in this line, from the all plain, yet 7-octave Piano up to those of the richest finish. Prices moderate and unlimited warrantee given for six years.

Warerooms, Nos. 99 and 101 Bleecker-st.,
Corner Greene-st.

HAZLETON BROTHERS,
OVERSTRUNG, GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
No. 99 Prince-st., a few doors west of Broadway, N. Y.

These Pianos have always received the first premium wherever they have been exhibited. A written guarantee for five years accompanies each piano.

THE PELOUBET HARMONIUMS AND Organ Harmoniums, with their smooth, pipe-like quality of tones and greatly superior pedals, are confidently offered as the best of their class, and the closest examination solicited.

Three Banks keys and pedals, No. 1	$600
Two Banks keys and pedals, No. 2, $475, No. 3	375
One Bank keys and pedals, No. 4, $300, No. 5	225
Double reed, superior 5-octave, $150, 4-octave	125
Single reed, superior 5-octave, $120, 4-octave	100

Send for a circular to the general depot. Address J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway, New-York.

CAUTION.—Though of similar appearance, these instruments must not be confounded with the so-called "Cabinet Organs," the harsh tones of which are carefully avoided.

DECKER BROTHERS,
PIANOFORTE MANUFACTURERS,
No. 91 Bleecker-st., (marble building, one block West of Broadway,) invite attention to their new
PATENT PLATE PIANOFORTES,
of which the New-York *Tribune*, April 23, 1864, said: "One of the simplest and most truly valuable improvements yet made in the pianoforte is that invented and patented by Decker Brothers."
WARRANTED FOR SEVEN YEARS.

MASON & HAMLIN RESPECTFULLY announce that they have now completed the occupation of their greatly enlarged factory, and effected other arrangements for the large increase of their manufacturing facilities. They therefore confidently expect to be able henceforward to supply orders for their CABINET ORGANS promptly, without that inconvenient delay to which purchasers have been subjected, from the fact that for more than a year past they have been continually several hundred instruments behind orders. An assortment of styles from $110 to $600 each may be found at their New-York warerooms, No. 7 Mercer-st.

FORTY PIANOS, MELODEONS, AND CABINET ORGANS at wholesale or retail. New 7-Octave Pianos for $250. Second-hand Pianos at great bargains; prices from $60 to $200. All the above instruments to let, and rent allowed, if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. 10,000 sheets of Music, a little soiled, at 1½ cents per page. Cash paid for second-hand Pianos.
HORACE WATERS,
No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS FOR SALE.—AN elegant, 7¼ octave, rosewood, iron-frame piano, richly carved in the Louis XIVth style, manufactured by Pirsson, as good as new, for half price. Also an excellent 6¾ octave piano, of one of the best city makers. Also a good, second-hand, iron-frame piano at very low prices, for sale at J. PIRSSON'S Wareroom, No. 25 Howard-st.

UNITED PIANO-FORTE MAKERS,
No. 34 Walker-st., New-York.
Our company being composed entirely of superior workmen, we are enabled to produce a more perfect Piano-forte than any other house.
Every instrument guaranteed for five years.

COTTAGE SQUARE PIANOS.—A FINE ASsortment of our unrivaled pianos, warranted in all respects, without regard to time, at lower prices than any other first-class house. S. J. CHAMBERS, 739 B'way.

A. H. GALE & CO.—PIANOFORTES.
Manufactory and Warerooms,
No. 107 East 12th-st., New-York.

IMPROVED COTTAGE ORGANS, THE best in use; also Pianos and Melodeons at bargains
GEORGE G. SAXE, No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

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MRS. FARNHAM'S GREAT WORK,
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HER ERA,
BY
MRS. ELIZA W. FARNHAM.

A rare and wonderful book. Every private and public library should possess it.
Two vols., 12mo, $3; one vol. sheep, $3 50.
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ELIZA WOODSON,
OR
THE EARLY DAYS OF ONE OF THE WORLD'S WORKERS.
By the same author.
One vol. 12mo, $1 50.
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HANDSOMELY-BOUND BIBLES AND PRAYER-BOOKS, CHURCH SERVICES, &c., &c.
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ALSO ENGLISH MANUFACTURED
LEATHER GOODS, AS WRITING DESKS,
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large stock constantly on hand.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES MADE TO ORDER and inserted by Drs. F. BAUCH and P. GOUGELMAN, (formerly employed by Boissonneau, Paris), No. 599 Broadway, New-York.

AMUSEMENTS

A TRIBUTE OF RESPECT
TO THE
MEMORY OF
JAMES W. WALLACK.

At a meeting of managers of all the theatres and places of amusement in New-York, specially convened at the Everett House on Friday, Dec. 30, it was

Resolved, That as a tribute of respect to the memory of James W. Wallack, who did more than any one of his time to advance and elevate the drama, and who equally as a gentleman, a manager and an artist, was for so many years the bright particular ornament of our profession, and also as a mark of sincere sympathy and regard for his son, John L. Wallack, the worthy inheritor of his cultivated taste and refined feeling, the managers of all the other theatres in New-York will attend in a body at Wallack's Theatre, on Tuesday evening, Jan. 3, boing the first appearance of Mr. John L. Wallack in a position in which we feel assured he will preserve the traditional honors that surround his name.

W. STUART, Secretary.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager.....Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
SATURDAY,
THE WIFE'S SECRET,
The very popular play, by Lovel.
MONDAY—Two excellent pieces, not acted this season
THE YOUTHFUL QUEEN
AND
THE OLD ENGLISH GENTLEMAN,
MR. LESTER WALLACK
will reappear
ON TUESDAY,
in Sir E. B. Lytton's fine Comedy of
MONEY.
WEDNESDAY—THE WIFE'S SECRET,
THURSDAY—TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY (one of the great successes of the season) and MY WIFE'S MAID.
Mr. Dion Boucicault's immensely successful Comedy,
HOW SHE LOVES HIM,
and the Drama of
ROSEDALE,
will shortly be repeated.
A NEW DRAMA,
of powerful interest and effects, in active preparation.
Open at 7¼ o'clock; overture at 7½.

HIPPOTHEATRON. COMMENCES AT 7½.
Fourteenth-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
GRAND HOLIDAY PERFORMANCE,
THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
AND EVERY EVENING TILL FURTHER NOTICE.
GRAND MATINEE TO-DAY.
IMMENSE SUCCESS
OF THE NEW GRAND AND UNEQUALED
CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME,
HARLEQUIN BLUE BEARD;
Produced on a scale of UNEXAMPLED SPLENDOR, with New Machinery, Decorations, Appointments, New Costumes, Magical Tricks and Transformations, embracing the talent of the entire
MAMMOTH COMPANY,
AND THE
SERVICES OF ONE HUNDRED AUXILIARIES.
THE GREATEST FEAT EVER ATTEMPTED IN THE HIPPODRAMATIC WORLD.
THE WONDROUS PERFORMANCES OF THE MAMMOTH STAR COMPANY,
EQUESTRIAN, GYMNASTIC AND ACROBATIC.
IN ADDITION TO

HARLEQUIN	M. CARRON
COLUMBINE	MARIETTA ZANFRETTA
SPRITE	Master R. STICKNEY
PANTALOON	FRANCOIS SIEGRIST
CLOWN	Mr. N. AUSTIN
SANTA CLAUS	Herr KNICKERBOCKER

NEW YEAR'S WEEK.
FOUR MATINEES.
MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, AND SATURDAY.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
GRAND PRESENTATION CONCERT.
THE NEW-YORK
MANUFACTURING JEWELERS' ASSOCIATION
WITH PLEASURE ANNOUNCE THE FOLLOWING DISTINGUISHED ARTISTS
TO APPEAR AT THEIR
NINTH CONCERT,
DEC. 31, (NEW-YEAR'S EVE.)
SIGNOR G. LOTTI, SIGNORINA MORENSI, MME. THERESA CARRENO, MR. SCHRIENO, MASTERS BERNHARD AND RICHARD BRETTO. A BEAUTIFUL PRESENT GIVEN WITH EACH TICKET PROCURED, AT THE JEWELRY-STORES OF THE ASSOCIATION, NOS. 544 AND 233 BROADWAY.

NIBLO'S SALOON.
ITALIAN OPERA BUFFA
WEDNESDAY, Jan. 4.
L'ELISIR D'AMORE.
(The Elixir of Love.)
Miss Laura Harris Sig. Mongiardini. Ardavini Fellini, Director of the Orchestra..........Sig. Rosa.
Admission $1. Reserved seats at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, 50 cents extra.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.—PUBLIC REhearsal No. 7, *at the Academy of Music on Saturday, December 31, at 3 o'clock P. M.* ADMISSION 50c. Subscriptions received at the usual places.
L. SPIER, Secretary.

CRAYON ART GALLERY, NO. 756 BROADway, containing a choice collection of Oil-Paintings by Artists of the Dusseldorf and other schools. Open from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Admission free.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 62 Franklin-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., and 162 Chambers-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions; address Box 2,359 N. Y. P. O.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE —Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the SCALPEL, attends exclusively to operative surgery and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera, stricture, hernia, hemorrhoids, varicocele and fistula. No. 42 5th av., between 10th and 11th sts. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchased directly of Dr. POWERS, 61 Franklin-st., N. Y.

THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read lots of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis.

LECTURES.

COOPER INSTITUTE, ROOM NO. 24.— JOSEPH T. CURRY will lecture on TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 3, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*Does the Bible teach that the Judgment of the World will precede or follow the Second Advent of Christ.*

ARE YOU GOING TO MAKE NEW YEAR CALLS?—If so, call on F. F. HEWITT, No. 339 Broadway, and get some of his new style of New-Year Cards.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
MORNING, AT 11.
GULLIVER'S TRAVELS IN LILLIPUT.
AFTERNOON, at 1½ and 3, EVENING, at 7½.
A NEW AND GORGEOUS SPECTACLE.
RING OF FATE;
OR
FIRE, AIR, EARTH AND WATER,
Received with
WONDER AND ADMIRATION
BY THE
THOUSANDS OF DAILY VISITORS.
EXTEMPORANEOUS SONGS, by W. B. HARRISON,
To be seen at all hours,
WOODROFFE'S BOHEMIAN GLASS-BLOWERS,
who exhibit two Glass Steam-Engines.
GRAND AQUARIA,
SPLENDID FRENCH MOVING FIGURES, MOVING WAX FIGURES, ALBINO BOY.
Giants, Dwarfs, Fat Girls, Rare Animals, and a million of other curiosities.
Admission 30 cents; children under ten, 15 cents.
NEW YEAR'S DAY, MONDAY, JAN. 2, 1865.
PERFORMANCES NEARLY EVERY HOUR, COMMENCING AT 11 A. M.

BROADWAY THEATRE. MONDAY
A MERRY CHRISTMAS FESTIVAL.
Eighteenth week of the greatest of American comedians,
Mr. JOHN E. OWENS.
First time of the excessively-absurd and atrociously-funny,
ORIGINAL AND ABORIGINAL EXTRAVAGANZA, adapted by Mr. John E. Owens (exclusively for his own amusement) from the stepmother tongue of a half-bred Indian, termed
THE LIVE INDIAN.

Tom Brown Miss Cerulea Crinoline Kin-ne-ne-au, the Live Indian	Mr. John E. Owens.

OWENS IN A TERRIBLE WAR-DANCE.
NEW LOCAL SCENERY BY MAEDER.
LAST NIGHTS OF SOLON SHINGLE,
which, notwithstanding its famous success, must give place to another of Mr. Owens' great characterizations.
In rehearsal, "Paul Pry" and "Comedy of Errors."
The performance will commence with "Solon Shingle."

WINTER GARDEN.
CHRISTMAS EVENINGS WITH SHAKESPEARE,
THE SENSATION OF THE SEASON.
BOOTH'S HAMLET,
TO-NIGHT AND EVERY NIGHT,
with its
SPLENDID CAST
and
SUPERB SCENERY.
"The stage in our time has witnessed no grander or more thrilling pageant."—*New-York Albion.*
Doors open at 6¾; commences at 7½.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. BEGINS AT 7½
Lessee and Manager..........Wm. Wheatley.
SATURDAY, DEC. 31, 1864.
GRAND HOLIDAY BILL.
THREE SPLENDID PIECES.
MR. AND MRS BARNEY WILLIAMS
IN NINE CHARACTERS.
LAST NIGHT BUT ONE OF
ALL HALLOW'S EVE.
RODY O'CONNOR, with song and chorus, Mr. BARNEY WILLIAMS.
KITTY KILLEEN ..... Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS.
IN PLACE AND OUT OF PLACE,
in which Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS will assume
SIX DIFFERENT CHARACTERS.
THE HAPPY MAN.
PADDY MURPHY .... Mr. BARNEY WILLIAMS.
THE NEW AND ORIGINAL IRISH DRAMA,
written expressly for Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams, entitled the
SHAMROCK,
WILL BE PRODUCED ON TUESDAY, JAN. 3, WITH NEW SCENERY, PROPERTIES, COSTUMES, BEAUTIFUL MUSIC, AND A CAST OF MUCH EXCELLENCE.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.
NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON.
MONDAY, NEW-YEAR'S, 1865, AT 8 O'CLOCK P. M.
FAMILY PERFORMANCE.
ADMISSION, 75 CENTS, TO ALL PARTS OF THE HOUSE.
TOYS GIVEN GRATIS TO ALL THE CHILDREN.
GREAT TOMBOLA.
Four extra toys, in value of $10 each.
NOS ALLIEES, Comedy in three acts
TUESDAY EVENING, Jan 3, at 8 o'clock P. M.
LES CHAUSONS DE LA FRANCE,
two acts, played by the entire company.
LE CODE DES FEMMES, vaudeville in one act,
LA LIGNE DROITE, comedy in one act.
Theatre office, No. 678 Broadway, ground floor.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.
NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON.
SATURDAY, Dec. 31, 1864, at 8 o'clock, P. M.
LES POSEURS OU ETRE ET PARAITRE.
Comedy in three acts by Thiboust and Duval.
MON. ETOILE—Comedy by SCRIBE.
Theatre office No. 678 Broadway, ground floor.

GRAND MATINEE.
TURKISH HALL, NO. 720 BROADWAY.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON.
Admission 50c.; children, 25c.
Doors open at 2. Curtain rises at 3.

GEORGE GUY'S MAMMOTH CONCERT.
COOPER INSTITUTE TO-NIGHT. Tickets 50 cts.
Make a point of going to see Lillie Lemon, Master Winter Ravel on Stilts, the Excelsior Glee Club, George Guy as Tom Tug, in the "Waterman," Banjo Duet, &c.

READINGS AND RECITATION—BY MISS SEDGWICK. Lecture-room of the Historical Society, on THURSDAYS of Jan. 5, 12 and 19, at 8 P. M. Admittance 50 cents.

MUSEUM—OPEN AND FREE DAY AND EVENING.—Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, Phrenologists, make examinations, and give full written charts of character, at No. 389 Broadway.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

10,000 VOLUNTEERS WANTED.
TO REPRESENT THE COUNTY OF NEW-YORK IN THE ARMY.
BOUNTIES FOR THREE-YEAR RECRUITS:

County	$300
Government	300
Total	$600
FOR TWO-YEAR RECRUITS:	
County	$200
Government	200
Total	$400
FOR ONE-YEAR RECRUITS:	
County	$100
Government	100
Total	$200
HAND-MONEY OR PREMIUM:	
For three-year recruits	$50
For two-year recruits	30
For one-year recruits	20

THE NEW YORK COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE having filled all quotas under all calls up to his time, are now (under instructions of the Board of Supervisors) recruiting for the army, with a view to meeting any future demand for men. Recruits will be received as formerly at the several Provost-Marshals' offices, and at the County Volunteer Rooms in the Park corner of Broadway and Chambers-st., and on the Battery

The following are the various Provost-Marshals' offices:

Fourth District—Capt. Joel B. Erhardt, No. 104 Liberty-st.

Fifth District—Capt. Henry P. West, corner of Broome and Crosby sts.

Sixth District—Capt. Coster, corner of Sixth-avenue and Thirteenth-st.

Seventh District—Capt. Fred. C. Wagner, No. 63 Third-avenue.

Eighth District—Capt. Benj. F. Manierre, No. 1,303 Broadway.

Ninth District—Capt. William Dunning, corner of Forty-seventh-st. and Broadway.

All recruits will receive the County Bounty, cash down, in their own hands, immediately on being sworn in. The Government Bounty is paid in three installments: one-third when the recruit shall be received at Hart or Riker's Island; one-third at the expiration of one-half of the term of service; and the remaining one-third at the expiration of the whole term of service.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller,
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
WM. M. TWEED, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
WM. R. STEWART, Supervisor,
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member,
Committee on Volunteering.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.
Dated NEW-YORK, Oct. 24, 1864.

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.
CAVALRY BUREAU, OFFICE OF ASST. QUARTERMASTER,
No. 18 State-st., NEW-YORK, July 27, 1864.

I will purchase in OPEN MARKET all the cavalry horses that may be presented and pass inspection at the Government stables, corner of 10th-av. and 35th-st., in this city, until further notice.

Payment will be made in checks, payable in certificates of indebtedness, when seven (7) or more horses are received. Price, one hundred and sixty-five ($165) each.

GEO. T. BROWNING,
Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster.

SHELDON & LEFFERTS,
NO. 40 PARK-ROW, (TIMES BUILDING) NEW-YORK
MILITARY AND NAVAL BANKERS
and Collectors; Bureau of Army and Navy Information. Officers' pay rolls, soldiers' pay, pensioners' pay. State and United States bounties collected. Clearances for officers obtained, &c.

PRISONERS OF WAR
Wife and widowed mother of all prisoners of war can be paid by application to our office. Also pensions, bounties, pay and prize money collected.
L. BROWN & CO.,
Military and Naval Collecting Office,
No. 2 Park-place, under Broadway Bank.

ARMY OFFICERS, MUSTERED OUT OR resigned can obtain through us speedy settlement of their ordance and quartermaster account.
L. BROWN & CO., No. 2 Park-place.

$150 HAND-MONEY PAID RUNNERS for two and three year volunteers for the U. S. Navy, and the highest bounty to the volunteer, at the old Shipping Office, No. 112 Chatham-st., up stairs.

AMUSEMENTS.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MAMMOTH MENAGERIE AND GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION,
Nos. 539 and 541 BROADWAY.
OPEN DAILY FROM 10 A. M. TO 10 P. M.
INCREASED ATTRACTIONS
FOR THE HOLIDAY WEEK!
THREE PERFORMANCES DAILY
at 11½ A. M., 3, and 8½ P. M., introducing
ALL THE TRAINED ANIMALS.
This colossal institution now contains
THE MOST COMPLETE COLLECTION
OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS
to be found in any zoological exhibition in the world.
New arrivals of rare and curious species from every part of the world are constantly occuring, rendering this
THE MOST INSTRUCTIVE EXHIBITION
for old and young, ever opened in America.
ADMISSION ONLY 25 CENTS. No half price.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
COMMENCES AT 7½.
TO-NIGHT
AND EVERY NIGHT DURING THE HOLIDAYS
will be presented the great local sensational drama, peculiarly appropriate to the present season, in its Christianizing appeal to Humanity and its exposure of the hardening effects of wealth, entitled
THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK,
in Five Tableaux and a Prologue.
The production of which, at this theatre, has achieved
A TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS.
Seats can be secured three days in advance.

HELLER'S SALLE DIABOLIQUE.
GRAND CHRISTMAS ATTRACTIONS.
THE NEW PANTOMIME.
HELLER'S
SURPASSINGLY WONDROUS NEW TRICKS,
NEW MUSICAL SELECTIONS
AND THE
GREAT RAVEL PANTOMIME
OF
HARLEQUIN SANTA CLAUS;
OR
THE MAGIC CLOSET,
including the startling apparition of
THE GHASTLY WALKING SKELETON
and the surprising quasi-spiritual illusion of the
ELFIN GUITARS TWANGING IN THE AIR.
MATINEE SATURDAY, Dec. 31, at 2 P. M.
Doors open every evening at 7¼; commence at 8.

TURKISH HALL,
No. 720 BROADWAY.
OSCANYAN'S ORIENTAL ENTERTAINMENT
EVERY EVENING.
Doors open at 7. Curtain rises at 8.
Admission 50c. Reserved Seats $1.
Box Office open from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M.

LADIES BAZAAR FOR
SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS,
EVERETT ROOMS, BROADWAY, AND 34TH-ST.
An Amateur Concert will be given on SATURDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Season tickets hereafter purchased admitting to Bazaar and Concert, 50 cents. Present holders of tickets 25 cents.

INSTRUCTION.

MORRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE,
MORRISTOWN, N. J.
"It is one of the best institutions in the neighborhood of New-York."—*Ed. N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*
Address C. G. HAZELTINE, Principal.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S
English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st.

FOR SALE—THE WHOLE OR PARTIAL INTERest in a successful school of high reputation, situated in one of the most delightful portions of New-England, directly accessible by rail in six hours from Boston and New-York. Address J. S., Box No. 121 *Times* Office.

MISS AIKEN'S SEMINARY, STAMFORD, CONN.—The Winter Term opens on the 4th of January. For circulars, apply to Principal.

MILITARY ACADEMY, TARRYTOWN, N. Y —Pupils prepared for college, business, West Point and the Naval School. For circulars, apply to the Superintendent, Gen. M. I. LOCKWOOD.

THE SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GT. BARRINGTON, MASS.—For twenty very select young boys. Those never from home before preferred. Send for circulars. JAMES SEDGWICK, M. A., Principal.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE— (Classical, Commercial and French.) No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st. and Washington-square.
GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The fifty-fourth semi-annual session will commence on Tuesday, Nov. 1. For circulars, apply to the Principal,
D. S. ROWE, M. A.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY—FOR YOUNG Ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars, address Miss EMILY NELSON.

SIX PRIVATE PUPILS.—PRIVATE PUPILS will receive especial care, with instruction for college or business, in the family of Rev. J. TUFTS, Monson, Mass.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, AT White Plains, New-York. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, A. M.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, at No. 11 West 38th-st.

TEACHERS.

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER, A GRADuate of Williams College, and recently tutor in Greek in that institution, wishes a situation as Principal of an academy or high-school. Satisfactory reference given. Or, he would like to lease, in some desirable location, a good property, suitable for carrying on a private school. Address JAMES F. SPALDING, New-Britain, Conn.

TO TEACHERS—SCHOOL WANTED.—A clergyman, much experienced in teaching, wants a well established boarding-school; would prefer to rent, or would purchase at reasonable prices. Address (full particulars) FISKE, Litchfield, Hillsboro Co., New-Hampshire.

TEACHERS WANTED—FOR DESIRABLE openings in Schools and Seminaries. All letters for teachers or from teachers answered by return mail. Address NATIONAL TEACHERS' INSTITUTE, No. 713 Broadway, New-York.

A YOUNG LADY ACCUSTOMED TO teach wishes an engagement as governess; her testimonials are unexceptionable and expectations as to salary moderate. Address Miss E. B. E., care of Rev. R. HOYT, 54th-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—ON THE FIRST OF JANUARY, FOR a boarding-school near this city, a competent classical and mathematical English teacher. Apply, by writing, to PRINCIPAL, Box No. 155 *Times* Office.

A LADY FROM PARIS, HAVING CONsiderable experience in teaching, wishes a few pupils to instruct in the French language, history, literature and elocution; her method is on the most approved Parisian system. Address M. T., No. 90 East 17th-st.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

NOTICE, NOTIZ, AVIS, NOTICIA.
858 BROADWAY. 858
FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE.
INDIA GOODS, DRY GOODS,
NOVELTIES, CURIOSITIES,
FANCY ARTICLES, ETC.
DESIRABLE PRESENTS
FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
858 BROADWAY. 858
N. B.—The store will be open evenings to Jan. 1.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
A magnificent stock of
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS
Closing out at low prices.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
No. 369 Broadway.

HANDSOME GIFTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
We are offering our large stock of watches at retail during the holidays
AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
The public are respectfully requested to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
QUINCHE & KRUGLER,
Importers of watches,
No. 8 John-st., up stairs.
N. B.—Agency for the sale of American watches.

MUSICAL BOXES.

Late arrivals have made my stock the most complete I ever had, comprising all the newest styles—Voix Celestes, Mandolines, Expressives, Organocleides, &c., &c. Toy Musical Boxes. All of the above are very desirable for
HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
They are fine ornaments for the parlor, and also very agreeable companions for the invalid. I have boxes playing from one to twenty-four tunes, and costing from $3 50 to $750 00.
M. J. PAILLARD, Importer,
No. 21 Maiden-lane, (up stairs,) New-York.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
HOLIDAY GIFTS.
W. W. FOWLER begs leave to inform friends and the public that he has reopened his store, No. 459 Hudson-st., near Barrow, with a new stock of fine singing canaries, fancy cages, foreign and domestic; fowls, rabbits, common and fancy pigeons, bird's seed, cuttlefish, bird's gravel, bird's cups, goldfish, fish-globes; birds and animals stuffed to order. Also, has constantly on hand fresh eggs, from New-Jersey. All orders thankfully received and punctually attended to at the Bird-store, No. 459 Hudson-st., near Barrow.
W. W. FOWLER.

VALENTINES.
I am now manufacturing, and ready to fill orders. Catalogues sent free on addressing
B. W. HITCHCOCK,
Valentine Headquarters, No. 14 Chambers-st., N. Y.

"THE CHEAPEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE GIFT OF THE SEASON."
GEMS FROM EUROPEAN PICTURE GALLERIES.
ONE HUNDRED HIGHLY-FINISHED ENGRAVINGS ON STEEL, after the most celebrated ancient and modern masters, viz.:
MURILLO, RUBENS, RAPHAEL, VAN DYKE, CORREGIO, PAUL VERONESE, CARLO DOLCI, GUIDO, GERRARD DOW, GIORGEONE, TENIERS, WOUVERMANS, VAN DE VELDE, &c., &c.

IN A NEAT PORTFOLIO	$7 50
THE SAME WITH 50 ENGRAVINGS	4 50

Imported by
J. W. BOUTON,
No. 481 BROADWAY,
and for sale by all respectable Booksellers.

FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

Arrival of the Steamship George Washington—Rebel News from Texas—The Pascagoula Raid.

The steamship *George Washington*, from New-Orleans Dec. 24, arrived at this port last evening. We are indebted to the Purser for the prompt delivery of our news packages.

GEN. GRANGER'S RAID.

From the New-Orleans Era, Dec. 22.

An expedition under Major-Gen. GRANGER, of considerable force, landed at East Pascagoula on the morning of the 15th inst., and pushed rapidly up the Mobile road. A brisk little skirmish with the enemy took place on the afternoon of the 18th, on the east side of Franklin's Creek, which resulted in the enemy being driven very rapidly from his position. A friend writes us that the men are in excellent spirits, and anxious for a brush. Many of the citizens appear rejoiced that the Federal force have arrived, and anticipate the happiest results. The debarkation of the troops was rapidly performed, reflecting great credit upon their Commander.

The navy, as usual, rendered the greatest assistance, and coöperated in every way, the tin-clads 42 and 48, under Capts. EDWARDS and DYER, having gone up the Pascagoula River about thirty miles. Everything is going on well.

Among the passengers by the *Zephyr* is a refugee from Mobile, who left there last Friday. He reports a force of 5,000 militia at that place. He says that two-thirds of the citizens desire the capture of the place by the Union army.

On the 19th, the reflection of a large fire was observed in the direction of Mobile, which was supposed to be from burning cotton.

PRICE'S CAMPAIGN.

ITS DISASTROUS END—REBEL EVIDENCE.

The Galveston *News* has been giving accounts from the diary of an officer in PRICE'S army. The latter is the conclusion of it, including the battle of Newtonia:

Oct. 28.—Moved eight miles, and camped one south of Newtonia. The enemy attacked us and were repulsed by CABELL'S and SLEMMON'S brigades, and a small part of SHELBY'S division, with heavy loss; our loss about 800 killed and wounded.

Oct. 29.—Marched 25 miles southwest, and camped on Cowskin Creek; no forage.

Oct. 30.—Marched to Magnolia, 15 miles, and camped; no forage.

Oct. 31.—Marched twenty miles, and camped on the Illinois River; no forage.

Nov. 1.—Moved to Cane Hill; the weather very cold and wet. We got a little forage, about one-half ration.

Nov. 2.—Remained at Cane Hill. FAGAN'S division made a demonstration on Fayetteville to let McCRAY'S and DOBBIN'S brigades pass to Northeast Arkansas; no forage.

Nov. 3.—Remained encamped at Cane Hill; weather very cold, with heavy snow. Without food or forage.

Nov. 4.—Moved southwest twelve miles and camped; without forage. We now abandon wagons every day, the teams having entirely given out.

Nov. 5.—Marched down the Salisaw twenty miles and camped. No forage.

Nov. 6.—Reached the Arkansas River, near Pleasant Bluff. We have got plenty of beef, but no forage.

Nov. 7.—Crossed the Arkansas River and marched four miles. No forage.

Nov. 8.—Moved eight miles west and camped; rained all night and snowing at daylight. The sick and wounded suffer terribly. No food or forage. Some of the commands succeeded in getting a little beef, but CABELL'S brigade have none.

Nov. 9.—Moved fifteen miles west, and encamped near the Canadian. The weather very cold, and horses and mules dying by hundreds. I noticed, today, that several men died on the road from illness and exhaustion, and were left unburied. We had no means of burying them. To-day, Gen. FAGAN might have been seen trudging along through the mud and rain, and a sick soldier riding his horse—an act that, I believe, few Generals are accused of now-a-days—but his kindness to his men does not make them love him any the less.

Nov. 10.—The remnants of CABELL'S and SLEMMON'S brigades were directed to make the best of their way to Arkansas, and report, at a given time, at points assigned in the orders. With them the writer came, and after much suffering, we reached Arkansas.

Arrival of the Remains of Hon. Wm. L. Dayton.

The remains of Hon. WILLIAM L. DAYTON, late Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to the Court of France, arrived yesterday by the steamship *Lafayette*, from Havre. At 12 o'clock the body was taken from the foot of Barrow-street, North River, where the steamer landed, and without escort was conveyed to the City Hall, where it is now lying in state. The entire arrangements for the reception of the remains and the delivery at the City Hall, were carried into effect by Vice Consul BROOKS and Deputy Surveyor BROWN. To-day, at 1 o'clock, the body will be taken to New-Jersey, under escort of National and State troops, Mayor and city officials and members of the Chamber of Commerce.

The following orders have been issued:

HEADQUARTERS SEVENTH REGIMENT,
NATIONAL GUARD, S. N. Y.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1864.

GENERAL ORDER No. 10.—In compliance with division and brigade orders, this regiment will parade as funeral escort to the remains of Hon. WILLIAM L. DAYTON, late American Minister to France.

The members will assemble at the armory to-morrow, (Saturday,) 31st inst., at 11½ o'clock A. M., in full uniform, with overcoats.

Band and drum corps will report to the Adjutant at the same hour and place.

By order of Col. EMMONS CLARK.
Official: J. H. LIEBENAU, Adjutant.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION N. Y. S. N. G.
Dec. 30, 1864.

GENERAL ORDER No. 47.—The Second Regiment N. Y. S. N. G., will parade to-morrow, the 31st inst., as the funeral escort to the remains of the Hon. WM. L. DAYTON, our late Minister to France.

The line will be formed in front of the City Hall at half-past twelve o'clock P. M., precisely.

The officers of the division not on duty are requested to assemble in full uniform at 12 o'clock, in the Governor's room, with the usual badges of mourning. By order of
Maj.-Gen. CHARLES W. SANDFORD.
ALEXANDER HAMILTON, Division Inspector.

Officers of the army and navy, and heads of the different departments are respectfully requested to assemble to-morrow, December 31, at 12½ o'clock, at the Collector's Office, Custom-House, or at 1 o'clock, at the City Hall, to join in the ceremonies of respect to the late Hon. WM. M. DAYTON.

THE WEED OPDYKE LIBEL SUIT.

Supreme Court—Trial Term.

Before Judge Mason.

George Opdyke vs. Thurlow Weed.—This trial was resumed yesterday morning. The plaintiff calling

William Richardson—A messenger in the Mayor's office during Mr. Opdyke's term of office, for the purpose of impeaching Charles McNeil, and to prove that McNeil declared to him, while the claim for the armory was pending, that from his knowledge of Mr. Opdyke, he knew he would not put in a claim that was not perfectly just.

Counsel for the defendant objected on the ground that it was collateral, and there was no foundation for the evidence. Excluded.

Albert Robertson was also called to impeach McNeil, and prove that McNeil had borrowed a sum of money of the witness, and on that occasion told him that he had invested $20,000 in the gun factory. Same objection and ruling.

Edmund Requa was called on the same question, and excluded.

Jas. T. Barrett, being sworn, testified that he was employed as superintendent of the Staten Island Dyeing Establishment; that establishment dyed nearly 30,000 yards of the Spalding cloth for Opdyke, with indigo blue; piece goods are not susceptible of as good a dye as other goods.

Merwin R. Brewer, called by plaintiff and sworn—I reside at No. 133 East Thirty-fourth-street; am a lawyer; know Mr. Opdyke and Mr. Andrews; on one occasion when walking with Mr. Andrews, I met Mr. Opdyke in Broadway; it was on an occasion when the Surveyorship was mentioned; on the 1st or 2d of July, 1861; Gen. Ullman was with us; there was some conversation.

Q.—In that conversation was anything said about the office of Surveyor, and if so, what took place? [Objected to. Admitted. Exception.] A.—We were walking up Broadway, and met Mr. Opdyke coming down; Mr. Andrews bowed, and they stopped; Mr. Andrews said, I am to be the next Surveyor of the Port of New-York;" Mr. Opdyke said, "Well, I am satisfied," or words to that effect; he then went on to say that he felt himself under obligations to Mr. Andrews; that he was satisfied his man (Mr. Stanton) could not be appointed, and in that event he would rather see Mr. Andrews appointed than any one else; there the interview ended; on the 9th of July I went to Washington with other gentlemen.

Q.—What occurred while there?

(Objected to. Plaintiff offers to show that Mr. Andrews' appointment was procured without any intervention or agency of Mr. Opdyke, and to contradict McNiel on that subject. Admitted.)

Q.—Was Mr. Opdyke there? A.—No, Sir; I went on the 9th and left on the 15th; it was a committee composed of Messrs. Ullman, Berthoff, Price, Denison, Kirke, Cooper and myself, which went on for the purpose of securing Mr. Andrews' appointment; Mr. Opdyke was not with us; the committee took no letter nor communication from him; he had no intervention nor agency in the matter of any description; I never dreamt of Mr. Opdyke in the transaction at all; never heard him mentioned; I was present at the interview with the President.

Q.—By what means and in what manner was that appointment of Mr. Andrews made? (Objected to, on the ground that it would open up the whole subject of what influenced the appointment. Court admits evidence of what took place before the President.) A.—On Tuesday or Wednesday, the 10th of July, 1861, the committee I have named was at the President's mansion at 12 o'clock; he informed us that he was busy, and asked us to call at 8 o'clock in the evening; we called, and had an interview of an hour and a half or two hours; we had prepared a written argument, or statement, urging the appointment of Mr. Andrews, alleging the services he had rendered, and the services his friends had rendered; we stated to the President that we did not belong to the Republican party, and never had, but we had supported him; that Mr. Andrews and Gen. Ullman had rendered very essential service; that we had no one in Washington to represent our interests, and therefore had come to him to look after the interests of the American party; the President, after hearing everything that took place, and reading over the paper, stated, gentlemen, I appreciate the service you have rendered to me in the last canvass, but I am not prepared to decide this matter this evening; I have made an implied promise to the Secretary of State, that before I decided this matter, I would consult with him in reference to the premises; but by Thursday evening this matter shall be settled and you shall not be disappointed; among other things, Mr. Ullman stated that he and Mr. Andrews had called on him at Springfield, Ill., before the inauguration, and he had then agreed to take care of the American interest; that if he intended to carry out the promise, there was now no other appointment of any note left in the City of New-York—every other office being filled—except this; on Thursday we received a satisfactory message; we returned on the 15th; Mr. Andrews remained a few days; I have not stated all the conversation, but the substance of it.

Cross-examined by Mr. Evarts.—In Summer of 1861 I was a lawyer.

Q.—What was your connection with politics then? A.—About the same as yours, Sir; I held no office.

Mr. Evarts—I hope you will not refer to me, Sir; it is a great piece of impertinence. You are a lawyer and know better.

Mr. Brewer—I meant no disrespect; I shall not do so.

Q.—What was your connection with the American party? A.—I was a member of the party; I was not a member of any committee; these gentlemen I have named were friends of Mr. Andrews; I suppose a self-constituted committee; we had communicated with Mr. Andrews on the subject of aiding him; in fine, Mr. Andrews stated to me that it had been intimated to him that he could get this appointment; Mr. Andrews went on and returned; Senator Harris, it was said, had stated that it would be a good thing for Mr. Andrews, if some members of the American party would go on and urge his claim to the President; I knew there were other candidates for the office; knew the parties pressing each, and that they were not friendly; I had very little to do with Mr. Opdyke at that time in politics; we were of different parties; I have no copy of the paper presented to the President; it was written by Dr. Price or Gen. Ullman; we all, including Mr. Andrews, made suggestions; it was stated to the President that Mr. Andrews had greatly impaired his health by his exertions in that campaign; also, that we had got up a meeting, immediately after his nomination, irrespective of party, supporting him; Mr. Ullman also reminded the President that he and Mr. Andrews had called on him at Springfield, Ill., before the inauguration, and obtained his promise that he would take care of the interests of the American party; also, that he (Mr. Ullman) now withdrew all claims for himself; the committee met frequently at my house from the inauguration up to Mr. Andrews' appointment; I fix the time of our meeting Mr. Opdyke in the street about the 1st of July, from the fact of my going to Washington on the 9th, and also from the fact that Gen. Ullman was here at the time, and returned a day or two after the conversation; Gen. Ullman is now at Port Hudson.

George W. Blunt called by counsel for plaintiff.—I am a chart and book publisher; I have resided in this city since 1810; I have been an ardent amateur in politics until within the last year; I was Chairman of the Finance Committee in 1859, when Mr. Opdyke first run for Mayor; we raised very little money then.

Q.—Has it been customary to raise money for election purposes from employes in the public offices? [Objected to; excluded as having been already sufficiently proved; exception taken.]

Q.—During the second Mayoralty canvass, when Mr. Opdyke ran, what was done in respect to raising money? (Same objection and ruling.)

By the Court—If you know anything about collections through the Custom-house from the Surveyor of the Port, you may state it. A.—I know nothing about it.

Q.—Had you anything to do with collections or committee men, or otherwise, in 1861? A.—No, Sir; I was a subscriber to the fund to the committee of which Timothy G. Churchill was Chairman; the friends of Opdyke met at Mr. Churchill's house, some fifteen or twenty in number, when some money was subscribed, and a committee was appointed to solicit further subscriptions for Opdyke's election; this was after the nomination, of course.

Cross-examined—It was, as usual, a few days, say ten or fifteen, preceding the election.

Timothy G. Churchill, called by counsel for plaintiff.—I was Chairman and Treasurer of the Finance Committee when Mr. Opdyke was elected Mayor; a meeting was called at my house in November, with a view of raising funds to defray expenses; some twelve or fifteen or more were present, and subscriptions were taken up amounting to $2,500 that evening; after the meeting took place, I went around, in company with Mr. Cowden, among some of Opdyke's friends; I think we two were the only persons engaged in collecting funds; we called on Mr. Barney to know what amount might be expected from the Custom-house, and he said that notes had already been sent to most of the employes, and many had sent in their contributions, and we might probably rely on from $10,000 to $12,000 from the Custom-house; I reported that to Opdyke.

Q.—State what passed between you and Mr. Opdyke? (Objected to; excluded.)

Q.—Did you afterwards receive any money from Mr. Barney? A.—I received two checks—one for $5,000 and the other $1,482; I think they were payable to my order, and that I indorsed them both to Mr. Opdyke; he had previously advanced about $9,000, which passed through my hands; I think he expended altogether near $20,000 for his election; I can only state from what I have heard, whether other sums came through the custom-house.

Q.—During all that time did you hear any intimation from any quarter that there had been any arrangement between Opdyke and Andrews or anybody else to get a certain sum of money from the Custom-house? (Objected to. Excluded.)

Cross-examined—Q.—What originated this meeting at your house? A.—I had conversation with two or three gentlemen on the subject and with Mr. Opdyke also; he, however, was not present at my house; we collected from the Custom-house about $6,482, and I collected myself from friends over $2,500, making over $9,000 in all; the idea of going to the Custom house originated among some of the friends, possibly with Mr. Opdyke himself; I think Cowden and I went the day after the meeting to the Custom-house in a carriage; I did not get the money from the Custom-house for some time after I had paid out the money; I first called on Mr. Barney and he said that the notices had been sent out, and Mr. Palmer had charge of them; I went up into Palmer's office, and there I saw Andrews.

Q.—Did not Mr. Barney suggest to you to see Andrews? A.—I do not think he did; I have no recollection of it; I will state that I understood Mr. Barney to say it was customary to make assessments and they were coming in pretty well; I think he did not approve of the plan himself, but the party seemed to require it, and he submitted; I think I inquired how soon the money could be received, and he said in a few days.

Q.—Can you give the dates of those checks? A.—I made an account at the time, and I see that the last check was received, I think, on the 7th of January, and the $5,000 check appears with no date opposite, but is under the date of December 2; the whole sum was received after the election, (December 4;) I found there was a balance due me of some $942, and I set this account to Opdyke with the vouchers, and he sent me his check for the amount, which I had expended over what I had received; after that, on the 7th of January, Barney sent be the further check of $1,480, which I paid over to Opdyke.

Q.—Did you see Barney and Opdyke together after the election when this matter was spoken of? A.—I saw him after the election, but I think I never saw him in the presence of Opdyke in regard to this money.

Q.—Did Opdyke ever tell you anything that passed between him and Barney on the subject of the short collection? A.—I talked with Opdyke frequently about the amount to be received from Barney about the time of the election, and I think I talked with him before he went there; he had not told me anything about the amount to be received from the Custom-house, but spoke of collecting money from the employes; after my interview with Barney, I communicated the result of it to Opdyke, and told him the amount to be expected; Opdyke said that would help him out very nicely.

Q.—Subsequently did you have any conversation with Opdyke in regard to the collection being less than he expected? A.—I think I did after the settlement of this account; there was not much said, except that he paid the difference, whatever it was, in the amount expended; he expressed the same opinion that I did, that I did not get as much from Barney as he had promised; he thought the same thing, and expressed his disappointment at Barney's having promised $10,000 or $12,000, and his having received no more than he did; he did not state what he received; I got only the $6,000.

Q.—How do you know that Opdyke spent $20,000? A.—I so understood from him, during various conversations—$20,000, including what was collected from all sources; I saw him pay money out of his own pocket; I can't say how much he paid out of his own pocket, but I presume it was the difference between what I collected and what he expended.

Redirect—The money I received was paid out to the various ward organizations, through vouchers; I know that Opdyke paid money to the same, for printing, posting, &c.

Recross—I saw the money paid by him in the committee-room, to various persons representing the different wards, as they said.

The court here adjourned till Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1865, at 10 o'clock.

A Juror stated that he expected to have a blow-out, and would be unfit to be present on Tuesday; he wanted another day. [Laughter.]

The Court—You will have to postpone your blow-out till the following week.

Adjourned to Tuesday, Jan 3.

Evening Exchange.

$120,000 Amer. Gold	226¼	100 Erie R. b3	85
90,000 do	226⅛	400 do b10	85
35,000 do	226⅜	200 do	84⅞
25,000 do	226⅝	100 do s3	84⅞
20,000 U. S. 5-20s, New		50 do	84¾
Issue	108⅛	100 do	84⅝
100 Hudson R. R	115¾	100 do s5	84⅝
400 Chi. & N. W	38⅛	400 do	84½
300 C. & N. W. Pr. b5	69⅛	200 do b5	84⅜
100 Mar. Min. Co	20⅛	100 do b3	84⅛
900 do	21	100 do b30	84⅝
300 do	21⅛	100 do s10	84¾
100 do b5	21¼	100 do	84⅜

The Stock market was steady on the call, but gave way after. Gold, after the call, 226¼.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Dec. 30, 1864.

Receipts of Produce since our last, 66 bbls. Ashes, 6,104 bbls. Flour, 2,535 bags Corn Meal, 300 bushels Wheat, 2,232 bushels Corn, 8,010 bushels Oats, 2,625 packages Provisions, and 230 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are dull, and prices quite nominal.

Comparative Prices in New-York at the close of:

	1862.	1863.	1864.
Pot, ₱ 100 ℔s	$8 50@— —	$8 37@$8 50	$11 50@— —
Pearl	8 00@— —	—@9 75	12 75@— —

BEANS—Sales to-day, 300 bbls. new at $3 30@$3 40 for Marrowfat, and $3 for Medium, ₱ bushel.

COAL—Has been in moderate request, and held with rather more firmness.

Prices of Coal in New-York at the close of:

	1863.	1864.
Liv'p'l Orrel, ₱ ton 2,240 ℔s	$13 00@$14 00	— —@— —
Liverpool House Cannel	16 00@17 00	— —@— —
Anthracite, ₱ 2,000 ℔s	9 50@10 50	$9 50@$11 50

COFFEE—Is quiet, and prices are unsettled. A lot of Rio was sold at an extreme price.

Prices of Coffee at the close of

	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Java, ₱ ℔	25c.@26c.	33c.@34c.	40c.@41c.	—@50c.
Rio, ₱ ℔	17c.@19c.	27c.@30½c.	33c.@34½c.	41½c.@45½c

COTTON—Has been in moderate demand, at firmer prices, including Middlings, at $1 17@$1 20 ₱ ℔. Sales, 480 bales.

Prices of Cotton at the close of

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Middlings, ₱ ℔	11⅜@11¾	37@38½	67@67½	81@82	1 17@1 20

Prices of Domestics in New-York at the close of

	1862.	1863.	1864.
Shirtings, Brown, ₱ yard	18@25	28 @33	38 @ 55
Shirtings, Bleached, ₱ yard	18@25	30 @42½	50 @ 65
Sheetings, Brown, ₱ yard	23@25	38 @39½	40 @ 62½
Cotton Jeans, ₱ yard	19@25	23½@38	30 @ 50
Flannels, ₱ yard	40@45	47½@70	45 @1 00
Canton Flannels, ₱ yard	26@35	39 @46	55 @ 75

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in fair demand to-day, at a further partial advance of 10c. ₱ bbl. Sales since our last amount to 12,000 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $9 60@$9 90; poor to choice Extra State at $10@$10 40, chiefly at $10 10@$10 20; Round-Hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to very good shipping brands, $11@$11 25 ₱ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$9 60	@$9 90
Extra State	10 00	@10 40
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	10 10	@12 75
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shp'g brands	11 00	@11 25
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	11 25	@13 00
Extra Genesee	10 40	@13 00
Poor to choice Extra Missouri	10 50	@15 00

Southern Flour is in good request and firmer. Sales since our last, 1,700 bbls., at $10 60@$11 70 for poor to good, and $11 75@$15 for good to choice extra brands ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour is doing better; sales 400 bbls. Extra, at $10@$12 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour is dull, including fine and superfine, at $8 25@$9 30 ₱ bbl. Corn Meal continues inactive, at $7 75 for Jersey, and $8 75 for Caloric, and $8 80 for Brandywine ₱ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in limited request, as buyers have been reluctant to pay the advance claimed by holders. Sales have been confined to small lots of Amber Michigan at $2 56, Red Western (Winter) at $2 50, and Milwaukee Club at $2 25 ₱ bushel. Corn continues dull and nominal at $1 88@$1 90 for Mixed Western, poor to choice, in store and afloat; $1 76@$1 80 for Jersey Yellow, and $2 for Old Southern Yellow, ₱ bushel. Rye and Barley continue nominal. Oats are in good demand at firmer prices; we quote Canada at $1@$1 01, Western at $1 08½@$1 09½, afloat and in store, and State at $1 06@$1 07 ₱ bush.

Prices of Breadstuffs in New-York at the close of

	1863.	1864.
Superfine State Flour, ₱ bbl	$6 20@$6 45	$9 60@$9 90
Extra State Flour, ₱ bbl	6 70@7 15	10 00@10 40
Superfine West. Flour, ₱ bbl	6 25@6 50	9 60@9 90
Extra Western Flour, ₱ bbl	6 90@9 25	10 10@15 00
Extra Cana. Flour, ₱ bbl	6 55@8 90	10 60@12 00
Southern Flour, ₱ bbl	6 60@10 75	10 60@15 00
Rye Flour, ₱ bbl	5 50@6 65	8 25@9 30
Corn Meal, ₱ bbl	5 35@6 20	7 75@8 80
White Wheat, ₱ bushel	1 65@1 85	2 55@2 70
Red & Am. Wheat, ₱ bush	1 44@1 62	2 20@2 50
Corn, ₱ bushel	1 23@1 33	1 76@1 90
Rye, ₱ bushel	1 25@1 33	1 70@1 72
Barley, ₱ bushel	1 36@1 50	1 80@2 05
State Oats, ₱ bushel	93@92½	1 00@1 09½

HAY—North River continues in demand at $1 45@$1 55 for Government and shipping, and $1 75@$1 90 for small lots for city use, ₱ 100 ℔s.

Prices of Hay in New-York at the close of:

	1863.	1864.
North River Bale, ₱ 100 ℔s	$1 35@$1 50	$1 45@1 90

HIDES—Have been quiet, at full prices.

Prices of Hides in New-York at the close of:

	1863.	1864.
Buenos Ayres, ₱ ℔	28½c.@29c.	34c.@36c.
Rio Grande, ₱ ℔	—@28½c.	32c.@33c.

HOPS—New have been in moderate demand, at 30c.@52½c., according to quality, ₱ ℔.

Prices of Hops in New-York at the close of:

	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
New, ₱ ℔	16c.@24c.	16c.@25c.	22c.@30c.	30c.@52½c.

LEATHER—Sole has been in request and quite firm.

Prices of Sole Leather in New-York at the close of:

	1863.	1864
Oak, light and med., ₱ ℔	40c.@42c.	48c.@54c.
Hem'k, light and med., ₱ ℔	29½c.@31½c.	38c.@42c.

METALS—Have been held with much firmness, but have not been purchased freely.

Prices of Metals in New-York at the close of:

	1863.	1864.
Copper, ref'd Ing., ₱ ℔	—37½@—38½	—48½@—49½
Iron, Eng. Bar, ₱ ton	90 00@105 00	165 00@195 00
Iron, Sco'h Pig, ₱ ton	43 00@45 00	61 00@64 00
Iron, Sh't, Eng., ₱ ℔	—6½@—8	—16@—12½
Lead, Pig, @ 100 ℔s	10 50@10 75	14 50@15 50
Spelter, Plates, ₱ ℔	—9@—9½	—15½@— —
Tin, Banca, ₱ ℔	— —@—52	—72@— —
Tin, Straits, ₱ ℔	—45½@—46	—61@—62½
Tin, Plates, ₱ box	13 50@14 00	19 50@21 50
Zinc, Sheets, ₱ ℔	—12@—12½	—19@—19½

MOLASSES—Sales, to-day, were unimporant; prices were quoted steady.

Prices of Molasses in New-York at the close of:

	1862.	1863.	1864.
New-Orleans, ₱ gal	25c.@55c.	65c.@70c.	$1 15@$1 50
Cuba Musca'do, ₱ gal	27c.@36c.	45c.@53c.	—65@—85

NAVAL STORES—Have been in rather more demand, and prices have favored sellers.

Prices of Naval Stores in New York at the close of;

	1864.	1864.
Crude Turpen., ₱ 280 ℔s	$27 00@$30 00	$24 50@— —
Spirits Turpentine, ₱ gal	2 90@2 95	2 05@2 15
Tar, ₱ bbl	10 00@12 50	5 00@10 00
Common Resin, ₱ 280 ℔s	27 00@30 00	20 00@35 00

PETROLEUM—Is in more request at 50c. for Crude; 73c.@75c. for refined, in bond, and 92½c.@95c. free.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in active speculative demand and has advanced materially; closing, however, rather tamely and in favor of buyers. Sales has been made of 8,000 bbls., at $39 37½@$40 50 cash, and regular for 1863-4, Mess, closing at $40 cash; $40 50@$41 50 for New Mess; $39@$39 50 for New Prime Mess; $39 for Thin Mess; and $34 50@$35 25 for New Prime ₱ bbl. Sales were also reported of 2,500 bbls. New Mess for January delivery, seller's and buyer's options, at $41 50@$42; 5,000 bbls. do., February delivery, seller's and buyer's options, $42@$42 75; 3,500 bbls. do. March delivery, seller's and buyer's options, at $42 25@$43; also 1,250 bbls. New Prime Mess, January delivery, seller's and buyer's options, at $39 50@$40 ₱ bbl. Cut Meats are in fair demand at 17½c.@18½c. for Shoulders, 19c.@22c. (the latter rate for choice bagged) for Hams; sales equal to 400 pkgs. Bacon has been less active, sales having transpired since our last of 870 boxes, including Cumberland-cut, for immediate delivery, at 20½c.@21c.; long clear, part at 21c.; short rib, at 21½c.; and City short clear, at 23c., ₱ ℔. Dressed Hogs are in more demand at 16½c.@17c. for Western and City, ₱ ℔. Lard is advancing; sales 2,900 tcs. and bbls. at 20c.@24½c. Beef is in request at $21@$24 for New Extra Mess; $19@$22 for New Plain Mess; sales 640 bbls. Tierce Beef is in demand; sales 450 tcs. Indian Mess, at $41@$44, the inside price for a common brand; Beef Hams are unaltered; sales 200 bbls. at $26 25@$7 ₱ bbl. Butter is in moderate demand, at 46c.@56c. for poor to choice, and 58c.@60c. for fancy State, and 36c.@48c. for Western, ₱ ℔. Cheese is quiet at 15c.@24c. for poor to very choice, ₱ ℔.

Prices of Provisions in New-York at the close of:

	1863.	1864.
Mess Pork, ₱ bbl	$18 25@$22 00	$39 37½@$41 50
Prime Pork, ₱ bbl	14 25@16 00	34 50@35 25
Cut Meats, ₱ ℔	—7@—12½	—17½@—22
Rep'ked Ms. Bf., ₱ bl	12 50@14 50	19 00@22 00
Lard, ₱ ℔	—12@—13	—20@—24½
State Butter, ₱ ℔	—27@—32	—46@—60
Cheese, ₱ ℔	—13@—16	—15@—24
Potatoes, ₱ bbl	1 75@2 75	2 50@3 00
Eggs, ₱ doz	—29@—30	—42@—44

Prices of Rice in New-York at the close of:

	1863.	1864.
Carolina, ₱ 100 ℔s	Nominal.	Nominal.
East India, in bond	$8 00@$10 00	$12 00@$13 75

SALT—Sales to-day, 1,980 sacks Liverpool Ground at $2 25, from store.

SEEDS—Sales to-day, 200 bags Clover at 26c. ₱ ℔.

SUGARS—The demand has been more active, and sales have been made of 1,250 hhds. Cuba, &c., at from 16½c.@21½c.; and 750 bbls. Havana at 17c.@20c. ₱ ℔. Refined are inquired for at 24c.@28½c. ₱ ℔.

Prices of Sugars in New-York at the close of

	1863.	1864.
Cuba, ₱ ℔	11¾c.@13c.	16½c.@22½c.
New-Orleans, ₱ ℔	11½c.@14c.	18½c.@25c.
Porto Rico, ₱ ℔	12c.@13½c.	18c.@25c.

TALLOW—Sales since our last, 312,000 ℔s., at 17c.@18c.; 10,000 ℔s. Grease, at 17½c. ₱ ℔.

Prices of Teas in New-York at the close of

	1862.	1863.	1864.
Hyson, ₱ ℔	75c.@$1 10	85c.@$1 40	$1 30@$1 90
Oolong, ₱ ℔	62c.@95c.	70c.@$1 15	$1 05@$1 75
Souchong, ₱ ℔	45c.@65c.	55c.@95c.	95c.@$1 70

Prices of Tobacco in New-York at the close of:

	1862.	1863.	1864.
Kentucky, ₱ ℔	13½c.@30c.	14c.@30c.	12½c.@40c.
Cuba, &c., ₱ ℔	35c.@45c.	72c.@77c.	55c.@$1 50

WHISKY—Sales since our last, 1,400 bbls., in lots, at $2 21@$2 23 ₱ gallon.

Prices of Whisky in New-York at the close of:

	1862.	1863.	1864.
Domestic, @ gall	38½c.@39c.	89c.@93c.	$2 21@$2 23

Prices of Domestic Wool in New-York at the close of:

	1862.	1863.	1864.
American Fleece, ₱ ℔	58c.@65c.	67c.@85c.	90c.@$1 12½
American Pulled, ₱ ℔	48c.@60c.	62½c.@77½c.	70c.@$1 02

FREIGHTS—Have been quiet again, to-day For Liverpool, the engagements have been confined to 50 tcs. Beef at 1s.; 150 bxs. Bacon at 10s.; 150 tons Logwood and Fustic at 8s.; also, by steamer, 250 bxs. Bacon at 15s., and 500 bxs. Cheese at 20s. For London, 1,000 bxs. Cheese at 22s. 6d.; 20 tons Wood at 12s. 6d. For Havre, 300 pkgs. Wine at 40 francs; 100 hhds. Tallow at 25 francs. For Marseilles, 1,250 bbls. Petroleum on private terms.

[Advertisement.]

Fragrant Sozodont hardens and invigorates the gums, purifies and perfumes the breath, cleanses, beautifies and preserves the teeth from youth to old age.

Sold by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

CONSUMPTION! CONSUMPTION!—INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS.—There is not a medicine discovered that has so much power to dissolve the thick mucus that stops up the wind passages of the lungs, as the Pine Tree Tar Cordial, which subdues the fever and inflammation that destroy the power and vitality of the lungs, and consign the patient to the grave. We say to all whose lungs are affected, use Dr. WISHART'S Pine Tree Tar Cordial with great confidence, as it has restored thousands of cases to health that were hopelessly given up to die.

Dr. L. Q. C. WISHART'S office, No. 10 North Second-street, Philadelphia. Sold at HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE, next Metropolitan Hotel, and by druggists everywhere.

[Advertisement.]

GOLD PENS.

The neatest goods for Holiday Presents—FOLEY'S celebrated Gold Pens and Pencils.

Sold by all the leading stationers at the manufacturer's prices.

Store and factory, No. 169 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

BASHFULNESS, DIFFIDENCE, SENSITIVENESS.—Causes and Cure. Why are you timid and embarrassed? How to overcome it. See PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for Jan. Sent by first post for 20 cents, by FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement]

ANNOUNCEMENT.—All who would secure their instruction for the term commencing January 3, at the reduced prices, are notified that this day, SATURDAY, is their last opportunity. OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH, Penmanship and Book-keeper, No. 756 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

WHERE TO SELECT HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Those gentlemen who desire to give their lady friends great gratification by presenting them with elegant and useful articles, cannot do better than visit the celebrated establishment of Knox, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st. This gentleman is well known for the tasteful hats he introduces every season, and his store is really a curiosity in its way, by the vast number and variety style of head covering with which it is stocked: and inasmuch as New Year's is close at hand, and men and boys will be anxious to look well, we recommend this establishment as the very place where this may be satisfactorily accomplished. But there are other articles here, equally worthy the attention of gentlemen who, as we have remarked, desire to make their lady friends happy, and promote their personal comfort, by presenting them with, for instance, a set of furs. Every variety will be found at this establishment, and of the most beautiful description. The prices of course vary according to the quality and kind, but they are offered at remarkably reasonable rates as compared with other establishments. The collection of sleigh robes—the Polar bear and other kinds—is quite large; and there are some nice, comfortable ladies' fur hoods, which are about as neat and pretty as can possibly be made. Knox is one of our most enterprising dealers, and is deservedly largely patronized.

[Advertisement.]

MARVIN'S SAFES.— NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1864.

Messrs. Marvin & Co.:

GENTLEMEN: Our store, with our entire stock of goods, was wholly destroyed in the fire of Friday night last: and all we saved was our books and papers in one of your safes, which you may be sure is especially gratifying to us. Even the loose bank-bills and papers were all of them well preserved.

Our safe was in the third story, and fell to the sub-cellar; and to be candid with you we had some fears of the result, but they proved entirely groundless. We shall want another as soon as we have a place to put it.

Yours truly, SAM'L GLENN & BRO.,
Late of No. 55 Beekman-st.

MARVIN'S PATENT ALUM AND DRY PLASTER SAFES are warranted never to mold their contents or corrode the iron.
MARVIN & CO.,
No. 265 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

HOLIDAY GIFT.
WILLCOX & GIBBS' SEWING MACHINE.

It is entirely noiseless.

A patented device prevents its being turned backward.

The needle cannot be set wrong.

The Hemmer, Feller and Braider are acknowledged to be superior to all others.

It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute in 1863.

It also received the first premium for "THE BEST SEWING MACHINE" at the great "NEW-ENGLAND FAIR," the "Vermont State Fair," the "Pennsylvania State Fair," and the "Indiana State Fair," 1864.

Office, No. 508 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

DANVILLE, Penn., June 2, 1862.

DR. WM. H. GREGG—*Dear Sir*: In February, 1861, I was afflicted with sugar diabetes, and for five months I passed more than two gallons of water in twenty-four hours. I was obliged to get up as often as ten or twelve times during the night, and in five months I lost about fifty pounds in weight. During the month of July, 1861, I procured two bottles of Constitution Water, and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured, soon after regaining my usual good health.—Yours truly.
J. V. L. DEWITT.

Sold wholesale by MORGAN & ALLEN, No. 46 Cliff-st., and all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

A BAD BREATH THE GREATEST CURSE THE HUMAN FAMILY IS HEIR TO.—How many lovers it has separated—how many friends forever parted! The subject is so delicate your nearest friend will not mention it, and you are ignorant of the fact yourself. To effect a radical cure use the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentrifice, night and morning. It also beautifies the complexion, removing all tan, pimples and freckles, leaving the skin soft and white. For sale by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

Three houses in Stamford, Conn., saved from being robbed in one night, a fourth was not thus protected and the owner suffered a severe loss.
E. HOLMES, No. 252 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Slippers in great variety of colors, very desirable for presents, at
S. CANTRELL'S, No. 813 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR cures burns, scalds, and inflammations almost instantly. 25 cents a box. For sale at Depot, No. 43 Liberty-st.

[Advertisement.]

The most merry and happy people, during the holidays, are those who use KENT'S East India Coffee. Sold by all grocers, at 28 cents per lb. Ask for KENT'S. General Depot, No. 154 Reade-st.

Passengers Arrived.

DEC. 30—*In steamship Lafayette, from Havre*—Mr. Maneline-Vale, W. Brooks, Mr. Alpe, Lemore, child and nurse, Mrs. Weeks and child, Mr. Bamainville, Mr. Rieux, Mârius Vreas, Bernado Tuneo, Miss Mary Hart, Miss Margaret Hart, Mr. T. B. Allovon, Mrs. Allovon and 2 children, Mr. Nathan Mendel, A. Ramel, T. Hughes, Mr. Reverend, Mr. T. A. Almand, H. T. Bougon, Mr. Walle, Mrs. Walle, Mr. Manuel Maifena, E. Goulard, Mr. Peron, Mr. Cousin, Mrs. Cousin and 2 children, W. Bumont, Stanielas Noel, Fréd. Noel, Aaron Haas, T. M. Palano, Abdon Pales, Mrs. Gommerie, Mr. Bavid, Mrs. Tartor, Mr. Gross, Mr. Alex. Mulat, Mr. Borville, Francis Lieux, Baptiste Cosaille, Mr. Roulier, Mr. Munier, Mrs. Munier, Miss Marie Bnuner, Mr. Culverhouse, Mr. Gabriel Ussel, Isaac Faure, Pierre Lassesque, Camille Seux, T. B. Courbon, Alex. Machout, Michel Rotty, Eng Proussel, Jos. Valery, Hy. Vincent.

DEC. 30—*In steamship City of Manchester, from Liverpool*—H. S. Smith, J. Baird, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Spreehan, Mr. Rogers, J. P. Kent, R. Treit, A. Von Cleff, Mr. Etwell, Mr. Meyerstein, H. Holloway, M. Gafney, Jas. Donohue, Jos. Jacker, Jr., J. W. Parbox, E. Gurney, D. Williams, J. Grant, T. McCunn, J. D. Little, Rev. R. F. George, Mrs. McCann, Mrs. Hodgson and 3 children, Susan Rickey, Mrs. Holloway, Mrs. Thompson and child, Mrs. A. Baird, Mrs. Locke and 3 daughters, Miss Gafney, Miss Walsh, Miss Curtis, Miss Stevens, J. W. Marshall, lady, 4 children and nurse, J. L. Levy, wife, infant and nurse, Mr. Haines, lady and child, C. de Croix, Robert Thompson, P. C. Walten, and 259 in steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 7 25 | Sun sets...... 4 42 | Moon sets.. 8 22
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook. 9 49 | Gov. Island...10 38 | Hell Gate..12 00

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, Dec. 30.

Cleared.

Steamer Saxon, Lavender, Norfolk, Whitney & Hathaway.

Barks Nellie, (Br.,) Fenwick, Boyd, Baltimore, Pendergast Bros. & Co.; Antelope, Doule, St. Croix, Roche, Bros. & Coffey; Stella, (Br.,) Trefry, Havana, W. W. Russell, Bro. & Co.

Brigs Nellie Antrim, Wallace, Neuvitas, Peck & Church; Coronella, (Br.,) Card, Turks Island, D. R. De Wolf; Merlin, (Br.,) Brandt, Havana, F. F. Phillips; Maria, (Br.,) King, Para, Burdett & Everett.

Schooners John Lancaster, Williams, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; Frank, (Br.,) Fitzinger, Halifax, H. J. & C. A. De Wolf; B. D. Pitts, Jones, Baltimore, M. Bedell; S. G. Adams, Baker, Baltimore, Baker & Dayton; J. A. Crawford, Buckley, Newbern; Highland Chief, Freeman, York River, Crowell & Paine; La Creole, (Dutch,) Spalckhaver, Curacoa, Dovale & Co.

Arrived.

Steamship City of Manchester, (Br.,) Halcrow, Liverpool Dec. 14, and Queenstown 15th, with mdse. and 322 passengers to John G. Dale. Had strong gales the entire passage. Dec. 15, off Cable Island, passed steamship Ætna, bound E. 20th, lat. 50, lon. 36 42, passed a bark-rigged steamer, bound E.

Steamship Lafayette, (Fr.,) Bocaude, Havre Dec. 14, with mdse. and passengers to Geo. Mackenzie. Has had heavy westerly gales the entire passage.

U. S. steam transport Empire City, Barton, Fortress Monroe 37 hours, in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. steam transport Arago, Gadsden, Port Royal Dec. 26, at 2½ P. M., and Fortress Monroe 28th, at 2 P. M., with passengers to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. Dec. 27, at noon, lat. 33 44, lon. 77 08, passed steamship Fulton, with a schr. in tow, bound S. W.; at 2:30 P. M. same day, passed steamer California, bound S. W.

U. S. steam transport Cassandra, Holloway, Port Royal, S. C., Dec. 27, at 2 P. M., with mails and passengers to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamship George Washington, Gager, New-Orleans Dec. 24, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co. Sld. in co. with steamship Evening Star, for New-York, via Havana. Has had heavy westerly weather the entire passage. Saw going in over the bar barks Iddo Kimball and Fanny Ealer. Passed, 10 miles W. of Sandy Key light, steamship Cahawba, bound in.

Steamship Santa Martha, (Br.,) Bliffens, Cartnagena Dec. 14, via Kingston, Jam., with mdse. and passengers to Ribon & Munoz.

Steamer John Gibson, Bowen, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Wm. J. Taylor & Co.

Ship Panama, Hansen, Matamoras 14 ds., with cotton to Hennings & Gosling.

Bark G. Palmer, (of St. John, N. B.,) Lowerson, Havana 15 ds., with sugar to P. I. Nevius & Son. Dec. 20, lat. 28 30, lon. 79 55, picked up a bale of cotton.

Bark Agra, (of Windsor, N. S.,) Shaw, Glasgow Nov. 5, with coal to D. R. De Wolf. Had very heavy weather the first part of the passage. Nov. 14, while lying to in a heavy gale, shipped a sea, which stove boats, forecastle doors, bulwarks, also carried away figure-head, split sails, etc.

Bark Arena, (of Kennebunk,) Williams, Mobile Bay Dec. 1, in ballast to master. Has been 10 ds. N. of Hatteras with strong N. and N. W. winds, with thick weather. Dec. 28, off Barnegat, spoke U. S. steamer Ino, from Boston for Port Royal, 5 ds. out.

Bark Trovatore, (of Searsport,) Pendleton, Barbados Dec. 16, with molasses to Walsh & Carver.

Bark Lucy Frances, (of Bucksport,) Perry, Glace Bay 14 ds., with coal to R. P. Buck & Co.

Brig Nellie Johnson, (of St. Andrew's, N. B.,) Waycott, St. Thomas Dec. 8, and 14 ds. from East Harbor, with salt to James Douglass & Co. Dec. 24, at 4 P. M., lat. 33 40, lon. 73 36, fell in with schr. George M. Smith, Parsons, from Fortress Monroe for Beaufort, with sails blown away and in a sinking condition. Took off the Captain and crew, and brought them to this port.

Brig Ellen Dickie, (of Truro, N. S.,) McElhinney, Matamoras 30 ds., with cotton to H. J. & C. A. De Wolf. Sld. in co. with brig Retriever, of St. John, N. B., for Liverpool.

Brig Hermina, (Belg.,) Clements, Rio Janeiro Oct. 18, via St. Thomas Dec. 11, with coffee to the International Bank. Dec. 21, in a heavy gale from N. W., carried away jibboom and foretopgallantmast, causing the vessel to leak badly. Put into St. Thomas for orders.

Brig Grace Worthington, (of Belize, Hond.,) Lind, Minatitlan 21 ds., with mahogany to F. Alexandre & Son. Dec. 19, lat. 26, lon. 87 35, exchanged signals with an Am. 3-masted schr., bound N. Dec. 23, saw a brig ashore 4 miles S. of Cape Florida. Left an Am. bark and schr., names not recollected.

Brig Anna Sophia, (of Turks Island,) Davidson, St. Domingo City Nov. 26, and Grand Turk, T. I., 18 ds., with hides, honey, etc., to John H. Lewis. Left no vessels at either ports.

Brig Los Amigos, (of Belize, Hond.,) Lind, Para 23 ds., with rice and rubber to L. E. Amsinck & Co. Had heavy weather.

Brig Onda, (of St. Andrews, N. B.,) Morgan, Para 29 ds., with rice, etc., to H. K. Corning, Son & Co.

Brig Solferino, (of Bermuda,) Higgins, Para Dec. 1, with mdse. to Burdett & Everett.

Brig Teresita, (of Demerara,) Hill, Cienfuegos 25 ds., with sugar to Tucker & Lightbourne.

Brig America, (of Pictou,) McKenzie, Matanzas 9 ds., with molado to master.

Brig H. H. McGilvery, (of Searsport,) Gilkey, Sagua 13 ds., with sugar and molasses to Walsh & Carver.

Brig W. W. Lord, (of Charlottetown,) McRay, Charlottetown 20 ds., with oats to John Maxwell.

Brig Hiram, (Swed.,) Fossbarg, Rio Janeiro 51 ds., with coffee to James Patrick & Co.

Schr. Matilda, (Br.,) West, Carthagenr 21 ds., with rubber, etc., to M. J. De Pumarejo.

Schr. Fred. Warren, Coombs, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. L. B. Ives, Robinson, Portland, for Fortress Monroe.

Schr. E. G. Sawyer, Drisko, Calais 5 ds., with lumber to master.

Schr. E. H. Atwood, Rich, Boston, in ballast.

Schr. Maria, (of Shelburne, N. S.,) Crowell, Jacmel 25 ds., with logwood to Brett, Son & Co.

WIND—Sunset, S. W.

Sailed.

Steamer Nevada.
Ship Neptune, Brig Time.
Schooners M. Rogers, Maggie Louisa, Geo. Bell.

Miscellaneous.

The schr. Ocean Wave, Capt. Flewelling, from New-York for St. John, N. B., sprung a leak, filled with water, and was abandoned on the 24th inst., near Mount Desert. Crew taken off by the Digby Packet, and landed at St. John, N. B., 29th inst.

The steamer Commodore, recently ashore at Newtown Creek, has been got off and towed to the city.

LEWES, Del., Dec. 30.—The bark Irma, from Matanzas, is here awaiting orders. The brig Ellen P. Stewart, from the coast of Texas for Philadelphia, and a bark, name not ascertained, (probably the Mary E. Libby,) are at the Breakwater this afternoon.

Spoken, &c.

Charles Edwin—bark, strg. S., was seen, Dec. 24, lat. 33 58, lon. 71.

Hermina—brig, of Anvers, from St. Thomas for New-York, 8 ds. out, Dec. 18, lat. 30 10, lon. 70 50.

Wm. H. Wall—bark, hence, bound S., was seen, Dec. 17, lat. 29 15, lon. 73 22.

Foreign Ports.

At Sagua, Dec. 17, schr. William, from New-York, just arr.; brig Martha Washington, for do., ldg.; bark Abd-el-Kader, do. do.; brigs Calmuch, do. do.; Jeremiah Ford, do. do.

At Cienfuegos, Dec. 5, bark E. C. Knight, for New-York in 3 days.

At Jacmel, Dec. 5, brig Janet Kidston, for New-York in 5 days.

DEMULCENT SOAP.

For Chapped and Tender Hands, for Toilet and Bath use. Manufactured only by
J. C. HULL'S SON,
32 PARK ROW, N. Y.
Upwards of 100 styles of Toilet & Staple Soaps.
For sale by all Dealers.

WARD'S PATENT
FRENCH PRINTED
PAPER COLLARS
387 B'WAY, N.Y. & ALL
GENTS FURNISHING STORES.

DR. UNDERHILL'S
PURE CROTON POINT
WINE DEPOT
7 CLINTON HALL COR. 8TH ST

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

IN
THE MOST CENTRAL PART
OF
THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
THE
Large Lecture-room of Clinton Hall, under the Mercantile Library, Astor-place, near Broadway, to let by the day or evening for Concerts, Lectures, &c., on very moderate terms. Apply to the Librarian, in the Mercantile Library.

$200 REWARD.—LEFT, IN A SMALL 6TH-av.-car, last evening, between 7 and 8 o'clock, a PACKAGE, containing three account books, sales, journal and ledger. Also, a small velvet CASE, with a set of diamond jewelry, consisting of bracelet, brooch and ear-rings. The above reward will be paid to any one returning the property to S. T. MEYER, No. 48 West 39th-st., or No. 401 Broadway.

TAKE NOTICE.—SIMPLE, FAITHFUL, EARNEST, eloquent preaching of the Gospel, in the large lecture-room of Clinton Hall, under the Mercantile Library, Astor-place, near Broadway, on SUNDAY NIGHT, at 7½ o'clock.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS CLERK IN A real estate office; one accustomed to the business preferred. Apply at No. 112 Avenue C, this day before 10 A. M.

DIED YESTERDAY, OR MERIT AND SUCCESS.

STARTLING DISCLOSURES.

Every day is written this title sentence: "Died yesterday." Every day a flower is plucked from some sunny home—a breach is made in some happy circle—a jewel is taken from some treasury of love by the ruthless hand of the angel of death. Each day from the Summer fields of life some harvester disappears. Yes, every moment some cherished sentinel drops from the rugged ramparts of time into the surging waves of eternity. Even as we write, the church-bell tolls the doleful funeral knell of one who "died yesterday"—its solemn tones chill the blood in our veins, and make the heart sad indeed.

"Died yesterday." Who died? Perhaps it was a gentle, innocent babe, sinless as an angel, pure as the zephyr's gentle music, and whose laugh was as gushing as the Summer rills loitering in a rose bower—whose life was but a perpetual litany—a May-time crowned with blooming, delicate flowers which never fade. Or, mayhap, it was a youth, hopeful and promising—possessing the fire and animation of perennial life—whose path was strewn with sweet flowers of rarest beauty and verdure, with no serpent lurking beneath—one whose soul panted for communion with the great and good—but that heart is still now; he "died yesterday."

READ! READ!! READ!!!

We hereby notify the public that Prof. R. LEONIDAS HAMILTON, M. D., the most celebrated Liver, Lung and Blood Physician of this or any age has, after an experience and success unparalleled in the History of Medicine for over a quarter of a century, demonstrated the fact that the Liver is the main purifier or strainer through which the blood and fluids of the body are cleansed from all poisonous qualities; and that obstructions and derangements in the natural action of this vital organ is the first and primary cause of all abnormal conditions of the system of a general nature.

If you wish to know whether you have a deranged liver and digestive organs, see the following questions:

Have you a sallow or yellow skin?
Have you brown spots on the face, or any part of the body?
Have you a headache?
Are you dull, heavy or sleepy?
Have you a bitter or bad taste in the mouth?
Have you cold chills or hot flashes?
Have you irritation or dryness of the throat?
Have you palpitation of the heart?
Have you a dry, teasing cough?
Is your appetite unsteady?
Is your stomach sour?
Do you raise or spit up your food?
Have you any choking spells?
Are you troubled with sickness and vomiting?
Do you feel bloated about the stomach?
Have you pain or tenderness about the stomach?
Have you pain in the sides, back or shoulders?
Have you a tired or sore feeling on rising in the morning?
Do you have colic pains?
Have you constipation of the bowels?
Have you attacks of diarrhœa?
Have you wind in the stomach and bowels?
Have you Piles or Fistula?
Do you have nervous and all-gone feelings?
Have you scanty or dark-colored urine?
Have you cold feet and hands?
Have you a rush of blood to the head?
Have you a numbness of the limbs?
Have you dizziness of the head?
Have you uneasiness in lying on the sides?
Have you fainting or epileptic fits?
Have you female weakness?
Have you monthly irregularities?
Have you great lowness of spirits?
Have you gloomy forebodings?
Are you peevish and easily irritated?
Do you feel unsociable at times?
Has your entire manner and character changed?

Dear reader, if you have any or all the above-mentioned symptoms, Prof. Hamilton has remedies that will strike at the root of them as by magic. There is no such word as fail in his treatment. By them the Liver and Stomach are speedily changed to an active, healthy state, the appetite regulated and restored, blood and secretions thoroughly purified and enriched, and the whole system renovated and built up anew.

After having successfully treated over ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND CASES OF LIVER, LUNG, AND BLOOD DISEASES throughout the United States and British North America, the people can have no excuse for doubting our skill and ability to cope with all diseases to which the human family are subject. THE NAME AND FAME OF PROF. R. LEONIDAS HAMILTON, M. D., HAS BECOME A HOUSEHOLD WORD THROUGHOUT THIS CONTINENT, and the mere mention of his name is a sufficient guarantee that the public may place full confidence in its worth and reliability. By the new system of treatment adopted by Prof. HAMILTON, all chronic diseases are FULLY AND PERMANENTLY CURED with more speed and certainty than any other known method. In a majority of cases, CURES ARE MADE IN ONE QUARTER THE TIME usually required by other systems; and also there is another advantage to be gained, which is of great benefit to the laboring classes, and that is, we use NO MINERAL OR POISON REMEDIES. Consequently, patients are in no danger of exposure, and need not be kept from work, or compelled to change diet or general habits of every-day life.

THE REMARKABLE TESTIMONY OF A VERY ESTIMABLE LADY.

LUMBERVILLE, Del. Co., N. Y., Nov. 9.

For the benefit of those who will be prevailed upon to be cured, I will state, as far as practicable, my case, and the remedies used. I never enjoyed robust health, and last Spring I became nearly helpless, my strength and appetite failing me altogether, so that it was with great difficulty that I could move about the house at all, and some days unable to leave my bed. I cannot here enumerate my various symptoms, which were painful and alarming. Some of the least were pains in the head and side; faintness and dizziness; distressing hemorrage and eruptions, as humors, chiefly on my hands and face.

After suffering in this way about three months seeking rest and relief, and finding none, my friends persuaded me to apply to Prof. Hamilton; I did so; he answered promptly, pronouncing my disease that of the blood and liver, and promised to cure me if I would follow his directions, which I gladly did. In less than *one week* I began to mend; in three weeks I was able to work, and have labored and improved in health ever since, and think that I enjoy better health now than I have known before in ten years. I cannot close without entreating the afflicted to apply to Dr. Hamilton for relief; it will be of great import to some to know that you can use his medicines and attend to all the business that you have strength to do, and your strength will improve. This medicine will not sicken you, and reduce you, as most medicine does; it will renovate and strengthen, and restore to health and happiness. Most truly yours,
MRS. F. C. RERIDE.

MAKE A NOTE OF THIS

In conclusion, I will say to all who read this and feel that they are in any way diseased, pleas be so kind as to write me a simple, full statemen of your symptoms, and by return mail you w get a reply, with every information and advi necessary, free—only inclose stamps to pay po age. Do not delay, I beg of you, when a litt delay may place you beyond all hope of a cure. shall be plain and tell you the whole truth, what you may depend upon, and whether can or cannot be saved. Have no fear in vealing any secrets to me, for they are kept in my possession, free from the world.

I repeat, those who live at a distance, and not see me in person, write me; I can pres and send remedies by mail or express to any of the world. No danger in sending lette money in letters, for they always come and speedily to me. Please hand this to friends and acquaintances who may be thereby you may do much good, and save ble lives. Prevail on them to come and or write to me at once.

Further, I wish in this place to inform who may be inclined to doubt the truth thenticity of any of my testimonials, tha give $1,000 to any person that can pr of them false, having the original letters office, where any one can see them. I al over twenty thousand others, just as goo ought to satisfy the most skeptical that tions are based upon facts.

OFFICE AND CONSULTING ROOMS, No. 54 WAY, NEW-YORK, where I may be seen on the following d Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, Wedne Thursdays, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

All letters must be addressed to Prof. R. LEONIDAS HAMILTON, M No. 546 BROADWAY, NEW-Y care of Post-office, Box